

# Passive House at the Jobsite: Cost, Inspections, and the Designer-Builder Relationship

---

Presented by Ryan Sylvia, P.E.



*Disclaimer: This presentation was developed by a third party and is not funded by WoodWorks or the Softwood Lumber Board.*

“The Wood Products Council” is a Registered Provider with The American Institute of Architects Continuing Education Systems (AIA/CES), Provider #G516.

Credit(s) earned on completion of this course will be reported to AIA CES for AIA members. Certificates of Completion for both AIA members and non-AIA members are available upon request.

This course is registered with AIA CES for continuing professional education. As such, it does not include content that may be deemed or construed to be an approval or endorsement by the AIA of any material of construction or any method or manner of handling, using, distributing, or dealing in any material or product.

---

Questions related to specific materials, methods, and services will be addressed at the conclusion of this presentation.



# Course Description

---

The design principles associated with passive house construction are well documented. Core aspects such as continuous air barriers, heat recovery/fresh air ventilation, and minimizing thermal barriers are being used in multi-family passive house projects to achieve extreme operational energy efficiency. However, proper construction practices are key to achieving expected performance. Presented by a Northeast-based contractor with extensive passive house experience, this webinar will examine the cost and construction of wood-frame, multi-family projects in particular. Topics will include cost differences between traditional and passive house construction, communication aspects that are critical to success, testing and inspections, design details that translate to buildable projects, and lessons learned from the jobsite.

# Learning Objectives

---

1. Review the defining principals of passive house design and how it differs from traditional energy-efficiency design.
2. Highlight common construction tests and inspections that verify passive house-level performance.
3. Explore effective communication practices between design team and contractor that can minimize construction issues on passive house projects.
4. Discuss the role of the framer in achieving passive house designs, from pre-construction planning to cost efficiency to air tightness testing.

# Presentation Disclaimer

---

1. Details presented were developed by design professionals using specific design conditions which may or may not be appropriate to your project.
2. Management techniques presented may not be appropriate for all projects.
3. Timelines and cost information discussed are based on experience with a limited group of installers in specific project scenarios.



## Passive House Goals

**Thermal Comfort**  
**Low Energy Consumption**  
**Indoor Air Quality**

## Passive House Principles

**Quality Insulation – Air-Tightness**  
**Eliminate Thermal Bridges**  
**Reduce Energy & Water Usage**  
**Compartmentalization of Living Units**  
**Moisture Control & Regular Air Exchange**  
**Reasonable Construction & Cost**

- **Bayside Anchor**

- 4-Story Mixed Use w/ 45 Apartments (1-3 Bedrooms)
- Bayside Neighborhood, Portland, Maine
- MSHA Low-Income Housing
- Passive House Certified 2017

- **The Meadows**

- Two 3-Story Apartment Buildings w/ 48 Apartments (1-Bedroom)
- Hampton Falls, NH
- NHHFA Low-Income Senior Housing
- 2020 Completion, Passive House Certification Pending

- **West End Apartments**

- 5-Story Mixed Use w/ 63 Apartments (Studio-3 Bedrooms)
- South Portland, ME
- MSHA Low-Income Housing & Market Rate
- 2021 Completion, High Performance/Passive House-Inspired Design





# BAYSIDE ANCHOR

Rendering By Kaplan-Thompson Architects

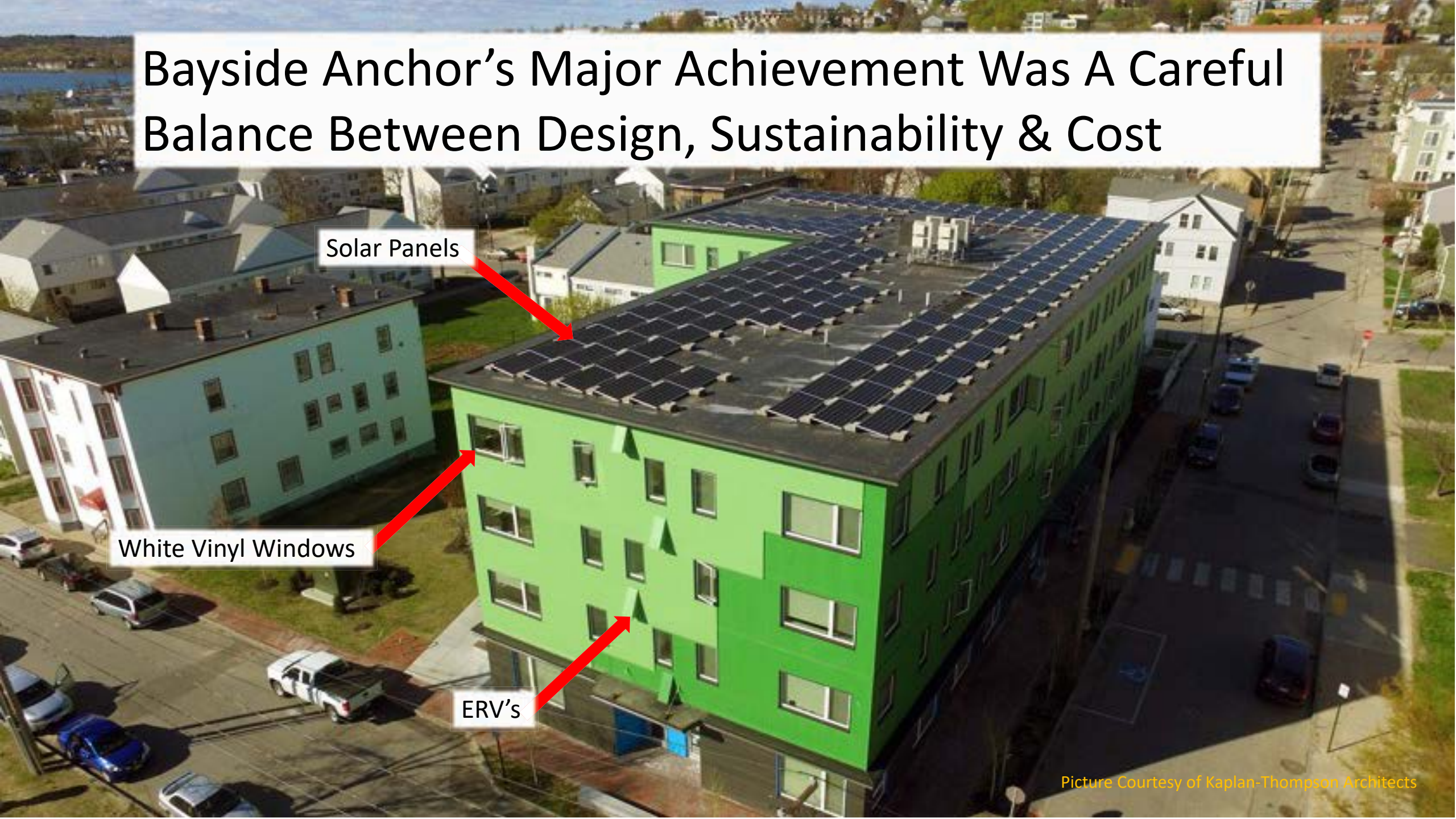




Picture Courtesy of Kaplan-Thompson Architects



# Bayside Anchor's Major Achievement Was A Careful Balance Between Design, Sustainability & Cost



Solar Panels

White Vinyl Windows

ERV's



Design Element Achieved  
With Cost Effective Siding  
& Colors



Picture Courtesy of Kaplan-Thompson Architects



# THE MEADOWS



Rendering By Lassel Architects







# WEST END APARTMENTS

- Energy Efficiency
- Thermal Comfort
- Indoor Air Quality
- Durable / Quality Finishes
- Attractive Aesthetic
- Be Part of Area Revitalization

Rendering By Kaplan-Thompson Architects



Picture Courtesy Of Kaplan-Thompson Architects

# Commons Project Themes

- Wood Framed
- Passive House Air-Tightness
- Above-Code Insulation
- Reduction of Thermal Bridging
- Energy Recovery Ventilation Systems
- All required Planning, Managing, & Testing to Passive House Standards
- Lessons Have Been Learned Along The Way

# Builder's Approach to a PH Project



Be Involved In The  
Design Process

Educate Those  
Doing The Work  
About the Project's  
Objectives

Provide  
Communication  
Aids &  
Documentation

Follow-up, Inspect,  
Trouble-Shoot



# Planning

- Researching & Comparing Options
- Modeling
- Detailing
- Cost Comparison
- Schedule Considerations

# Passive House & Wood Construction



Readily Available



Cost Effective



Familiar & Easy To Work With



Quickly Modified/Corrected



Constant Innovation in  
Wood Industry

Wood Treatments  
Composites  
Wood & Insulation Assemblies

# Designing & Planning With Wood

Wood vs. Metal Framing

Expansion & Contraction

Tools From Product Reps

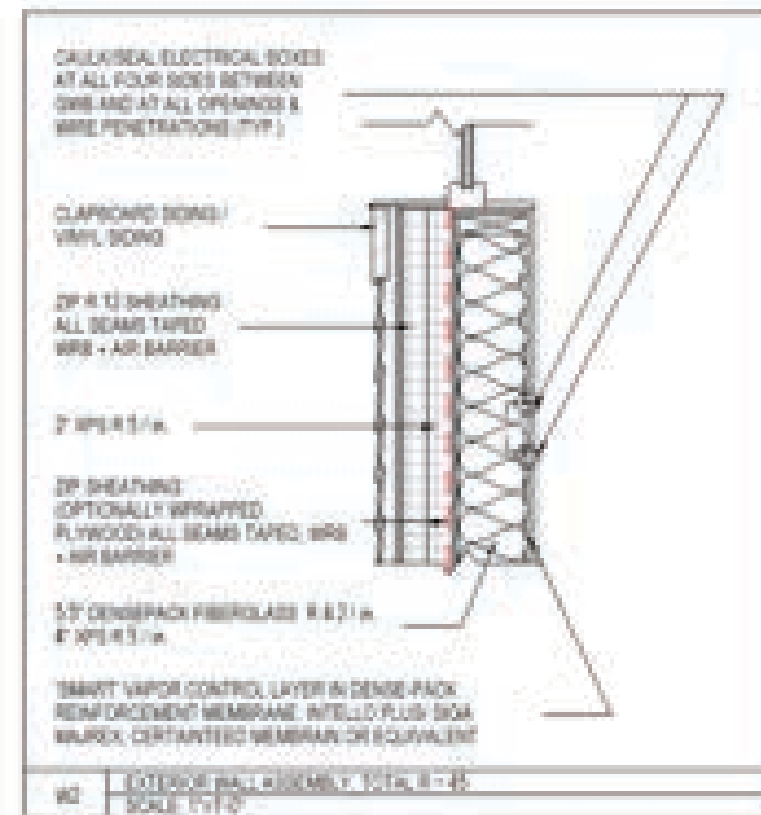
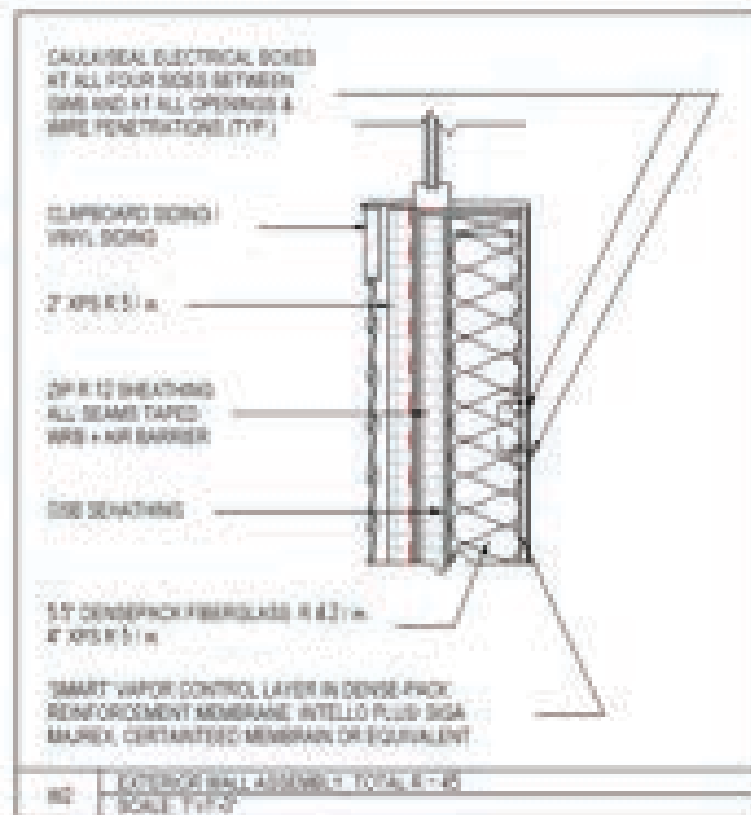
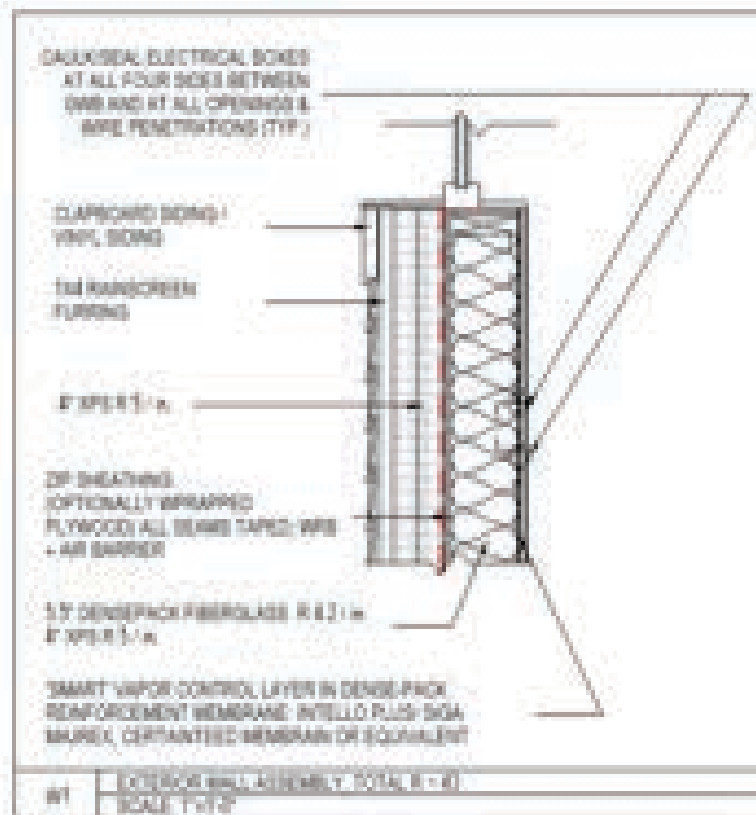
Manufacturer's Specs

Thermal Bridging

# Specifics for Panelized Construction

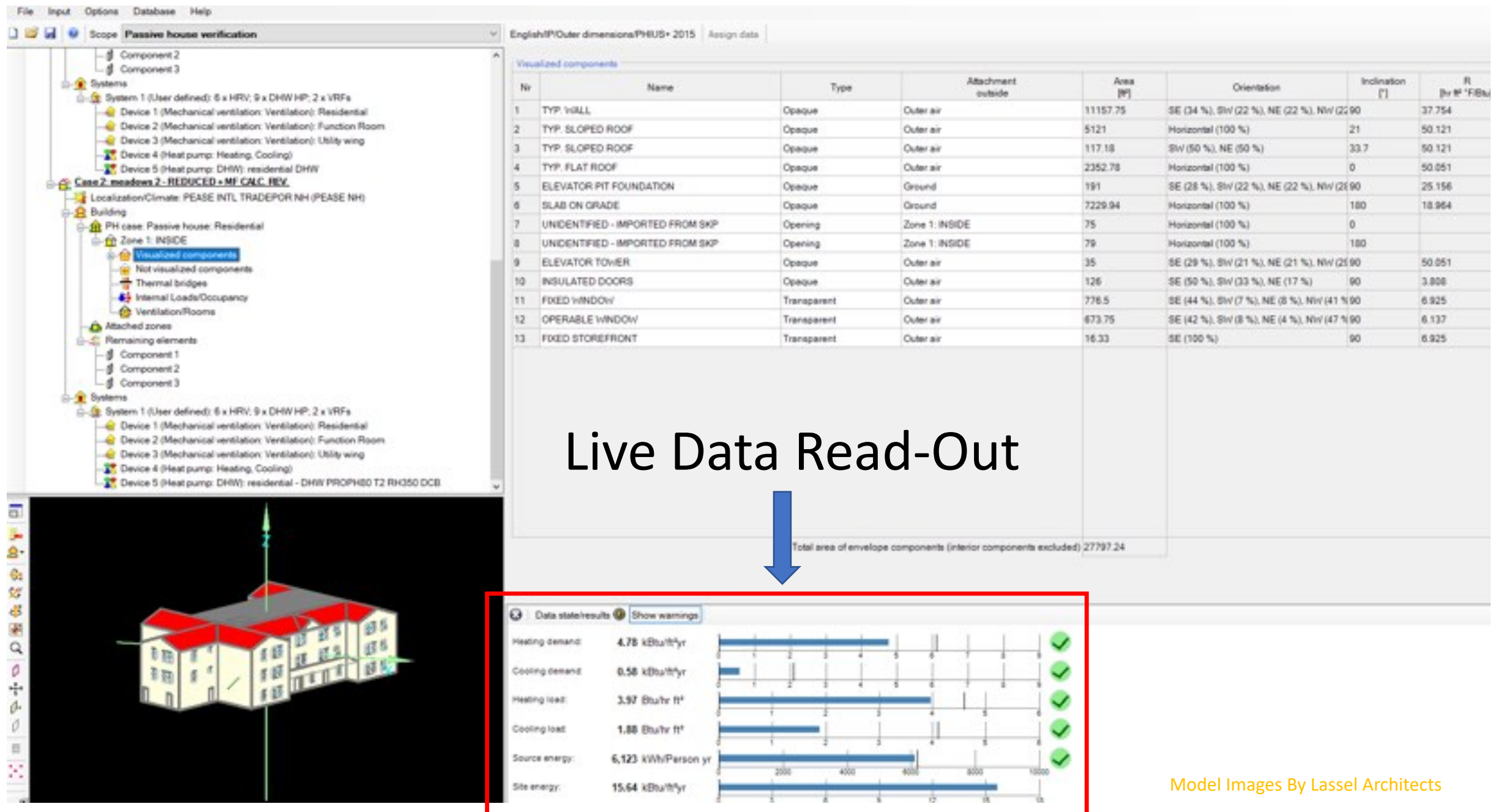
- Bigger Panels = Fewer Joints.
- Exterior Insulation: Field-Applied vs. Factory Installation
- Panel Finish: Field vs. Factory
- Window Installation: Field vs. Factory

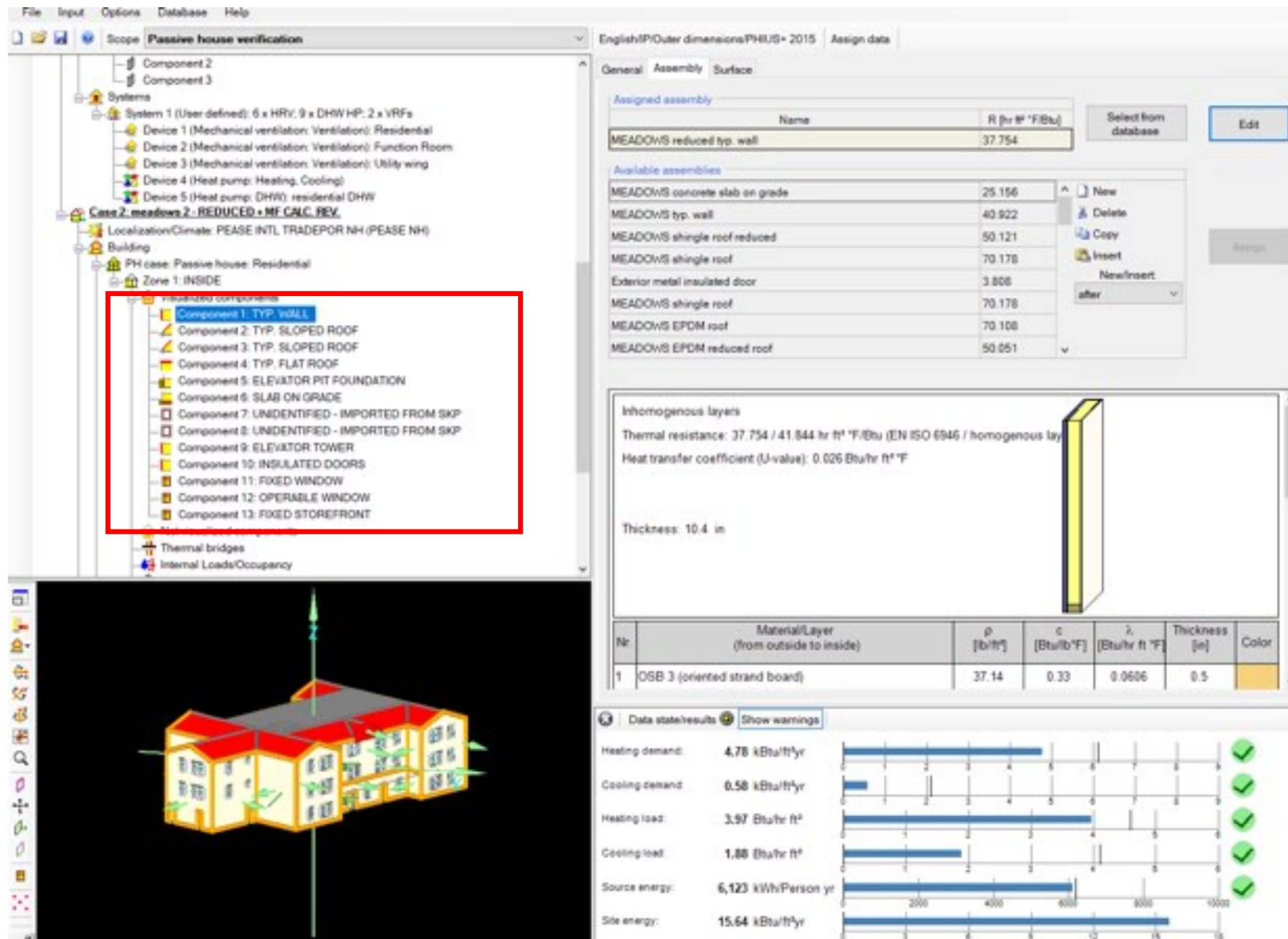




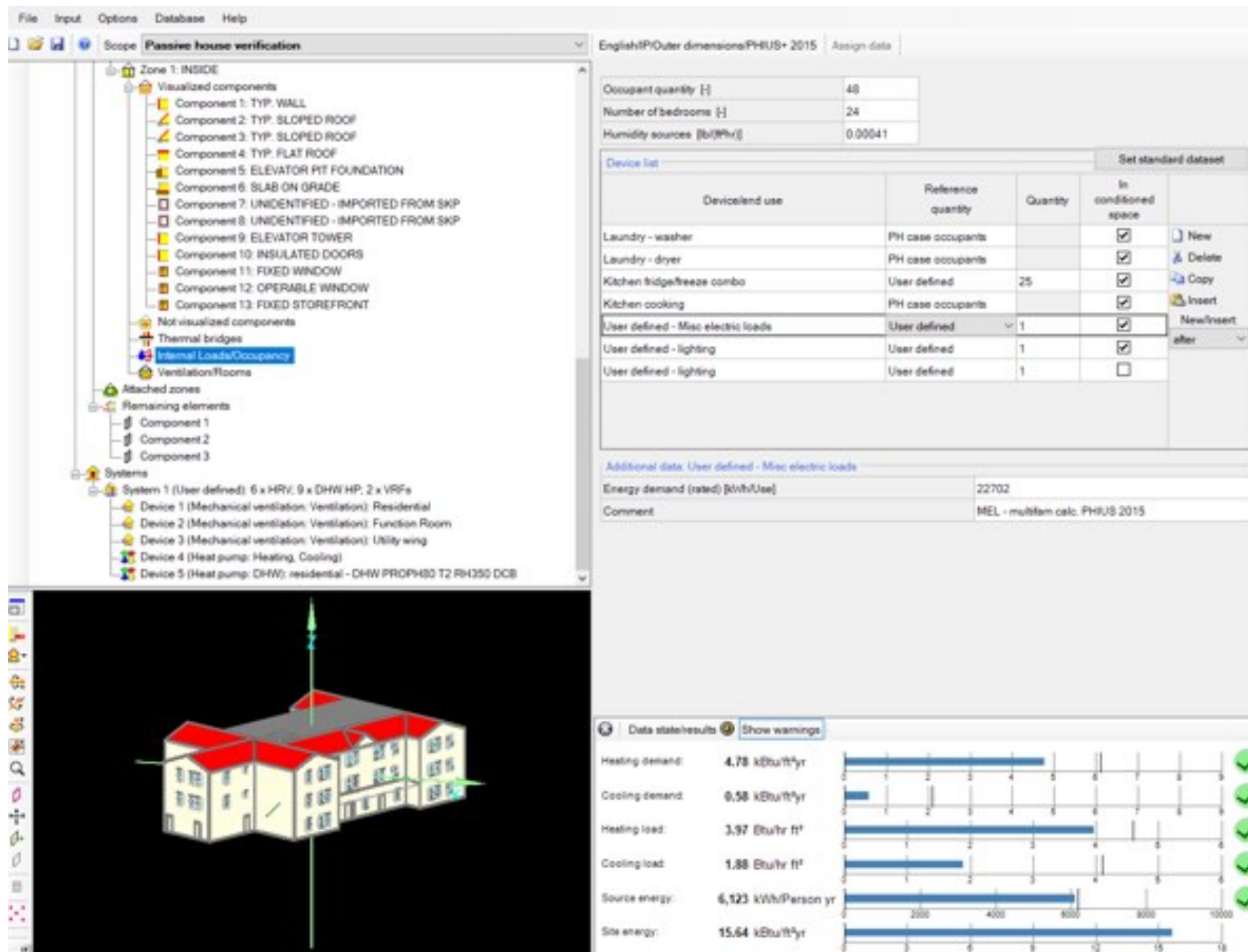
## Work Together On Tough Questions

- Do Really Good Suspenders Need Help From A Belt?
- Your Energy Model Can Help Cut Cost & Save Time!





# Individual Component Specifications



Occupant  
Energy Use



File Input Options Database Help

Scope: Passive house verification

English/Outer dimensions/PHUS+ 2015 Assign data Project/Cases/Case 2: meadows 2 - REDUCED + MF CALC. REV./Systems/System 1 (User defined): 6 x HRV, 9 x DHW HP, 2 x VRF's

General Distribution

Hydronic heating DHW Cooling Ventilation Supportive device / auxiliary energy

General Hot water piping

DHW distribution

Setting	In conditioned space	Outside conditioned space 1	Outside conditioned space 2
Design flow temperature [°F]	120		

Circulation pipes

Length of circulation pipes [m]	0		
Heat loss coefficient per ft pipe [Btu/hr ft °F]	0		
Temperature of the room the pipes pass through [°F]			
Daily running hours of the circulation [hr]	0		

Individual pipes

Calculation method	Simplified individual pipes		
Length of individual pipes [m]	1377.55		
Exterior pipe diameter [in]	0.625		

Zone 1: INSIDE

Visualized components

- Component 1: TYP. WALL
- Component 2: TYP. SLOPED ROOF
- Component 3: TYP. SLOPED ROOF
- Component 4: TYP. FLAT ROOF
- Component 5: ELEVATOR PIT FOUNDATION
- Component 6: SLAB ON GRADE
- Component 7: UNIDENTIFIED - IMPORTED FROM SKP
- Component 8: UNIDENTIFIED - IMPORTED FROM SKP
- Component 9: ELEVATOR TOWER
- Component 10: INSULATED DOORS
- Component 11: FIXED WINDOW
- Component 12: OPERABLE WINDOW
- Component 13: FIXED STOREFRONT

Not visualized components

- Thermal bridges
- Internal Loads/Occupancy
- Ventilation/Rooms

Attached zones


Remaining elements

- Component 1
- Component 2
- Component 3

Systems

- System 1 (User defined): 6 x HRV, 9 x DHW HP, 2 x VRF's
  - Device 1 (Mechanical ventilation: Ventilation): Residential
  - Device 2 (Mechanical ventilation: Ventilation): Function Room
  - Device 3 (Mechanical ventilation: Ventilation): Utility wing
  - Device 4 (Heat pump: Heating, Cooling)
  - Device 5 (Heat pump: DHW): residential - DHW PROPH80 T2 RH350 DC8

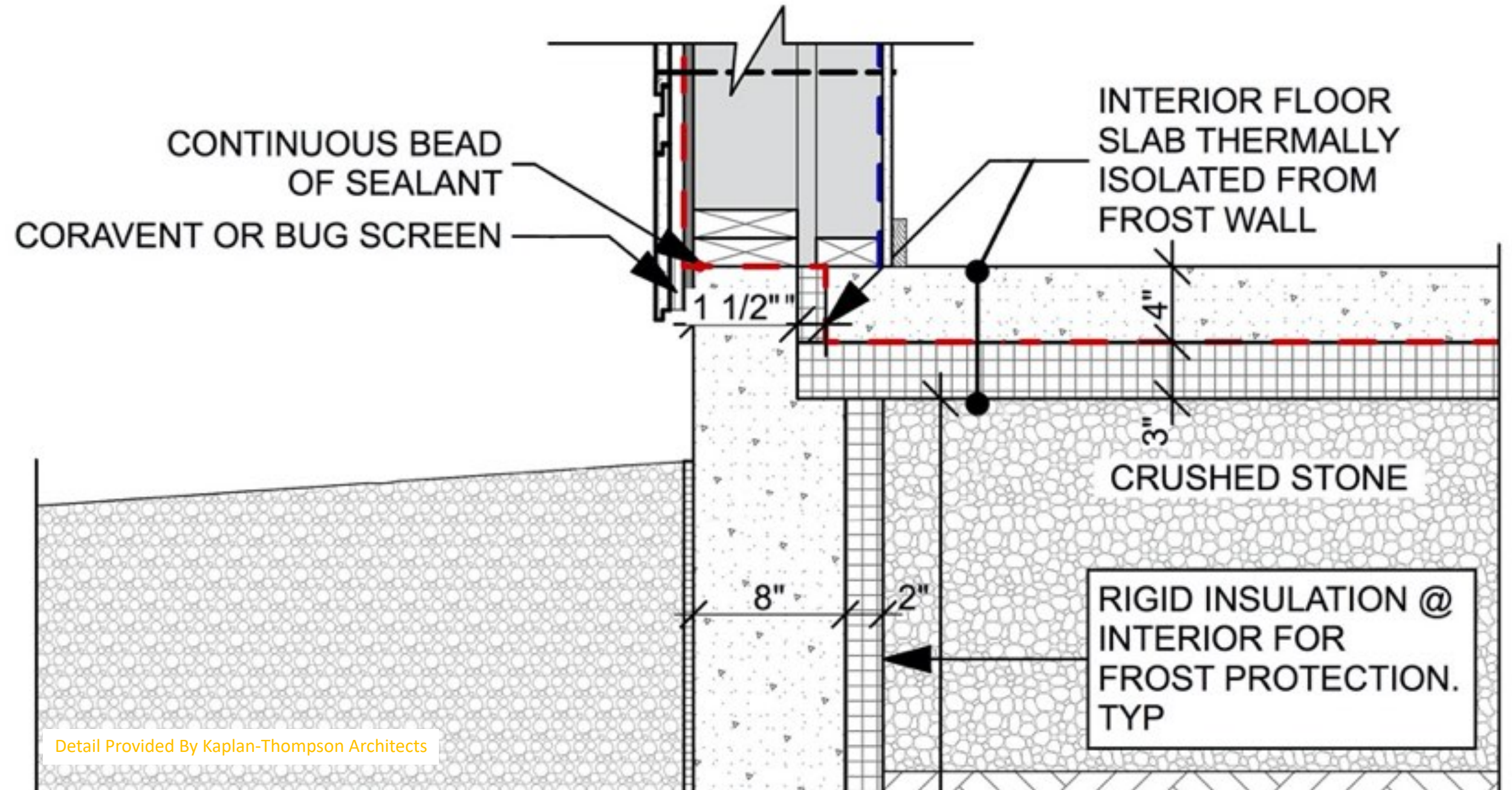
# Mechanical Systems



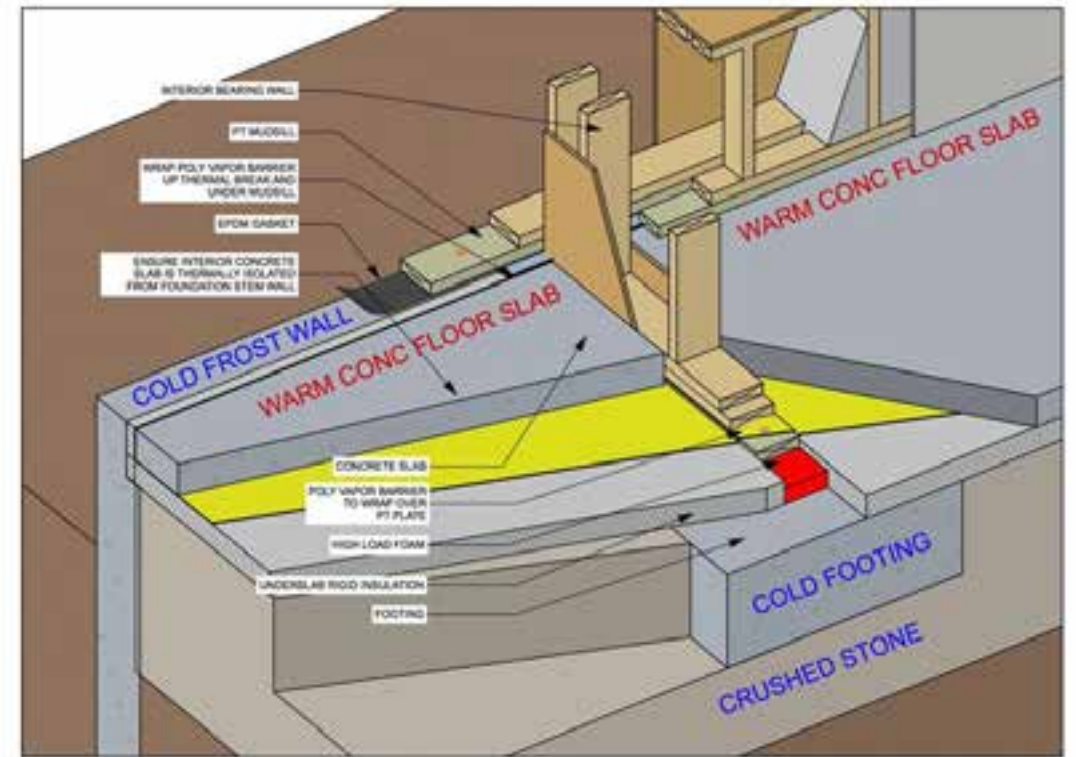
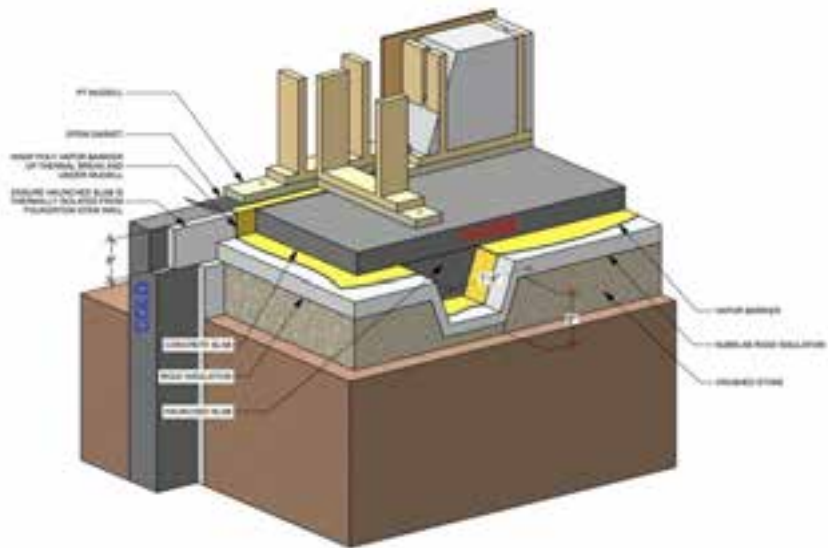
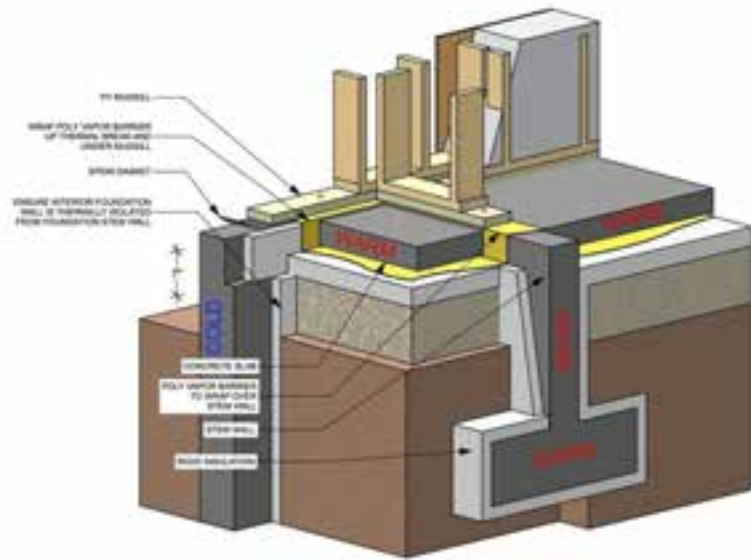
Data state/results Show warnings

Heating demand	4.78 kBtu/ft²yr		✓
Cooling demand	0.58 kBtu/ft²yr		✓
Heating load	3.97 Btu/hr ft²		✓
Cooling load	1.88 Btu/hr ft²		✓
Source energy	6,123 kWh/Person yr		✓
Site energy	15.64 kBtu/ft²yr		

Model Images By Lassel Architects

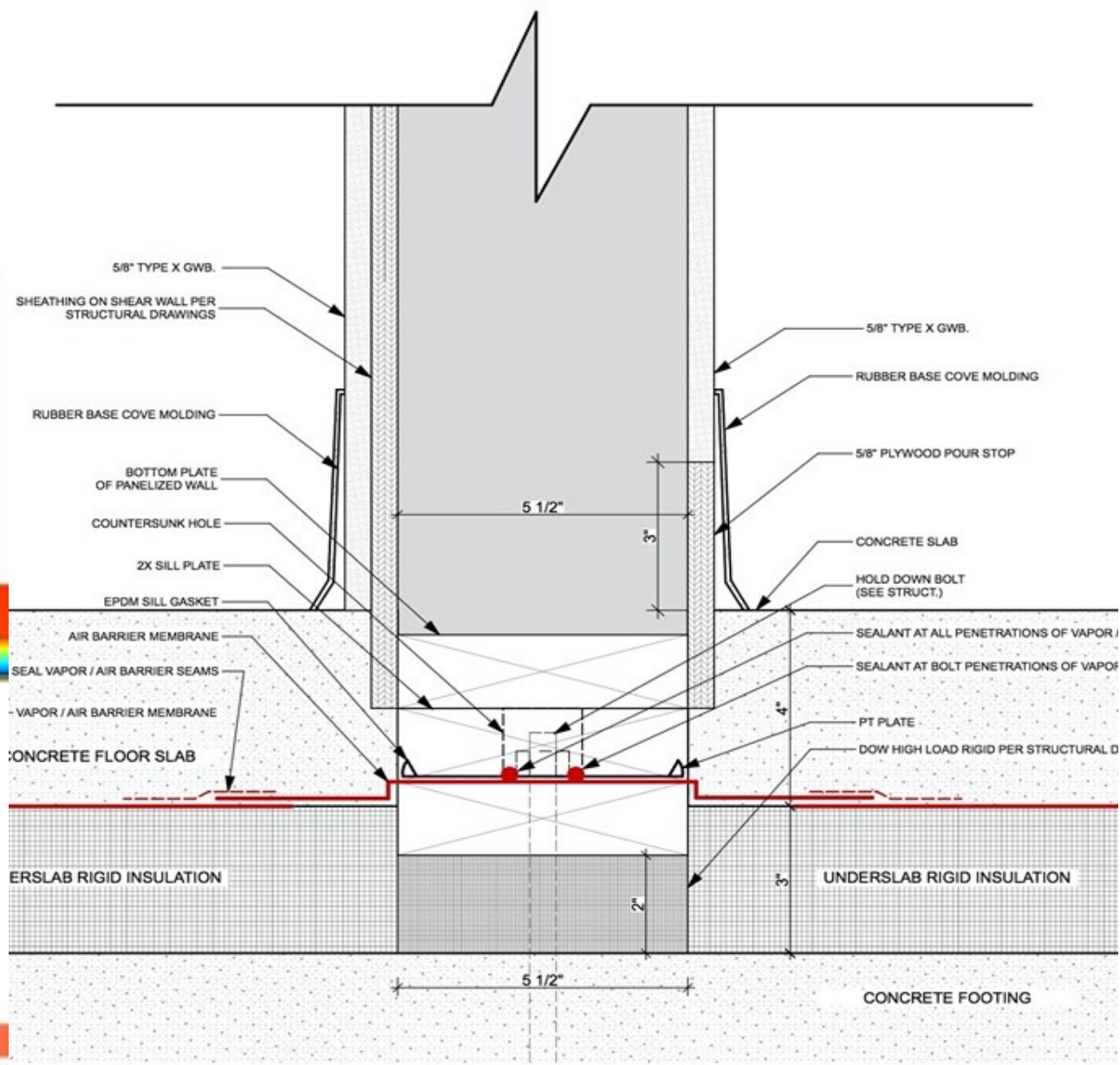
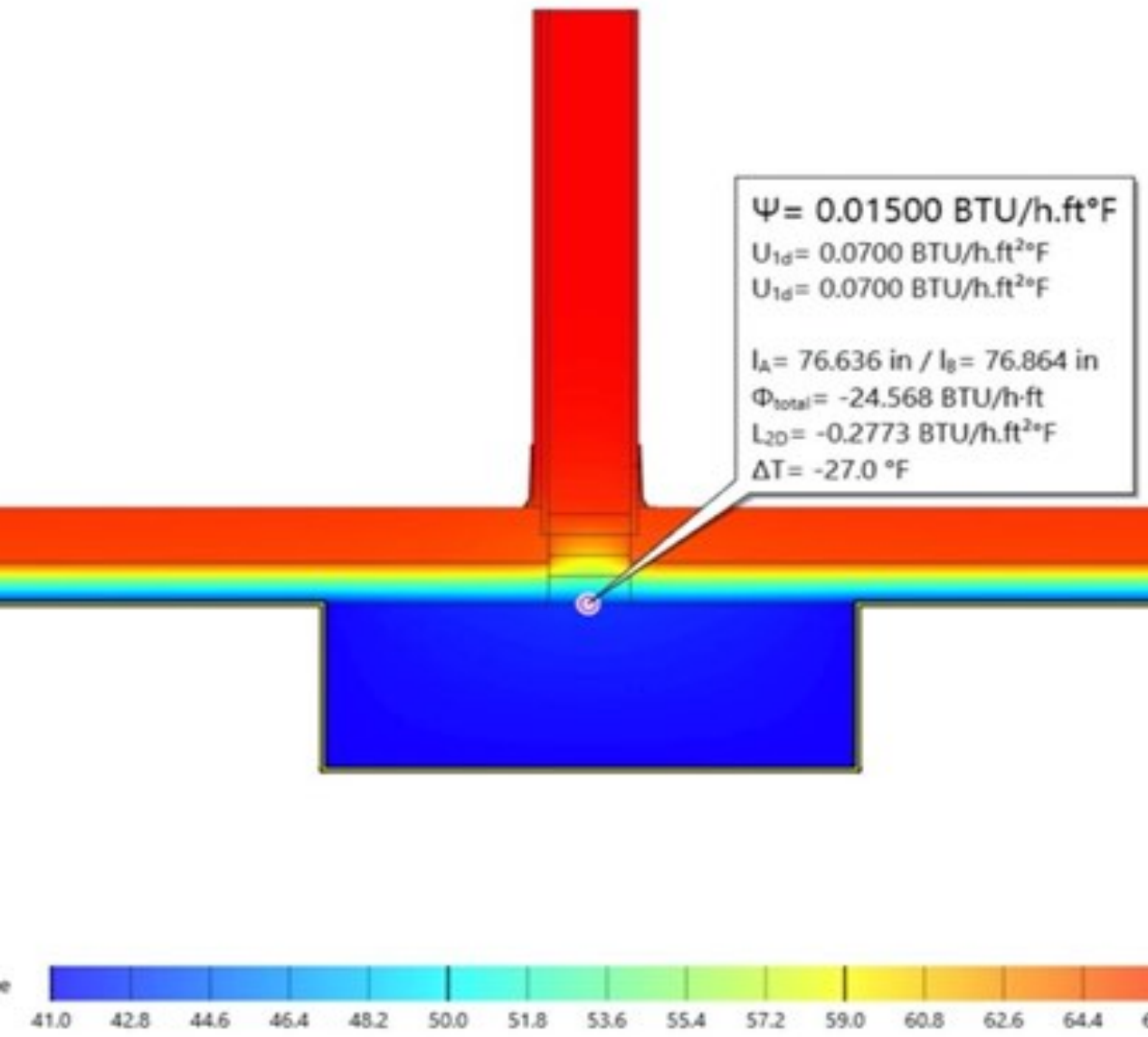






3 FOUNDATION DETAIL - 3D  
SCALE 1" = 1'-0"





**INTERIOR FOUNDATION DETAIL**

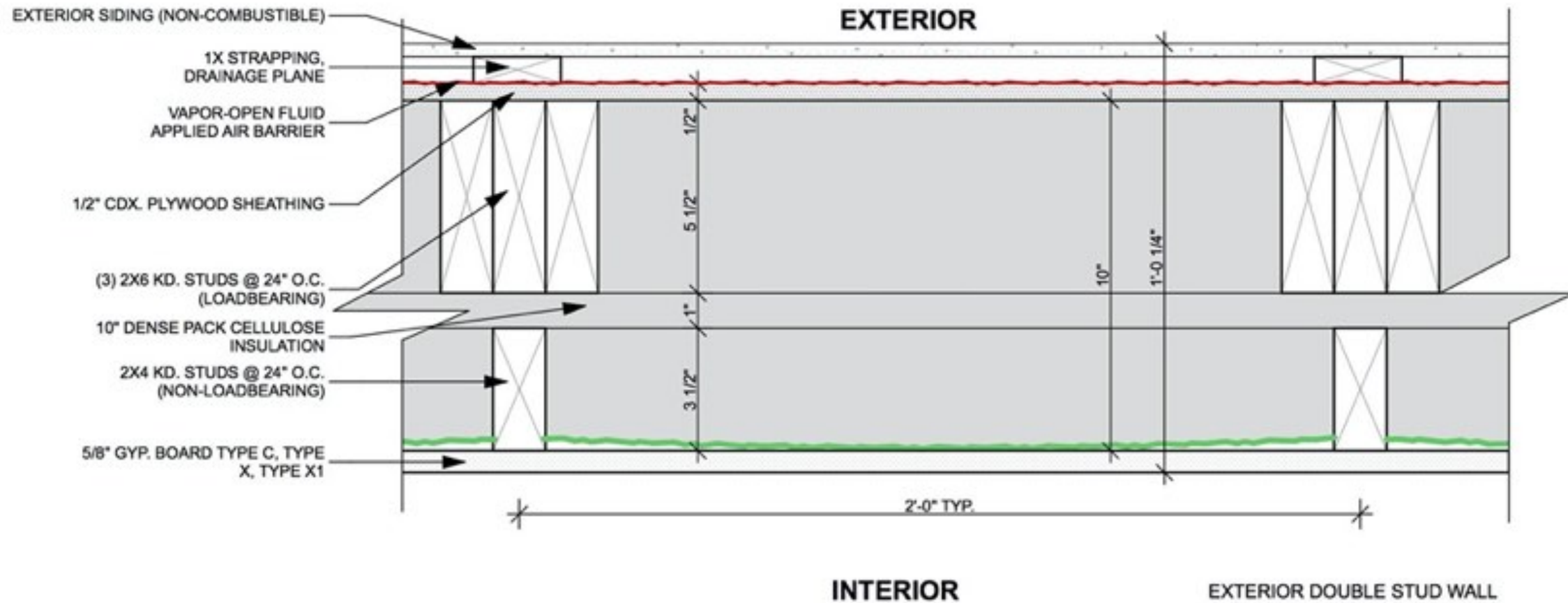
SCALE: 6" = 1'-0"

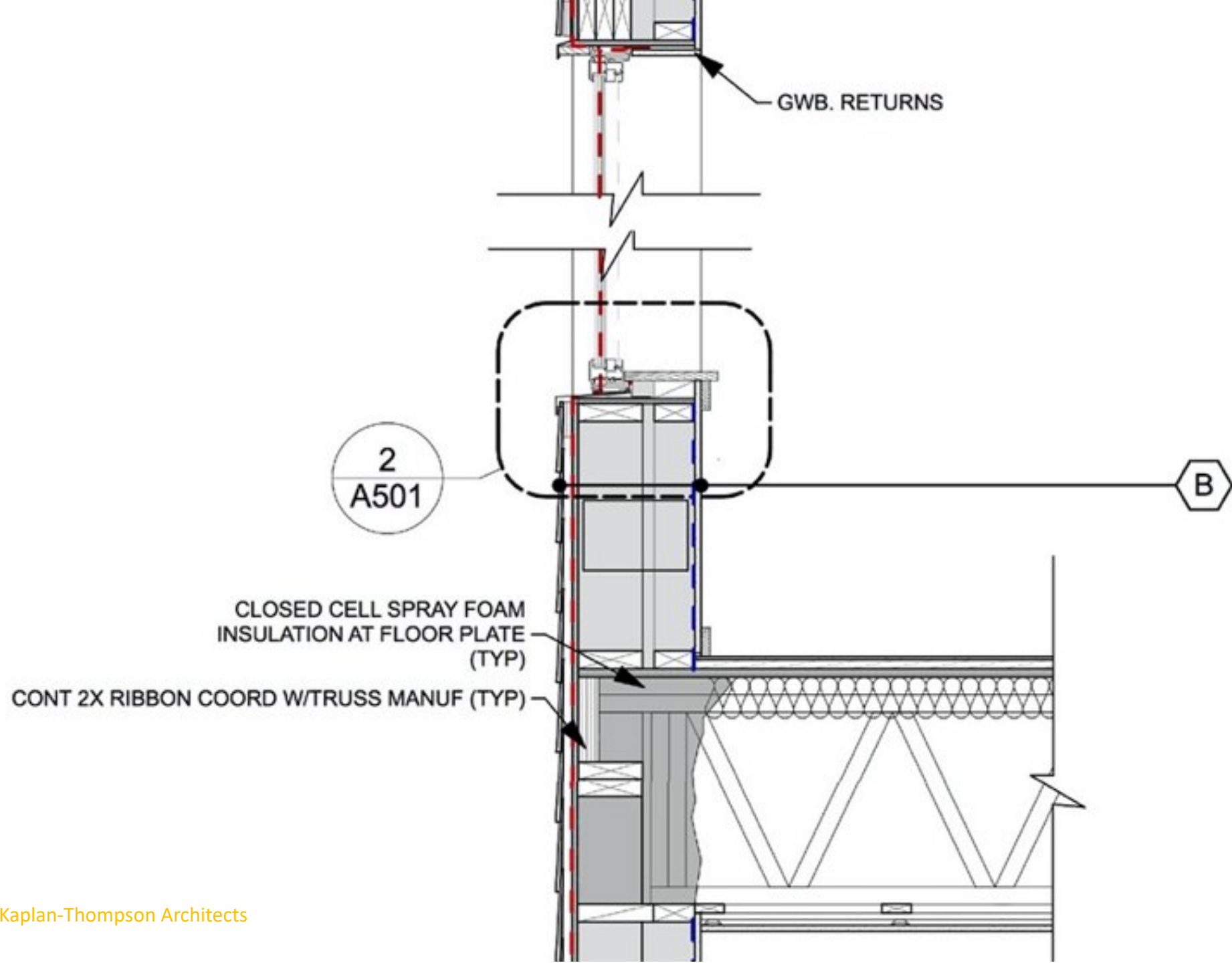




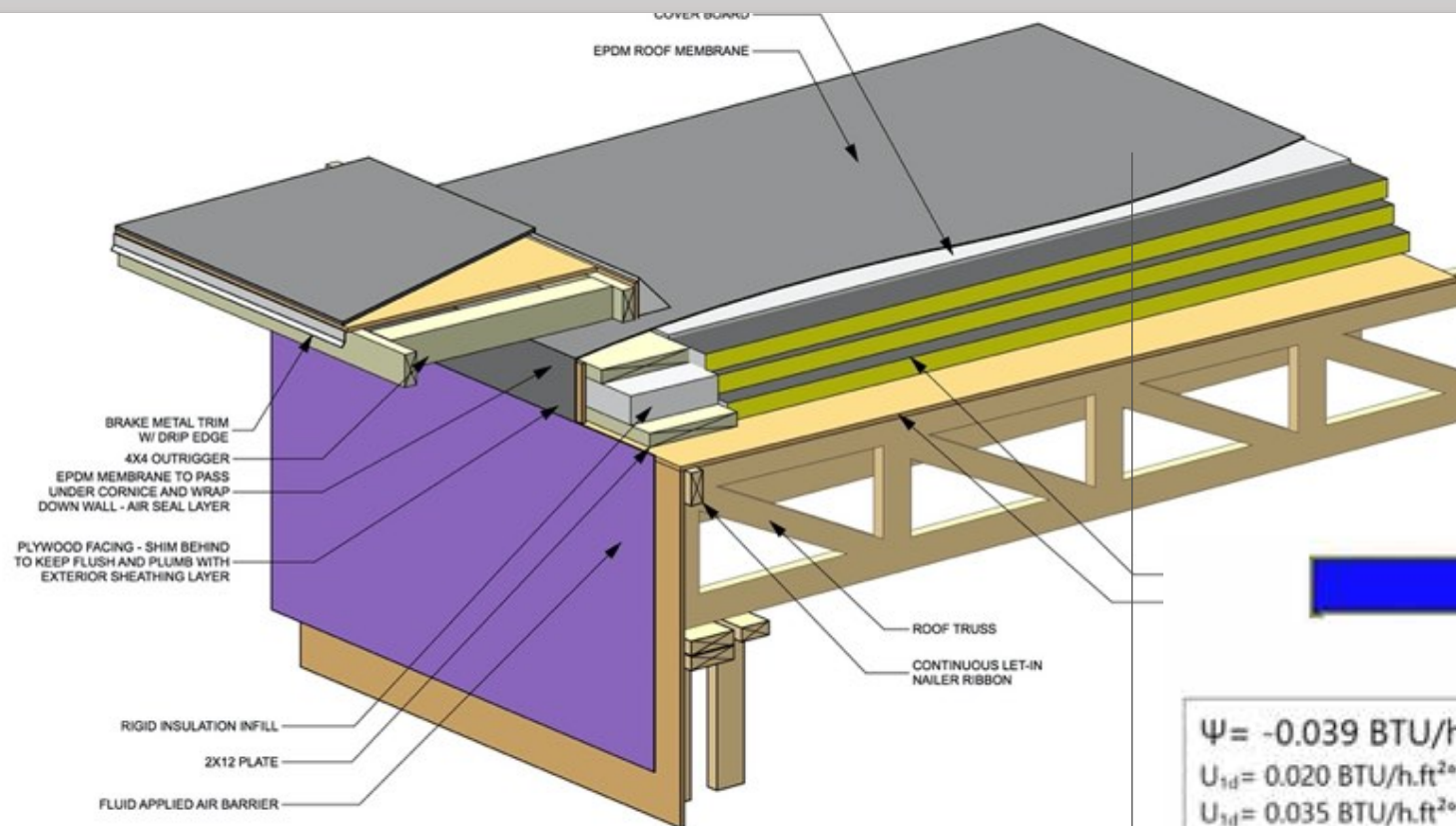


Picture Courtesy Of Kaplan-Thompson Architects







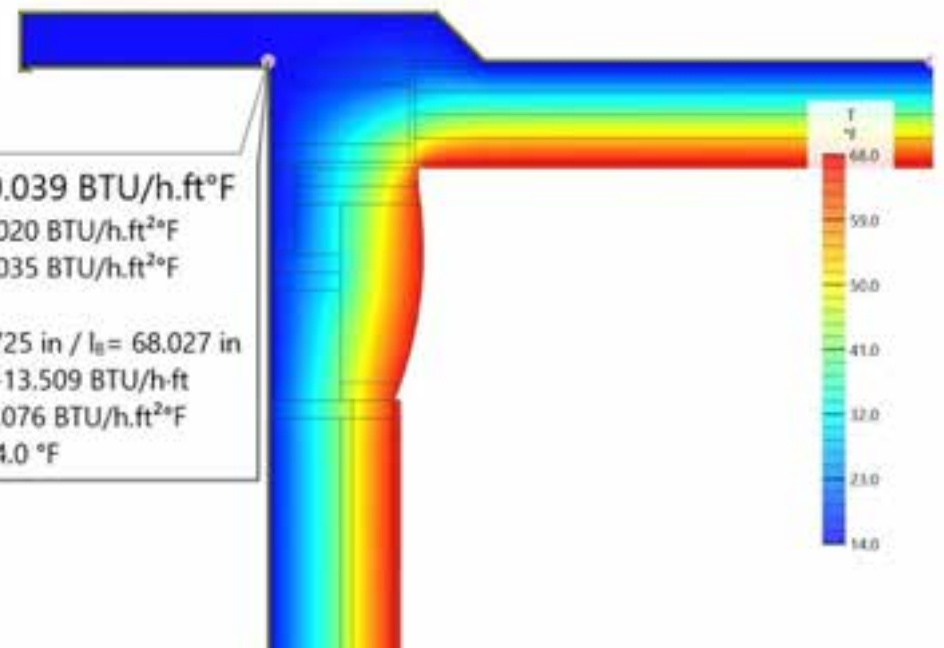


5

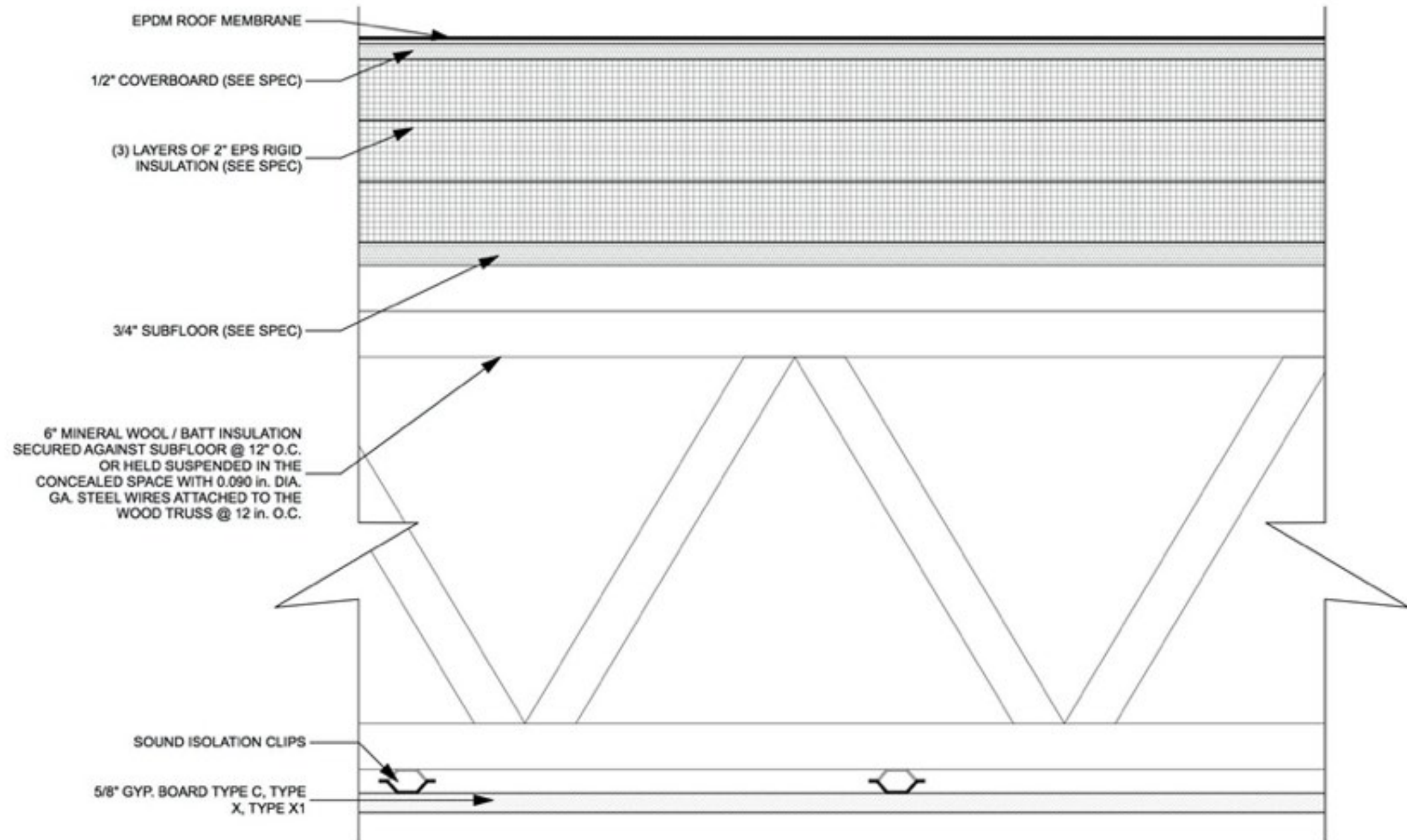
## CORNICE/ROOF DETAIL

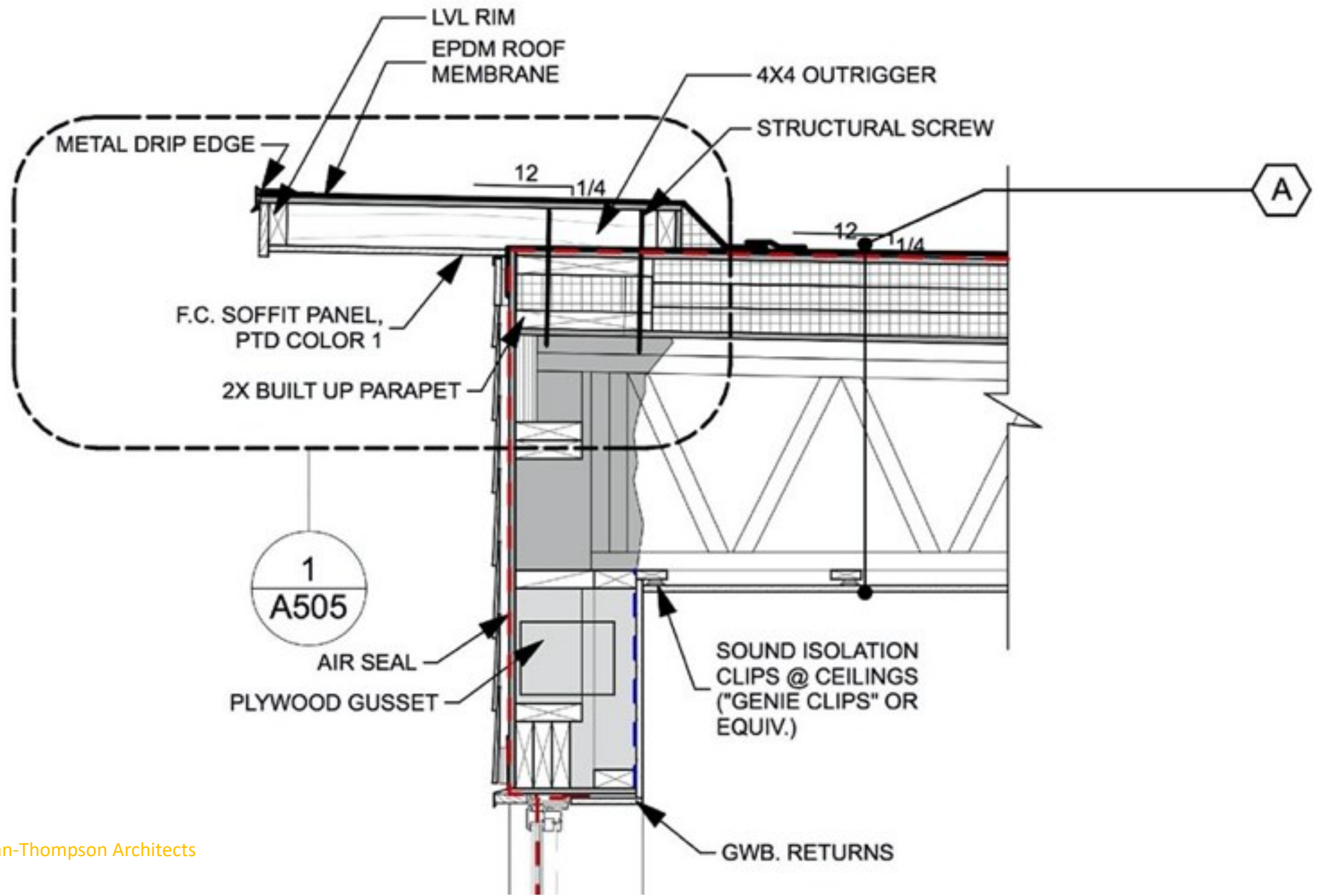
NOT TO SCALE

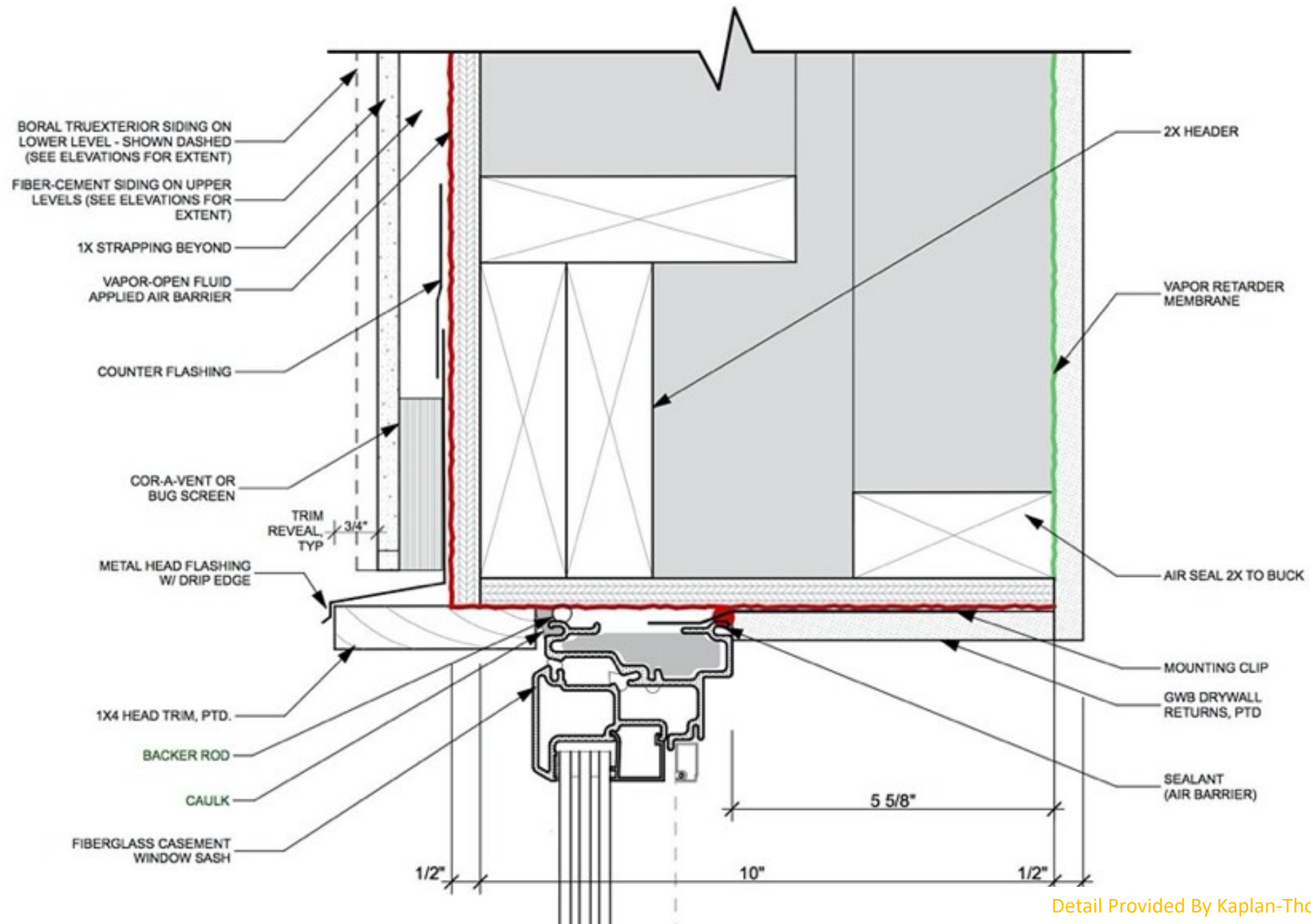
$$\begin{aligned}\Psi &= -0.039 \text{ BTU/h.ft}^{\circ}\text{F} \\ U_{1d} &= 0.020 \text{ BTU/h.ft}^2\text{F} \\ U_{1d} &= 0.035 \text{ BTU/h.ft}^2\text{F} \\ I_A &= 55.725 \text{ in} / I_B = 68.027 \text{ in} \\ \Phi_{\text{total}} &= -13.509 \text{ BTU/h-ft} \\ L_{2D} &= -0.076 \text{ BTU/h.ft}^2\text{F} \\ \Delta T &= -54.0^{\circ}\text{F}\end{aligned}$$















# Collaborate On Details That Work



- Use The Team's Experience
  - Roof Eaves
  - Avoiding Exterior Penetrations
- Pick Up Cheap Insurance – Double Taping
- Lining Up Air Barriers & Insulation

# Draw On All of The Knowledge Available

Good afternoon gentlemen

I'm following up with a quick note after yesterday's site meeting, please see the 3 discussion items from my list below:

1. After the discussion between the GC, the designer and the Rater, we've came up with a more cost effective and simple way to achieve the same R value and airiness with wall assembly. The revised exterior wall will have the following assembly:

- GWB + CertainTeed MemBrain vapor barrier
- 2x8 framing with CertainTeed TrueComfort densepack fiberglass cav insulation (R-31)
- Zip sheathing, all seams taped (structural Sheathing)
- Zip R 9, all seams taped (air control layer, WRB, Continuous insulation)

Such assembly reduces number of XPS continuous insulation layers (no layer overlapping) in lieu of additional taping on the interior sheathing  
I will soon follow up with the revised sheet A1.0 to reflect those changes

2. Fiberglass insulation density at wall cav. is specified to be 2.0 lb/cu.ft weight to be at 1.2 lb/sq.ft. please access the manuf. specification at the link below:

<https://www.certainteed.com/resources/30-49-189%20TrueComfort.pdf>

please refer to the bottom chart showing the closed cavity conditions, R value of 31 in 2x8 cav.

3. Reviewing different framing sealant products, I found couple good reviews on the Nova Flex MP 100 (as discussed)

<https://buymbs.com/p-4198-novagard-solutions-novaflex-advanced-polymer-paintable-sealant-101oz-carton-of-12-tubes.aspx>

And also a few really promising reviews on the Contega HF sealant:

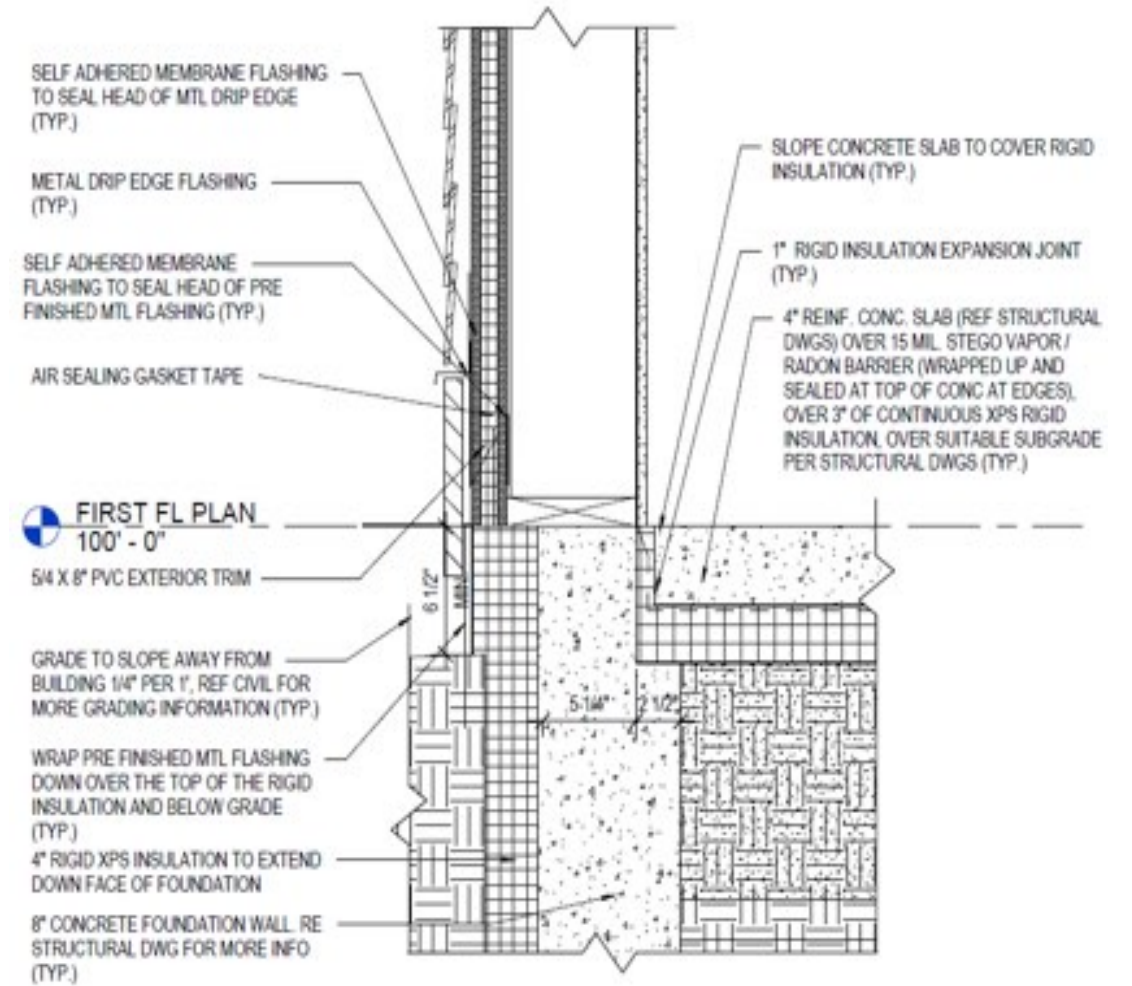
<https://foursevenfive.com/contega-hf/>

source: <https://kimchiandkraut.net/2017/01/25/framing/>

please let me know if the Contega product seems to be the reasonable alternate

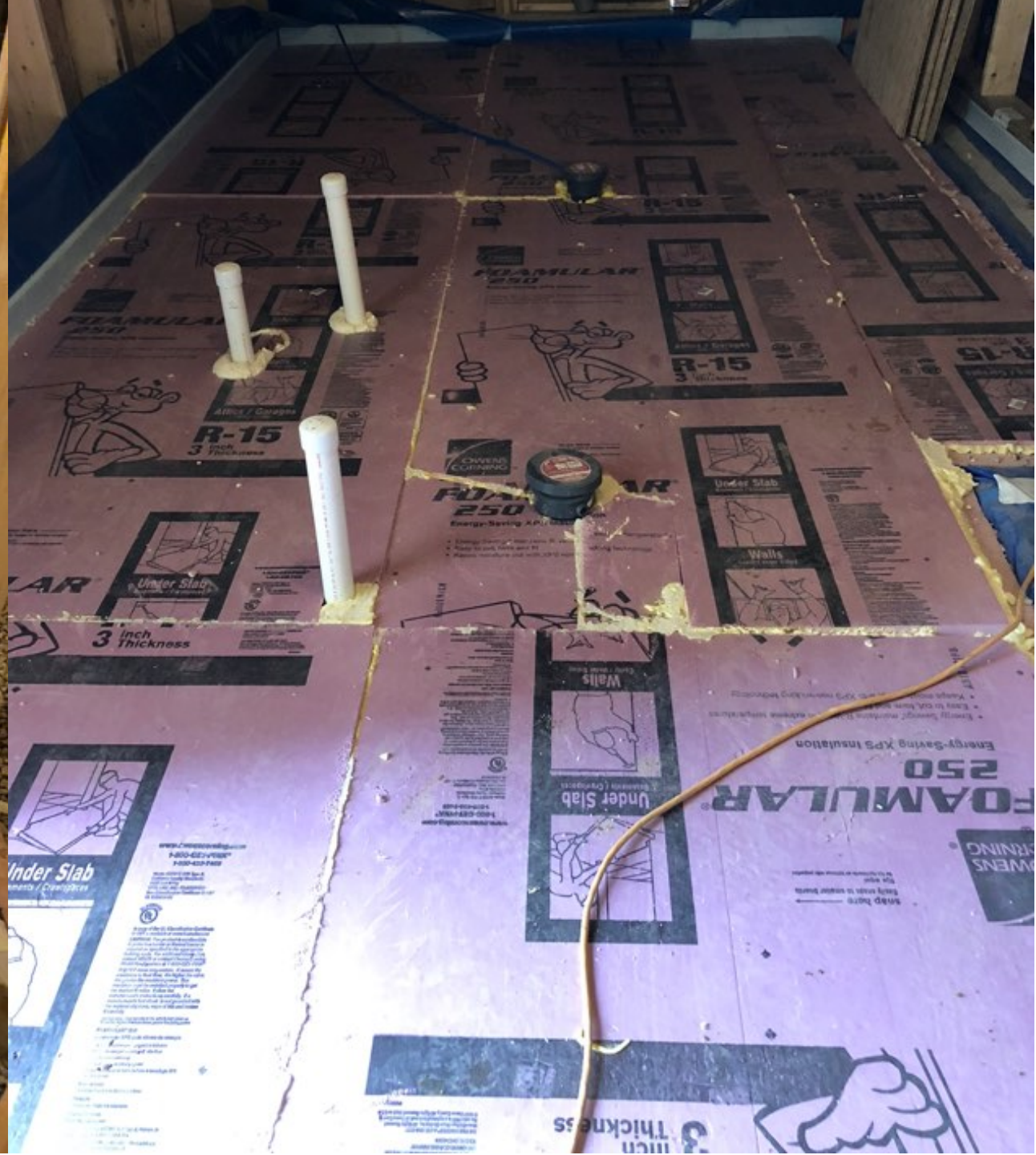
kind regards

Our Energy Raters Is AWESOME And Always Lending Us A Hand Every Step of The Way

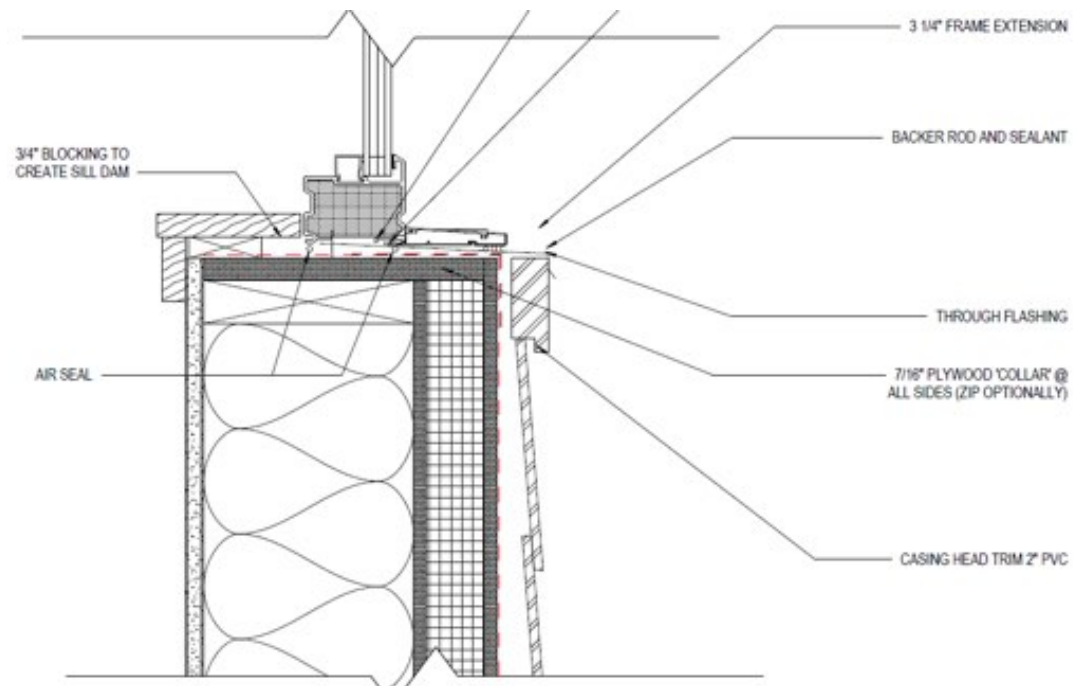


Detail Provided By Lassel Architects







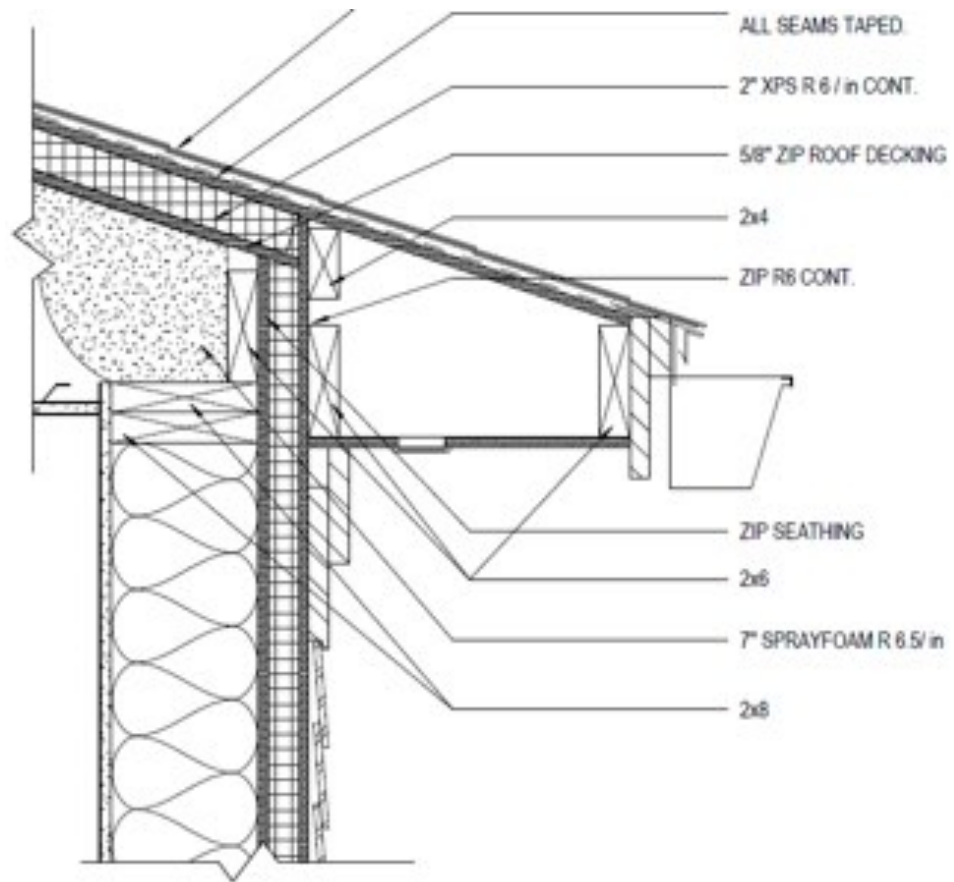


Detail Provided By Lassel Architects









Detail Provided By Lassel Architects



# Air-Sealing Options & Approaches

Belts & Suspenders Theory

Flawless Execution

Hybrid (Recommended)

# *Products & Systems*

Fluid-Applied Air Barrier  
Taped WRB-Impregnated Sheathing  
Sheet-Applied WRB  
Taped Building Wraps  
Air-Borne Sealant Systems  
Air-Tight Device Boxes



## *Techniques*

"Air-Tight Drywall Approach"  
Fully Adhered Sheathing  
Caulk Framing Joints  
Caulking Interior Penetrations (Device Boxes)  
Oversized Wall Sleeves w/ Caulking Joint



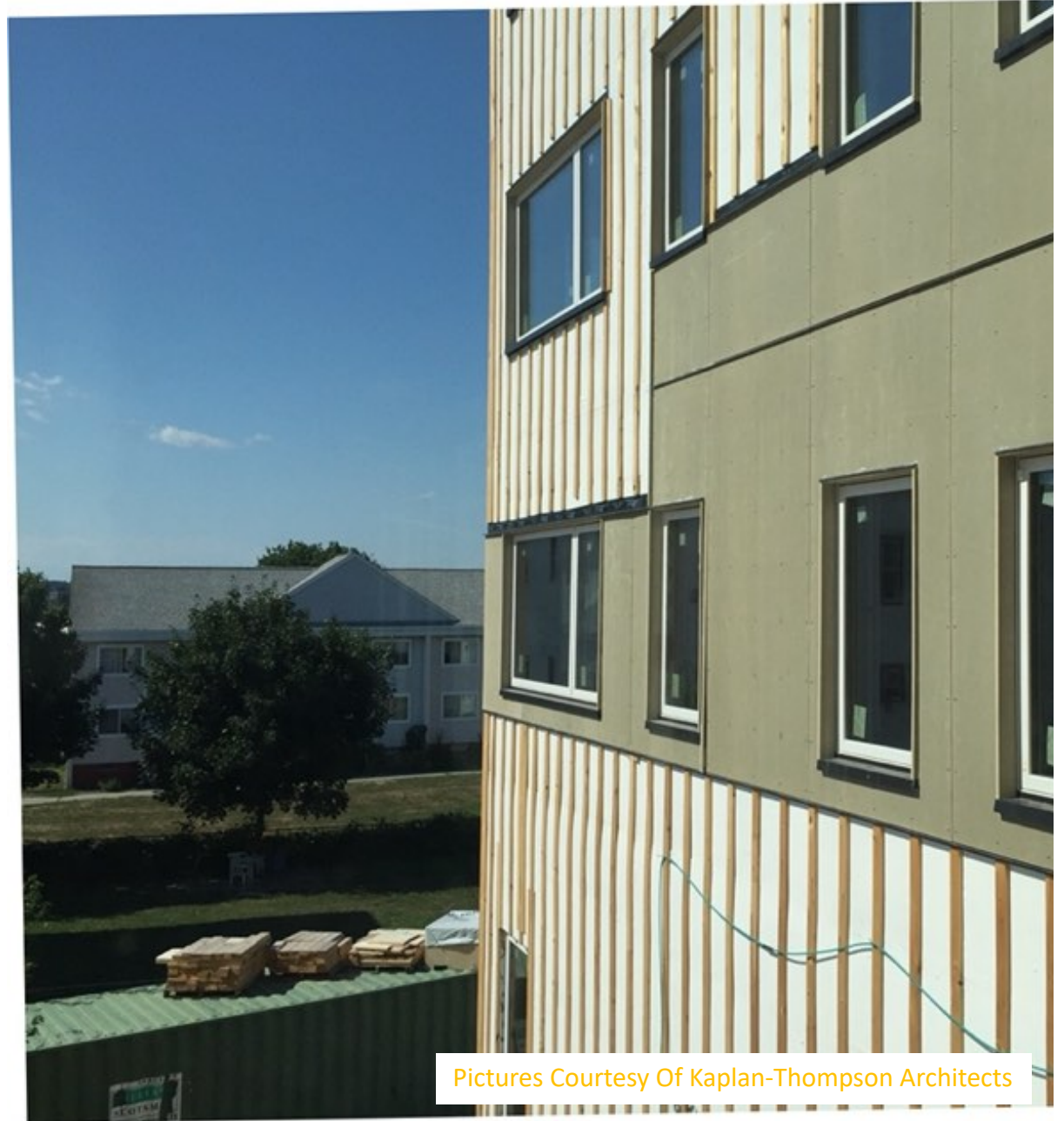
# Air-Sealing Reality Check

- Window & Door Tightness
- Wall Area vs. Window Area
- Mechanical Units & Penetrations (PTACs)



Pictures Courtesy Of Kaplan-Thompson Architects





Pictures Courtesy Of Kaplan-Thompson Architects



# Cost Considerations

- Manage value at a system level.
  - Wall Assembly, Roof Assembly, Slab/Foundation, Fenestration, Mechanical Systems
- Tight budgets should focus on function first.
- Start with the basics, add features as budget allows and energy model requires.
  - Window Awnings, Light Shelves, Solar Panels
- Make sure all systems get design attention.
- Time is money. Extravagant, cumbersome details waste both.
- Seek out new products and solutions.

# Cost of Air-Sealing Wall Assemblies

- The Meadows:

- Adhered Wall Sheathing \$4k
- Framing Sealants \$5,200
- A/V Barrier Tape x 2 w/ Openings \$17,100
- Opening Caulking \$12k

0.5% of Total Job Cost

Caulking – 768 Tubes / 60 Gallons

Sealing Tape – 551 Rolls / 9.4 miles

- Bayside Anchor:

- Adhered Wall Sheathing \$5k
- Framing Sealants \$4,600
- Fluid-Applied Air Barrier \$65k
- Opening Caulking \$15k

1.6% of Total Job Cost

(Includes Complete A/V Barrier)

# Exterior vs. Cavity Insulation

## Insulated Sheathing

- Integrated WRB
- Air-Sealing Layer
- Continuous R-Value
- R4.5/in w/ Sheathing (Based on 2" Thickness)

\$0.22 / R-1

\$2.00 / SF @ 2"

## Closed-Cell Spray Foam

- Cavity Insulation
- Not Air-Tight
- About R6.5/in

\$0.19 / R-1

\$1.25 / SF @ 1"



# Window Cost Comparisons

## Considerations:

U-Factor

SHGC

Air-Infiltration

Design Pressure Rating

Thermal Performance of Spacers

Thermal Performance of Frame

Orientation of Windows

North/South

Climate Zone

## Approach:

Define project requirements, seek out multiple alternatives, and compare pricing.

Cast a wide net. The window market is highly competitive.

## Rules of Thumb:

Double-Hung to Casement/Hopper/Awning: 0 – 20% Cost Increase

Double Pane to Triple Pane: 10% +/- Cost Increase

# Wall Assembly Cost Comparisons

## Double Wall

- 2x6 Outer Wall
- 2x4 Inner Wall
- 10" Dens-Pak Cellulose
- Fluid-Applied A/V Barrier
- Smart Vapor Retarder

R-37 Effective

2015 (\$129/sf)

## 2x8 Wall

- 2x8 Wall Framing
- Blown-In Fiberglass Insulation
- 2" Exterior Insulated Sheathing
- Smart Vapor Retarder

R-34 Effective

2018 (\$192/sf)

## 2x6 Wall

- 2x6 Wall Framing
- Dens-Pak Cellulose
- 2" Exterior Insulated Sheathing
- Smart Vapor Retarder

R-29 Effective

2019 (\$200/sf)

Design Has Adapted To Steep Cost Increases Over 4 Yrs.

# Education & Communications

---



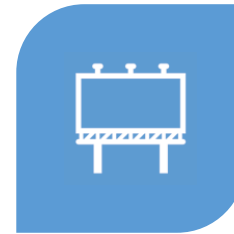
PASSIVE HOUSE EDUCATION –  
BETTER UNDERSTANDING  
LEADS TO BETTER PROJECTS  
0.034 CFM@50PA



WRITE CONTRACTS SPECIFIC  
TO PASSIVE HOUSE  
OBJECTIVES



PRECONSTRUCTION MEETINGS  
– AIR SEALING IS FOR  
EVERYONE



REMINDERS & UPDATES –  
RESEALING AIR BARRIERS AT  
PENETRATIONS



COORDINATE SUPPLIERS  
AND/OR SINGLE-SOURCE  
WHERE FEASIBLE TO REDUCE  
OPPORTUNITIES FOR  
CONFUSION





## Project-Specific Inspection Log

2 - Foundations	Insulation	Passive House & Energy Rating
2 - Underslab	Plumbing/Electrical	Code Enforcement
2 - Slabs	Subgrade Inspection	Town Engineer
	Insulation	Code Enforcement
	Underslab VB & Insulation	Passive House & Energy Rating
	Concrete & Rebar	Materials Testing & Inspection
	Rebar	Code Enforcement
2 - Elev Shaft	Masonry	Materials Testing & Inspection
2 - 1st Floor	Steel	Materials Testing & Inspection
2 - Entire Bldg	Shear Walls	Materials Testing & Inspection
	Structural Punch List Inspection	Design Engineer

2 - 3rd Floor	Plumbing/Electrical	Code Enforcement
	Insulation	Code Enforcement
	Firestopping	Code Enforcement
	Insulation, Sealing, Roofing, Windows	Passive House & Energy Rating
2 - 2nd Floor	Plumbing/Electrical	Code Enforcement
	Insulation	Code Enforcement
	Firestopping	Code Enforcement
	Insulation, Sealing, Roofing, Windows	Passive House & Energy Rating
2 - 1st Floor	Plumbing/Electrical	Code Enforcement
	Insulation	Code Enforcement
	Firestopping	Code Enforcement
	Insulation, Sealing, Roofing, Siding	Passive House & Energy Rating
2 -Final Inspections	Final Inspections & Testing	Passive House & Energy Rating
	Fire Alarm Inspection	Fire Department
	Fire Sprinkler & Egress	Fire Department
	Elevator Inspection	State Elevator Inspector
	Site Inspection	Town Engineer
	Certificate of Occupancy Inspection	Code Enforcement



Mock-ups Sort Out Details & Add Value To Overall Project

Practicing Details Improves Quality  
& Points Out Flaws In The Plan







Pictures Courtesy Of Kaplan-Thompson Architects

# Passive House on The Schedule

- More time spent planning in preconstruction.
- More time reviewing envelope details during design.
- Plug-in Inspections in Master & Look-ahead Schedules
- Make time for inspecting and correcting details
- Include inspectors/raters on schedule distribution
- Impact on the critical path comes down to details

The background of the slide features a series of thin, curved lines in shades of gray, creating a sense of motion and depth. These lines are more prominent on the left side and fade towards the right.

## Tests & Inspections

- Preliminary Shell Blower Door Testing
- Insulation Continuity, Thickness & Density
- Air-Sealing Inspection
- Final Blower Door Testing
- Bucket Test
- Air Balancing



# Follow-Up & Follow-Through



- Constant Inspection
  - Zip System Install
  - Insulation Thickness, Density & Consistency
  - Air Sealing
  - Sealed Outlet Boxes
  - Panel Fabrication
- Upgrading Details
  - Insulated Sleeves
- Blower Door Testing



FLIR1064.jpg

11/9/2019 12:46:07 PM

72.8

# THERMAL IMAGING

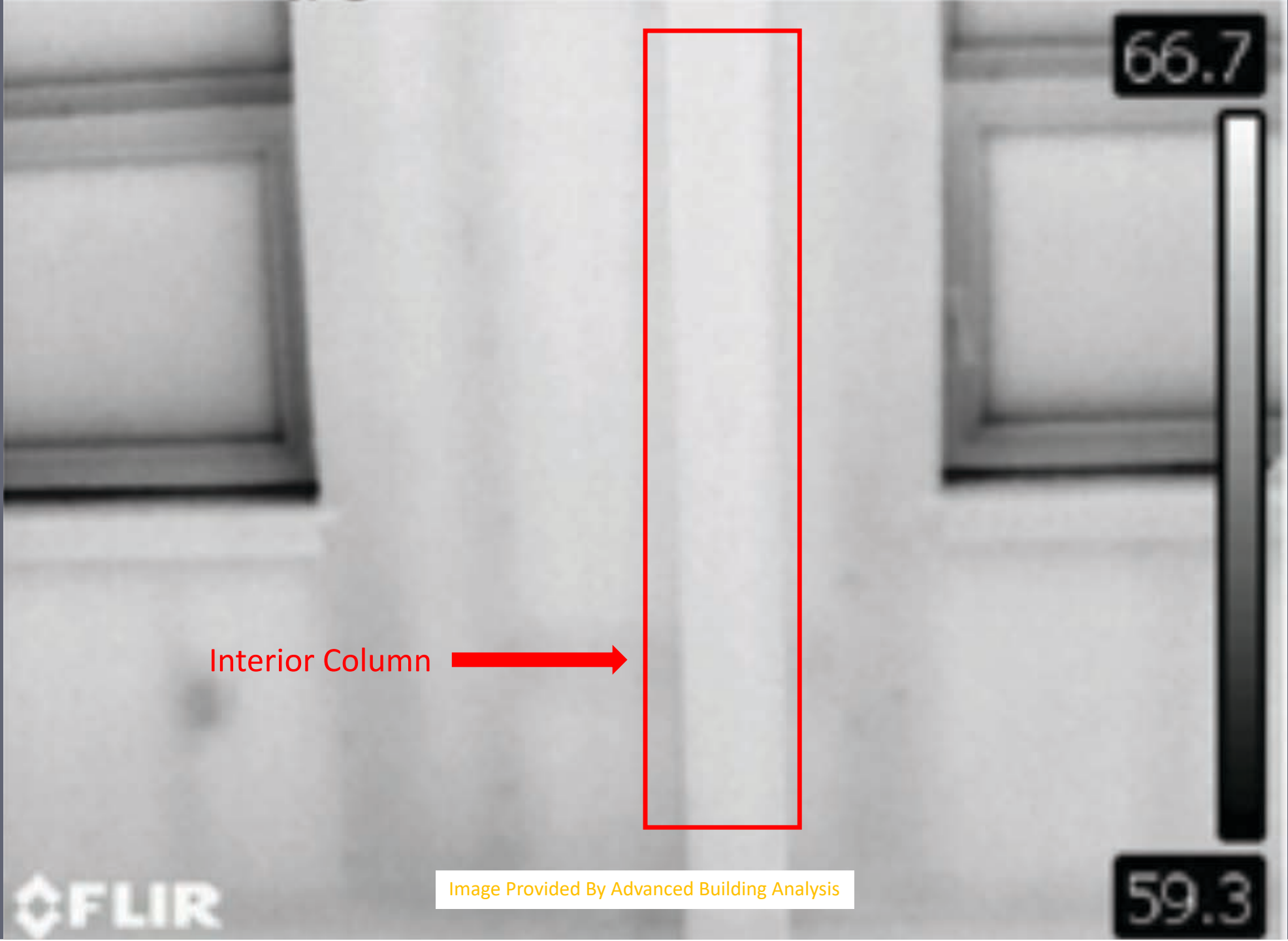
 FLIR

65.5

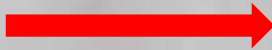








Interior Column



FLIR

Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis

66.7

59.3

FLIR1055.jpg

11/9/2019 12:42:34 PM

67.2

(Window Frame Thermal Bridging)



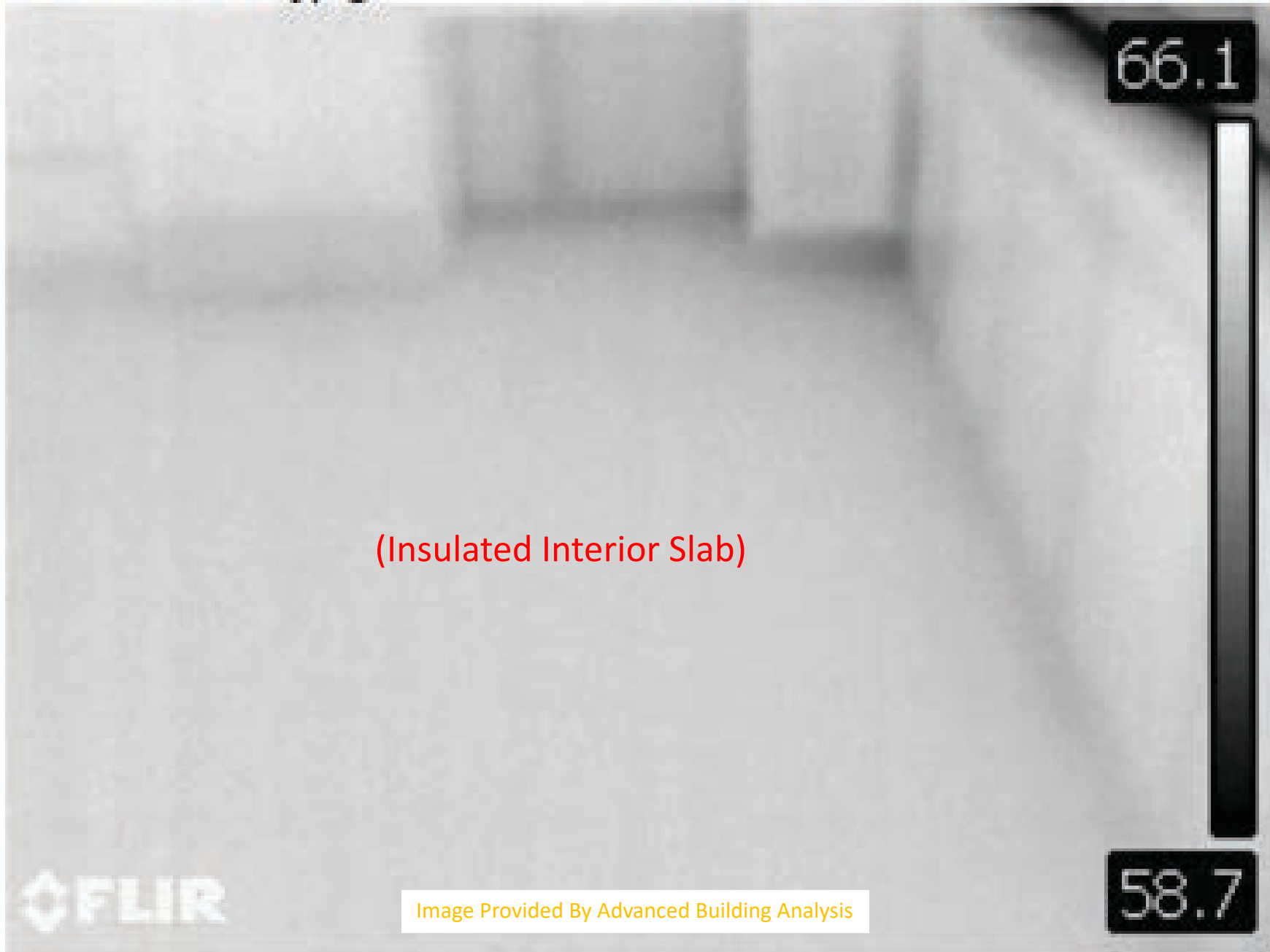
FLIR

Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis

58.7

FLIR1062.jpg

11/9/2019 12:45:23 PM





FLIR1067.jpg

11/9/2019 12:47:40 PM

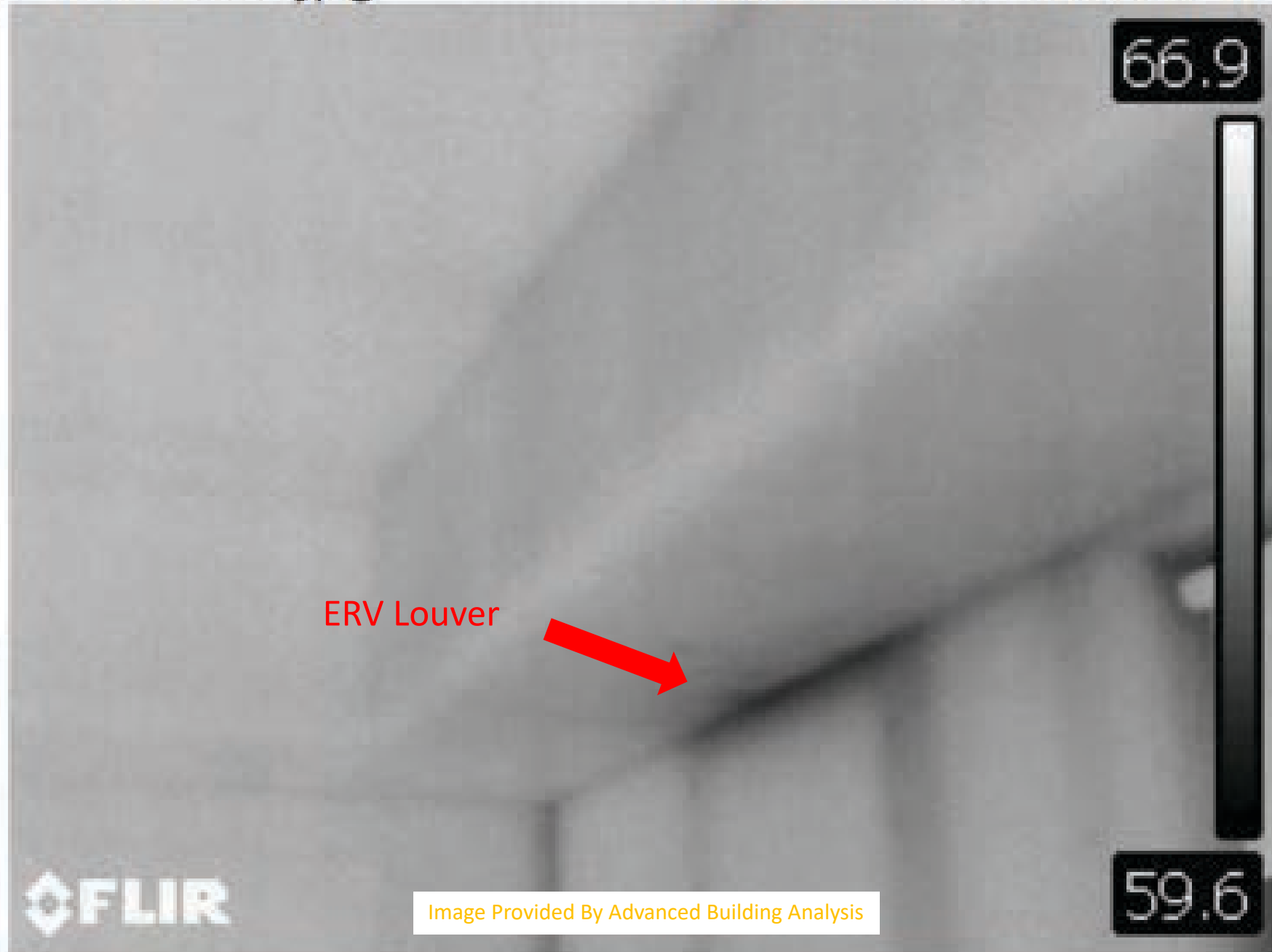


Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis

FLIR1075.jpg

11/9/2019 12:54:10 PM

78.6

(Metal Furring Channels Under Wood Trusses)

FLIR

Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis

71.3

FLIR1080.jpg

11/9/2019 1:08:01 PM



Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis



FLIR1086.jpg

11/9/2019 1:10:09 PM

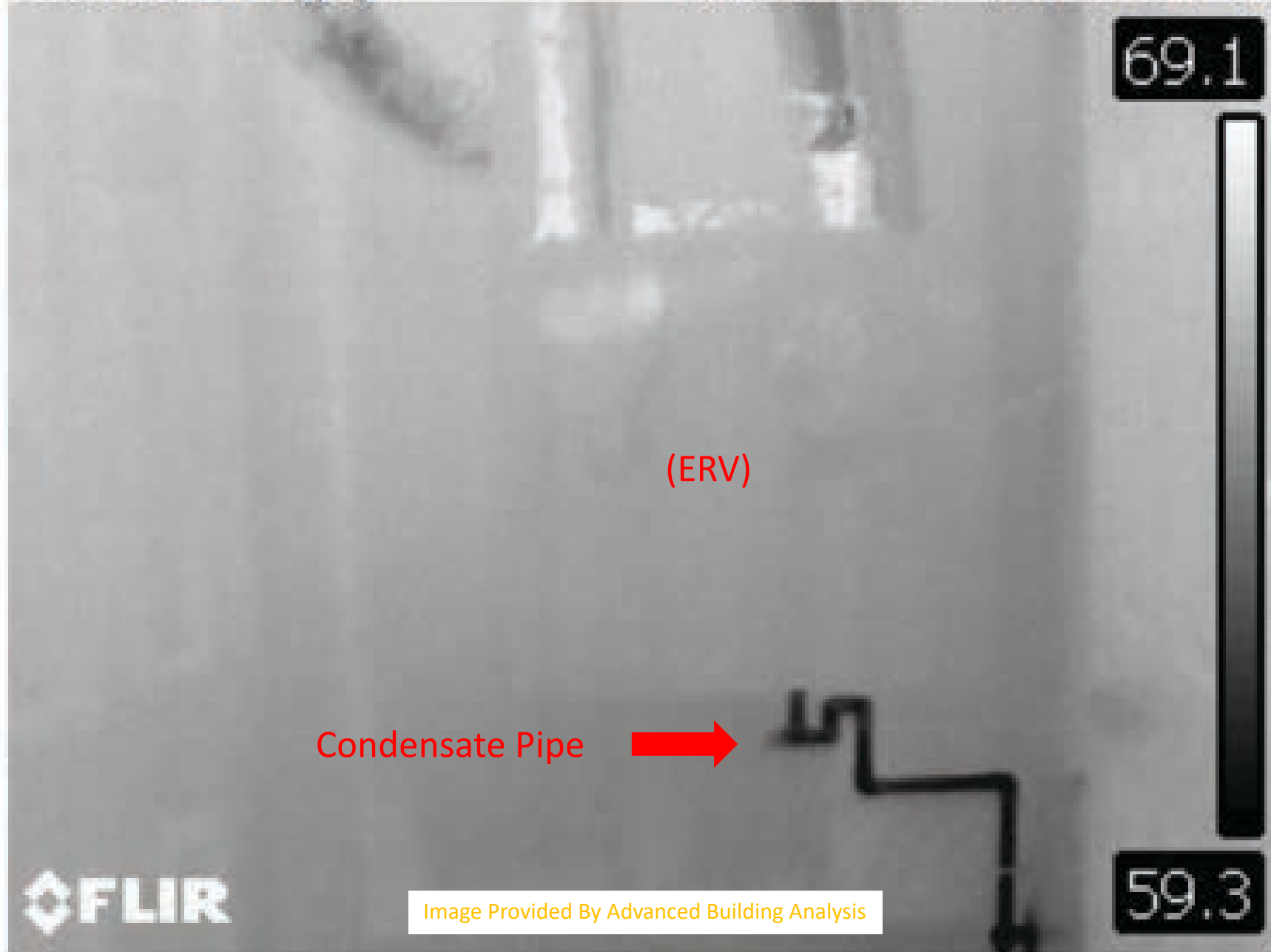
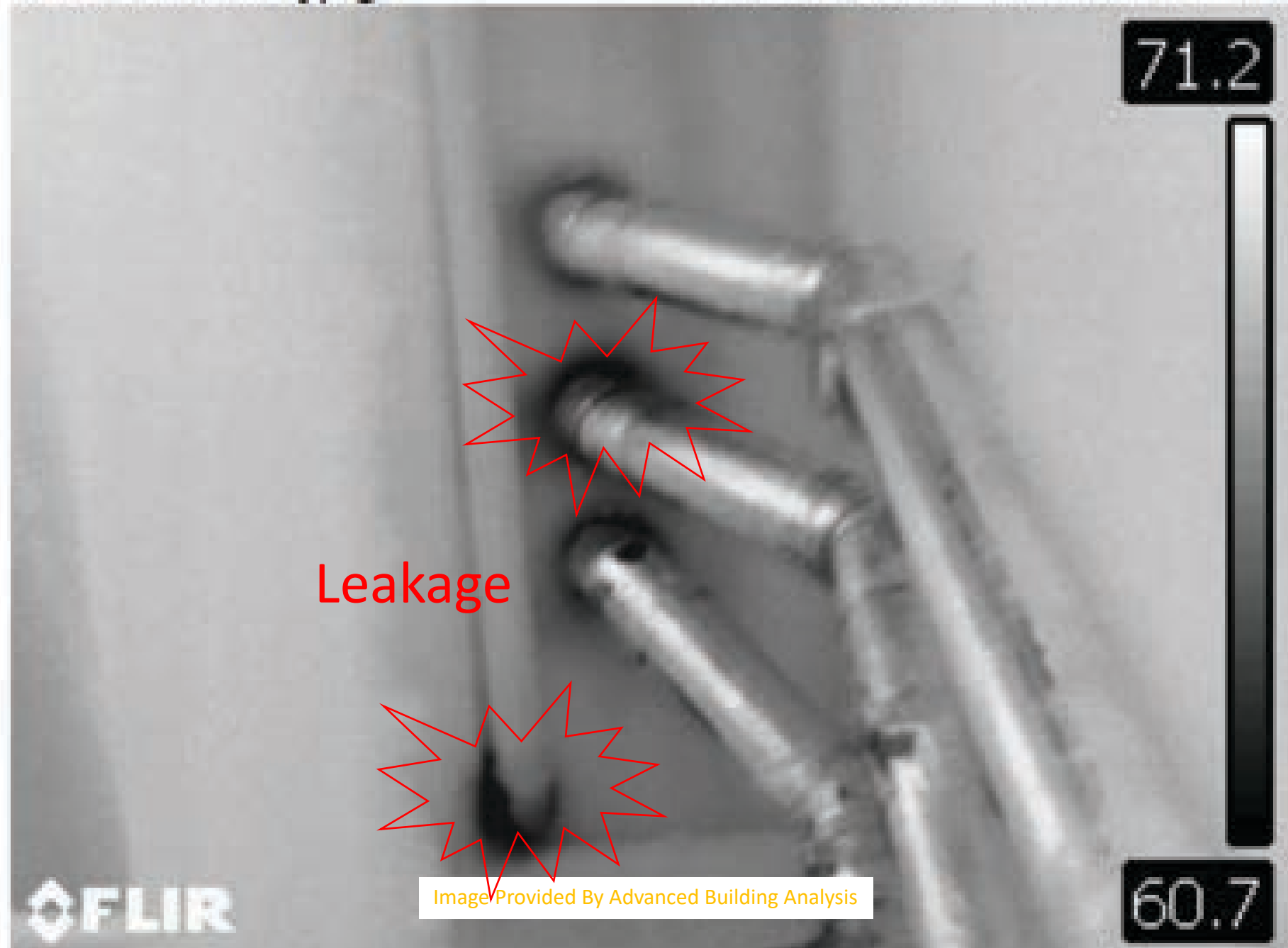


Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis

FLIR1088.jpg

11/9/2019 1:11:10 PM

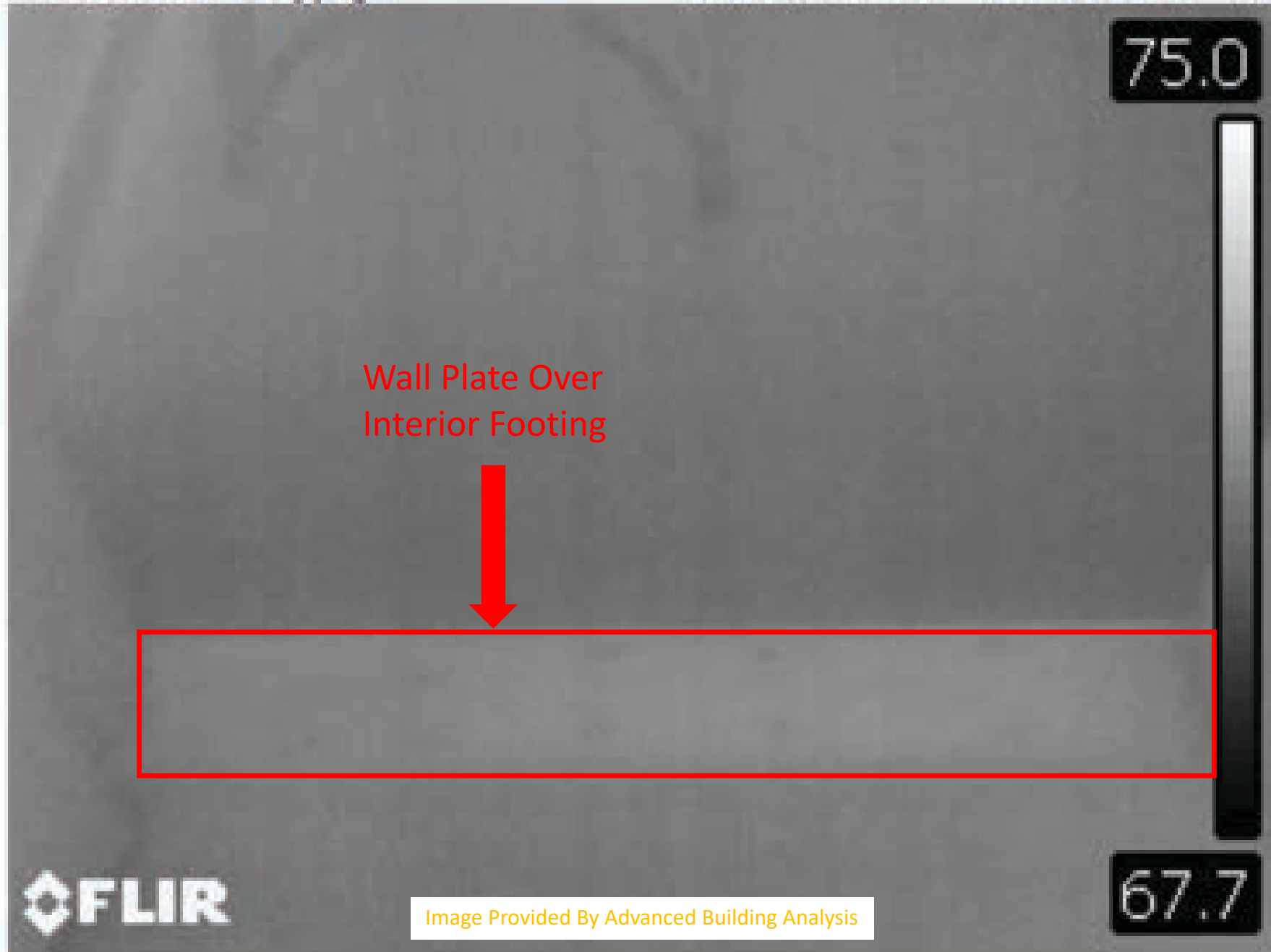






FLIR1099.jpg

11/9/2019 1:16:35 PM



FLIR1102.jpg

11/9/2019 1:17:39 PM



FLIR1102.jpg

11/9/2019 1:17:39 PM



FLIR1106.jpg

11/9/2019 1:19:02 PM



 FLIR

Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis



FLIR1108.jpg

11/9/2019 1:20:40 PM

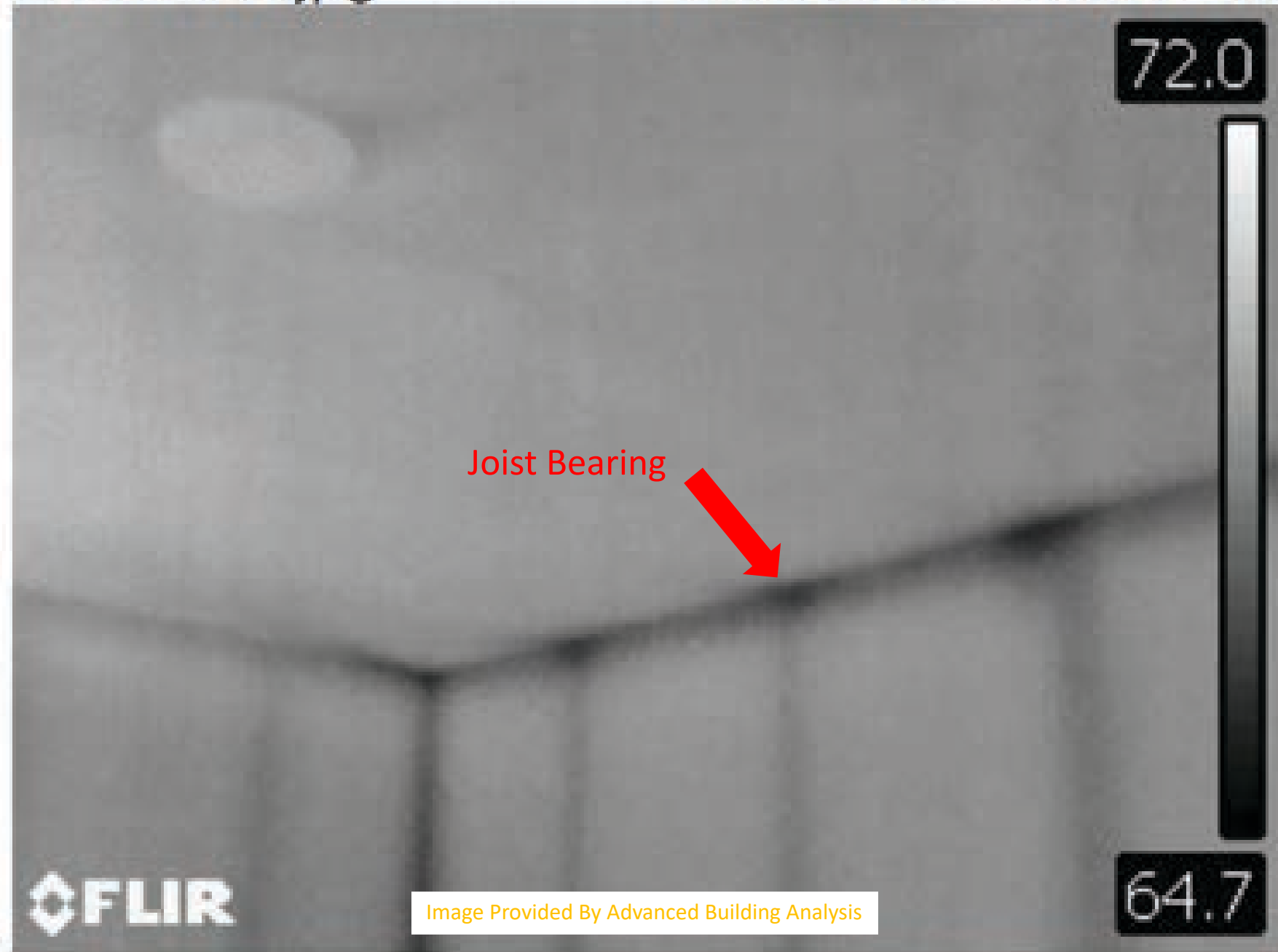


Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis

FLIR1110.jpg

11/9/2019 1:21:42 PM

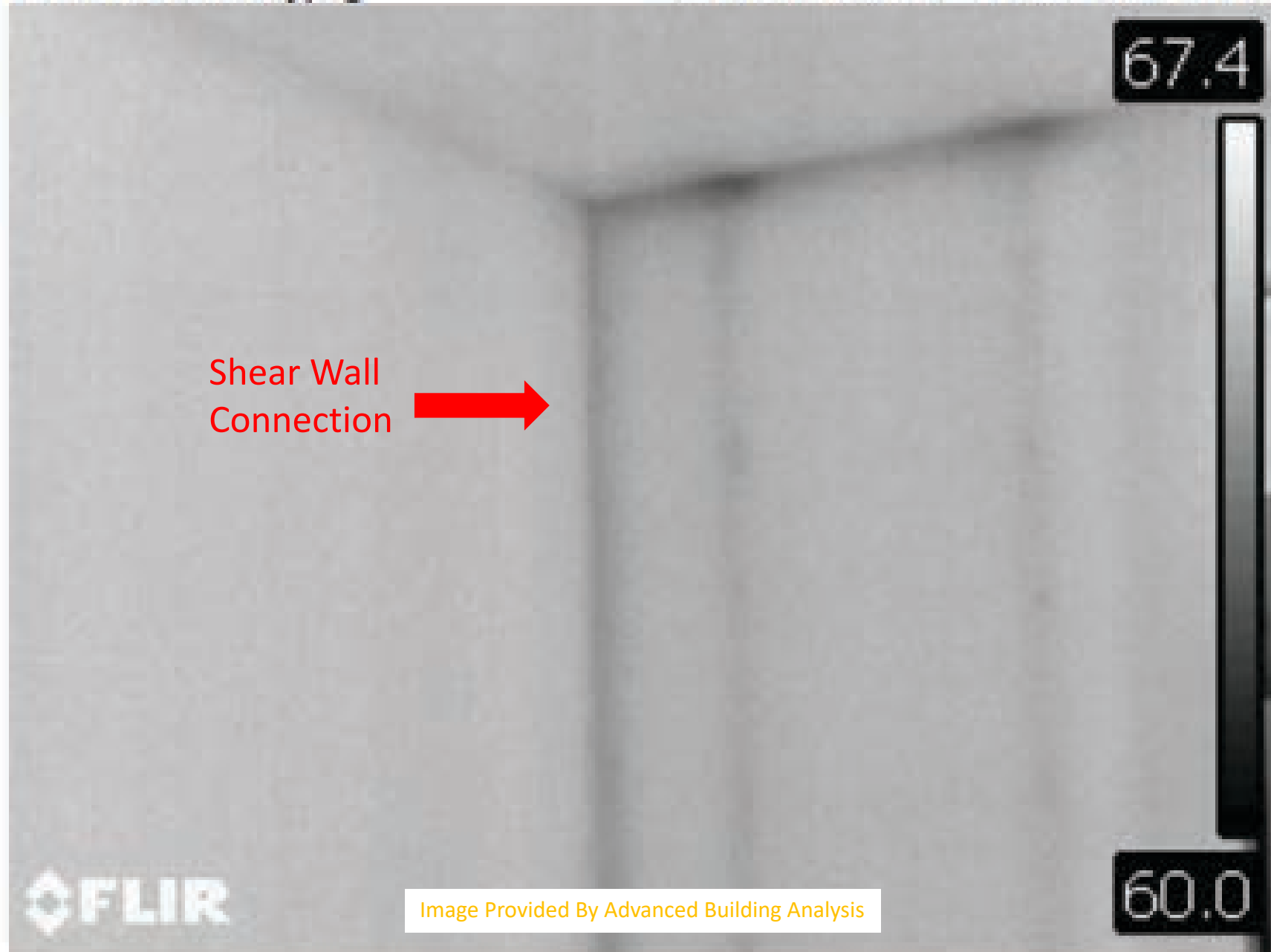


Image Provided By Advanced Building Analysis

# BLOWER DOOR TEST



ETEC

← Network Configuration

MODE CONFIGURATION

Off

Ethernet

WiFi (Cloud Network)

WiFi (Join Network)

USB



Broadcasting  
10:00:00  
Password: 8675309

23.2

Minneapolis Blower Door Model 3

ETEC



Control



The Energy Conservatory  
Made in Minneapolis, MN USA

100-120 V  
~ 50/60 Hz  
13 A Max

0-Max V ~



Test Results

Reference Pressure	Depressurization	Pressurization	Average
50 Pa			
Airflow at 50 Pascals	1390 (+/- 0.9 %)	1621 (+/- 1.6 %)	1505 (+/- 1.0 %)
cfm50			
	0.0327	0.0381	0.0354
cfm/ft <sup>2</sup> (Surface Area)			
Leakage Areas			
Canadian EqLA @ 10 Pa (in <sup>2</sup> )	153.5 (+/- 4.9 %)	168.3 (+/- 6.8 %)	160.9 (+/- 4.3 %)
in <sup>2</sup> /ft <sup>2</sup> Surface Area	0.0036	0.0040	0.0038
LBL ELA @ 4 Pa (in <sup>2</sup> )	85.0 (+/- 7.9 %)	89.9 (+/- 11.1 %)	87.4 (+/- 6.9 %)
in <sup>2</sup> /ft <sup>2</sup> Surface Area	0.0020	0.0021	0.0021
Building Leakage Curve			
Flow Coefficient (C)	128.9 (+/- 12.5 %)	129.3 (+/- 17.6 %)	
Exponent (n)	0.608 (+/- 0.033)	0.646 (+/- 0.047)	
Correlation Coefficient	0.99889	0.99733	

Previous

to Test Graph

Next

to Dev from Std



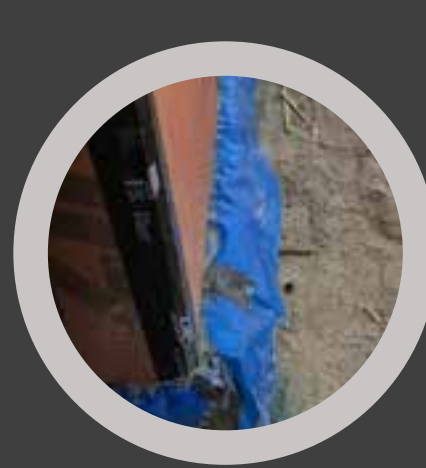
Type here to search





# Trouble-Shooting

- Screws & Plugs For Exterior PVC Trim
- Air Barrier Connection Tapes
- Vapor Control Layer Termination
- Multiple Sheathing Layers & Over-Nailing





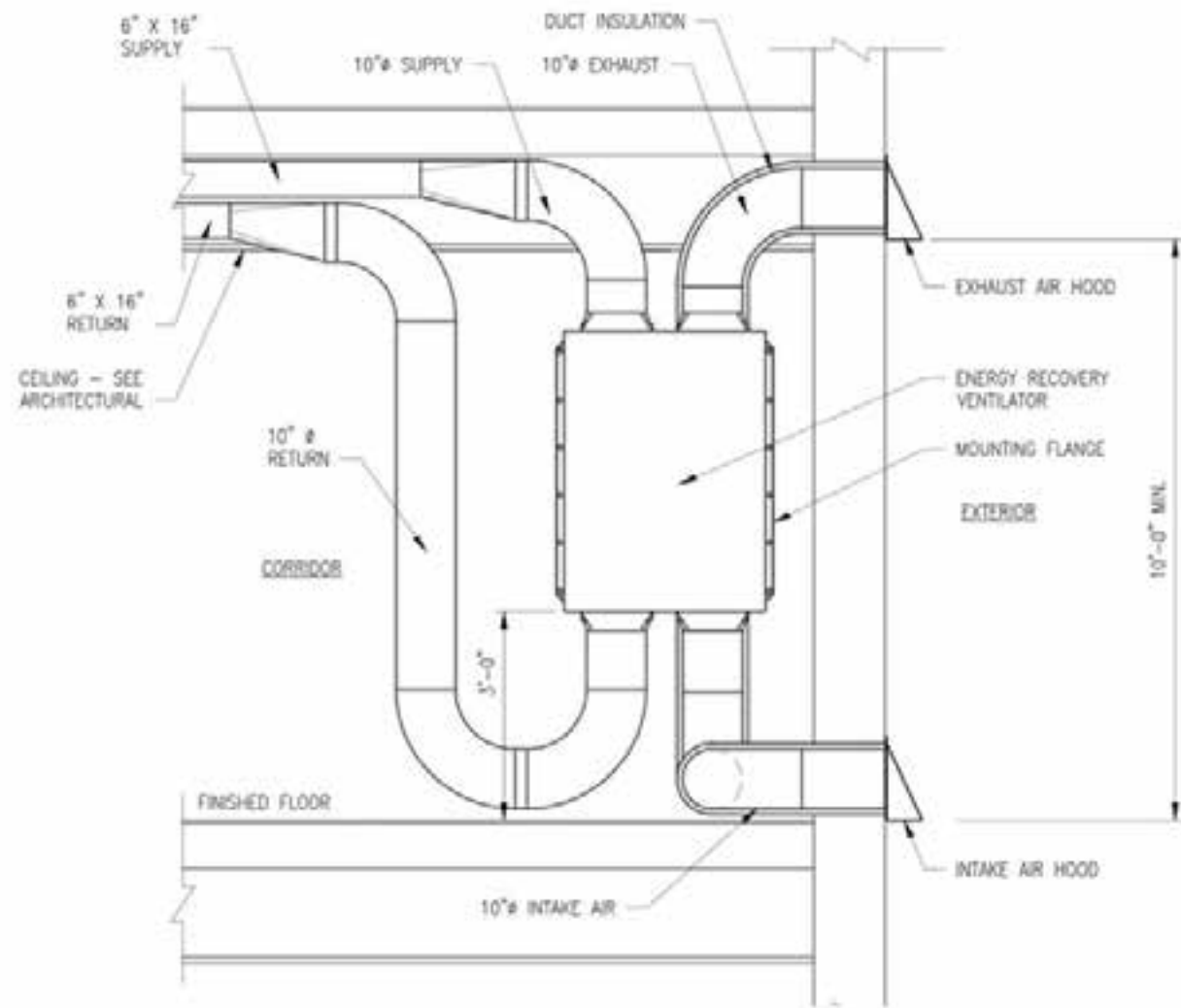
# Things To Consider For Passive House



- “Air-Tight” Windows – Not Really New But Not Always A Quick Sell – Does It Meet All The Needs
- Heat Pump Clothes Dryers – Are They The Right Option For The Project
- Generators – What Needs Backup?
- “Air-Tight” & ADA Compliant Exterior Doors – Not Readily Available In Commercial Construction
- 3/8” PEX Domestic Water Piping – It’s Out There, Use It – Caution! No Fittings
- Air-Tight Electrical Boxes – Variety Works







4  
M500

## UPPER FLOOR ERV MOUNTING DETAIL

SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"

### NOTES:

1. DETAIL REFLECTS SECOND AND FOURTH FLOOR CONDITIONS. DUCTWORK AND ERV MOUNTING IS REVERSED ON THIRD FLOOR.
2. PROVIDE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED MAINTENANCE CLEARANCE.



Mastic Duct-Sealing – 1 Option For Duct Tightness



Central Boiler Plant – 1 Option For Domestic Hot Water

# Conclusion

- Cost is manageable.
- Details need to be constructable
- Schedule impact is minimal.
- Education is key.
- Better buildings are very achievable.

# Acknowledgements





# > QUESTIONS?

This concludes The American Institute  
of Architects Continuing Education  
Systems Course

**Ryan Sylvia, P.E.**

AlliedCook Construction, Inc.

[rsylvia@alliedcook.com](mailto:rsylvia@alliedcook.com)