Mid-Rise Wood Construction

Navigating Codes and Detailing Assemblies

Presented by Brian Kuhn, P.E.



Presentation Outline

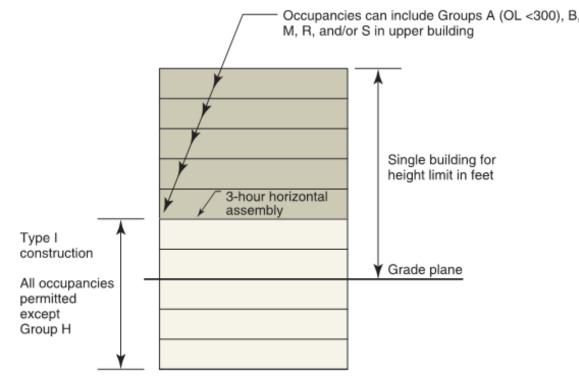
- General Code Topics
 - Podium Basics
 - High-rises
 - Firestop Special Inspections
 - Stair Construction
 - Exterior Walls: NFPA 285 and Projections
 - Fire Walls
 - Vertical Openings
 - Occupied Roofs
- Details and Assemblies
- Fire Safety During Construction



General Code

Podium Code Basics

- Under 2015 IBC, multiple stories are now allowed below 3-hr podium per Section 510.2.
 Construction below podium is Type IA construction.
- Wood mid-rise podium construction is typically either Type IIIA (5 stories) or Type VA (4 stories). Note that it is possible to have a high-rise wood "mid-rise" Construction Type III building. T-504.3 allows for Type IIIA Group R occupancy to be 85' above Grade Plane.
- 602.3 requires that Type III exterior walls are non-combustible. Fire-retardant treated wood framing is permitted.



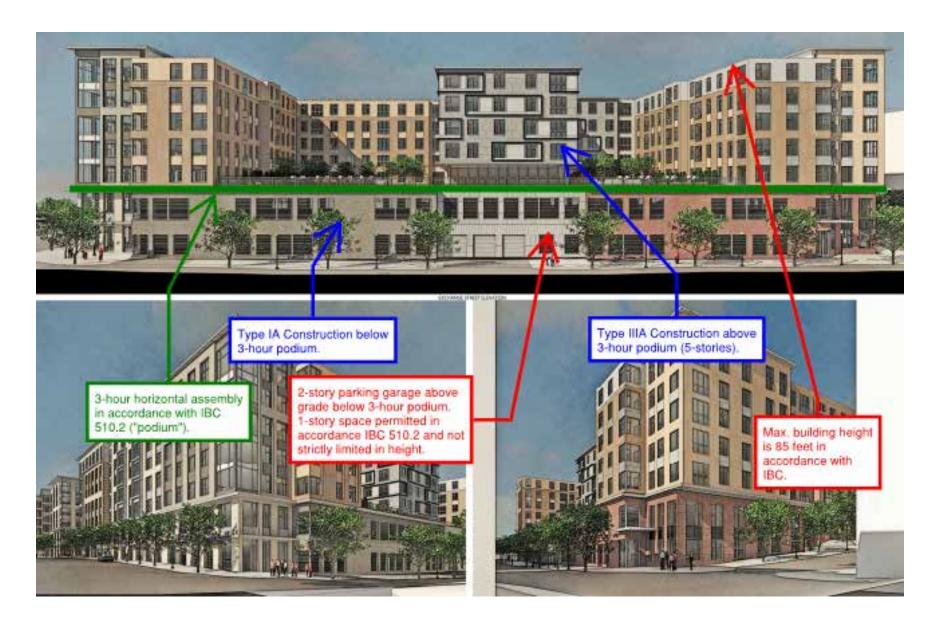
Portions above and below 3-hour horizontal assembly to be considered separate buildings for:

- · Allowable area
- Number of stories
- Fire wall continuity

Horizontal building separation



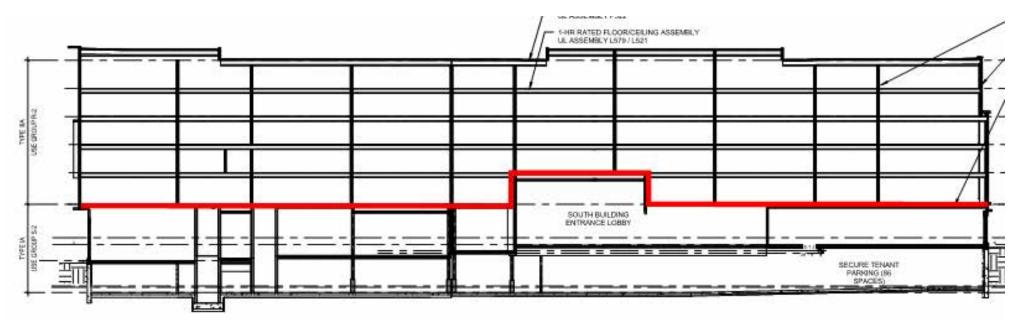
Podium Code Basics





Podium Construction – Bump Ups

• To maintain separation, jog 3-hr fire ratings at up- and down-turns. Vertical wall is often termed "Vertical Separation Wall"





Podium Construction – Bump Ups

- Openings limited to 25% the length of the 3-hr wall (unless tested with the wall)
- Open stair and adjacency to elevators for accessible route



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- 602.3 requires that Type III exterior walls are non-combustible. Fire-retardant treated wood framing is permitted.

TABLE 504.3*

LLOWABLE BUILDING HEIGHT IN FEET ABOVE GRADE PLANE

OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION				TYPE OF	CONSTR	UCTION			A 8 50 4 70 6								
	1220000000	TYPE		TYPER		TYPER		TYPE IV	TYPEV								
	SEE FOOTNOTES	A	В	A		A	B	нт									
A, B, E, F, M, S, U	NS*	UL	160	65	55	65	55	65	50	4							
		UL	180	85	75	85	75.	85	70	- 6							
H-1, H-2, H-3, H-5	NS ⁻¹	UL.	160	65	55	65	55	65	50	4							
	S																
H-4	NS ^{1,4}	UL.	160	65	55	65	55	65	50	-4							
	S	UL	180	85	75	85	75	85	70	- 6							
I-1 Condition 1, I-3	NS ^{L+}	UL	160	65	55	65	55	- 65	50	4							
	8	UL	180	85	75	85	75	85	70	6							
1-1 Condition 2, 1-2	NS ^{1,1}	UL	160	65	55	65	55	65	50	4							
	S	UL	180	.85													
14	NS ^{4,0}	UL	160	65	55	65.	55	65	50	- 4							
14	8.	UL	180	85	75	85	75	85	70	- 6							
R	NS ^{4,a}	UL	160	65	- 55	65	55	65	50	-4							
	\$13R	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	- 6							
	S	17L	180	85	75	85	75	85	.70	6							

TABLE 504.4. —continued ALLOWABLE NUMBER OF STORIES ABOVE GRADE PLANE

OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION	TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION											
		TYPEI		TYPER		TYPE III		TYPEN	TYPE V			
	SEE FOOTNOTES	Α.	D.	A	8	Α.	0	нт	Á			
R-I	NS ^{4,5}	UL,	11)	4	4	4	4	4	3	2		
	S13R	4.	4						4	- 3		
	5	UL	12	. 3	3	- 3	5	- 5	4	3		
у2	NS ^{LI}	UL	13:	4			#	4	3	2		
	S13R	4	4	4	4	14			4	3		
	S	UL.	12:	. 5	5.	- 3	5.	- 5	4	3		
R-3	NS ^{1,8}	UL	10:	4 4		-	4	4	3	3		
	\$13R	4	4		40	134			4	-4		
	S	UL	12	5	5	.5	5	5	4	- 4		
R.4	NS4.5	UL	- 11	4	- 2	4	4	4	3	- 2		
	S13R	. 4	4		4				4	- 3		
	S	UL	12	5	5	5	5	5	4	3		
5-1	NS	UL	11:	4	2	3	2	- 4	3.	- 1		
	S	UL.	12	5	3.	4	3	- 5	4	2		
S-2	NS	UL	11	5	3	4	- 3	4	4	. 2		
	S	UL	12	6	4	- 5	4	5	5	3		
U	NS	UL	5	- 4	2	3	2	4	2	- 1		
	S	UL	6	5	3	- 4	2	- 5	3	- 2		

Podium Code Basics

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 Construction below podium is Type IA construction.
- Wood mid-rise podium construction is typically either Type IIIA (5 stories) or Type VA (4 stories). Note that it is possible to have a high-rise wood "mid-rise" Construction Type III building. T-504.3 allows for Type IIIA Group R occupancy to be 85' above Grade Plane.
- 602.3 requires that Type III exterior walls are non-combustible. Fire-retardant treated wood framing is permitted.

CHAPTER 6

TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION

GENERAL

601.1 Scope. The provisions of this chapter shall control the classification of buildings as to type of construction.

SECTION 602 CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION

602.1 General. Buildings and structures erected or to be erected, altered or extended in height or area shall be classified in one of the five construction types defined in Sections 602.2 through 602.5. The building elements shall have a fire-resistance rating not less than that specified in Table 601 and exterior walls shall have a fire-resistance rating not less than that specified in Table 602. Where required to have a fire-resistance rating by Table 601, building elements shall comply with the applicable provisions of Section 703.2. The protection of openings, dacts and air transfer openings in building elements shall not be required unless required by other provisions of this code.

602.1.1 Minimum requirements. A building or portion thereof shall not be required to conform to the details of a type of construction higher than that type which meets the minimum requirements based on occupancy even though certain features of such a building actually conform to a higher type of construction. 602.2 Types I and II. Types I and II construction are those types of construction in which the building elements listed in Table 601 are of noncombustible materials, except as permitted in Section 603 and elsewhere in this code.

602.3 Type III. Type III construction is that type of construction in which the exterior walls are of noncombustible materials and the interior building elements are of any material permitted by this code. Fire-returdant-treated wood framing complying with Section 2303.2 shall be permitted within exterior wall assemblies of a 2-hour rating or less.

602.4 Type IV. Type IV construction (Heavy Timber, HT) is that type of construction in which the exterior walls are of noncombustible materials and the interior building elements are of solid or laminated wood without concealed spaces. The details of Type IV construction shall comply with the provisions of this section and Section 2304.11. Exterior walls complying with Section 602.4.1 or 602.4.2 shall be permitted. Minimum solid sawn nominal dimensions are required for structures built using Type IV construction (HT). For glued-laminated members and structural composite lumber (SCL) members, the equivalent net finished width and depths corresponding to the minimum nominal width and depths of solid sawn lumber are required as specified in Table 602.4. Cross-laminated timber (CLT) dimensions used in this section are actual dimensions.

TABLE 601 FIRE-RESISTANCE RATING REQUIREMENTS FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS (HOURS)

(A. 1900 A. 19	TYP	TYPEI		TYPES		TYPE III		TYP	M. A.
BUILDING ELEMENT		. 0	A	. 8	A		HT	A	D
Primary structural frame! (see Section 202)	32	.2	- 1	0	1	0	HT	-1	.0
Bearing walls Exterior Interior	3 3	7 7	1	0	2	2 0	2 1/HT	1	0
Nonbearing walls and partitions Exterior	See Table 642								
Nonbearing walls and partitions Interior	0	0	0	0	0	0	Section 602.4.6	0	0
Ploor construction and associated secondary members (see Section 202)	2	2	1	0	1	0	HT	4	0
Roof construction and associated secondary members (see Section 202)	11/2	Lyn	I.e.	0"	140	0	HT	Inc	0

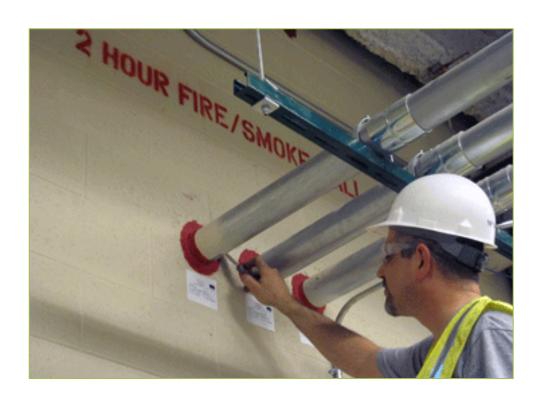
High-Rise

- Fire Command Center: 1-hr room at Ground Floor lobby with minimum 200 sf area and minimum dimension of 10 ft
- Fire pump: with reliable secondary power source (i.e. generator)
- Fire pump room: dedicated 2-hr room that is accessed directly from the exterior or by way of a 2-hr rated enclosure
- Emergency voice/alarm communication system
- Luminescent means of egress markings
- Pressurized exit stairs
- Elevator lobbies or permitted alternative
- Post-fire smoke removal



Firestop Special Inspections

- Special inspections required for firestopping in all high-rise (new or existing) and/or Risk Category III or IV buildings
- 10% witness installation or 2% destructive testing; inspections increase with failure rates. Very detailed.
- Inspector cannot be an installer, contractor, or manufacturer of firestopping products
- Industry not generally prepared for this
- Could have schedule impacts

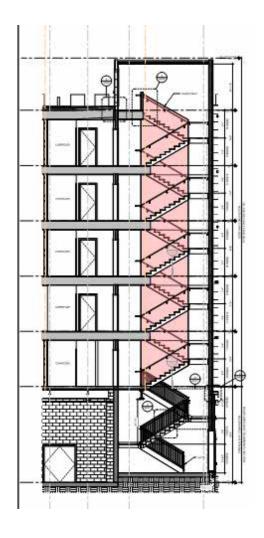




Podium Construction – Stairs

- What material is allowed for stairs that span both construction types?
- Safe bet pre-2021 IBC is wood above podium; noncombustible construction below. Some AHJs have allowed wood throughout.
- 2021 IBC will have changes to allow it more prescriptively

1011.7 Stairway construction. Stairways shall be built of materials consistent with the types permitted for the type of construction of the building, except that wood *handrails* shall be permitted for all types of construction.





Combustible Facades & NFPA 285

- Type III exterior walls of certain heights require NFPA 285 testing when they include foam plastic insulation, combustible facades, or combustible AVBs
- Prior test standard did not accommodate FRT wood-framed backup walls, which are allowed by building code – there was a gap. The standard has been recently revised.



5.7 Construction Details of Test Specimen.

N 5.7.1 General.

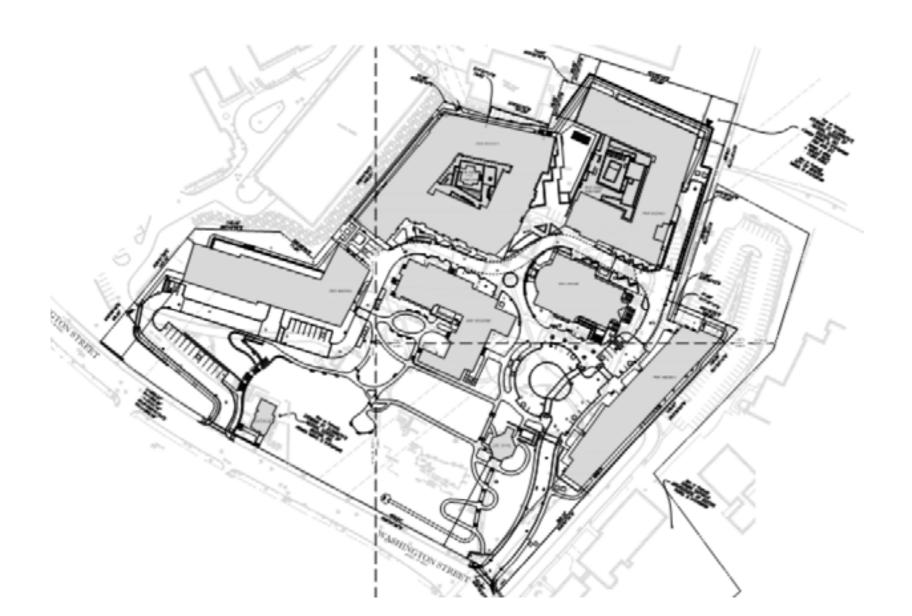
- **5.7.1.1** The test specimen shall be constructed and secured to the test frame or apparatus using fastening and construction details representative of actual field installations in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- **5.7.1.2*** Details of the construction of the test specimen shall be representative of actual field installations in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 5.7.1.3* The framing system used to support the wall assembly that makes up the test specimen shall consist of steel study or wood study.



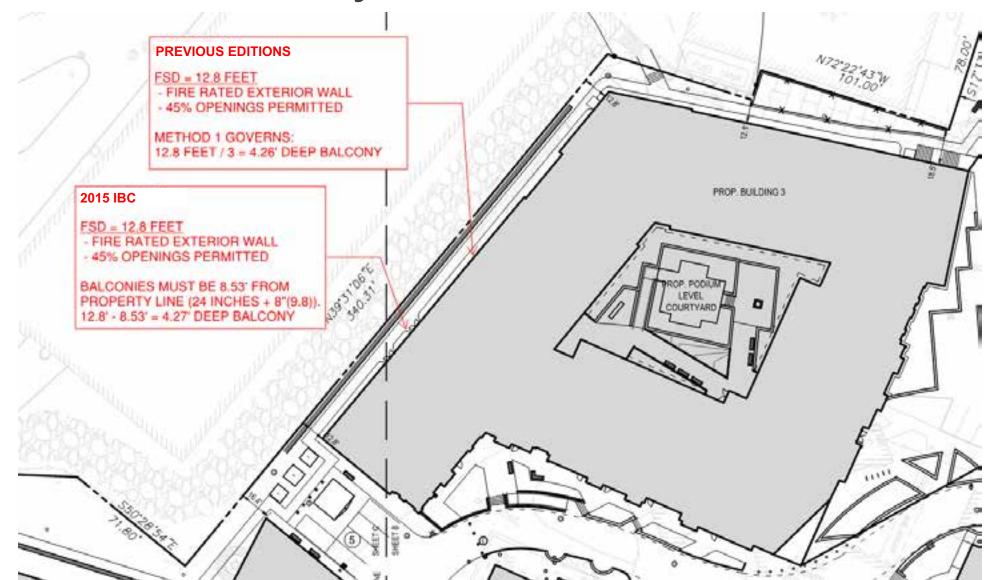
TABLE 705.2 MINIMUM DISTANCE OF PROJECTION

FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE (FSD)	MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM LINE USED TO DETERMINE FSD					
0 feet to 2 feet	Projections not permitted					
Greater than 2 feet to 3 feet	24 inches					
Greater than 3 feet to less than 30 feet	24 inches plus 8 inches for every foot of FSD beyond 3 feet or fraction thereof					
30 feet or greater	20 feet					

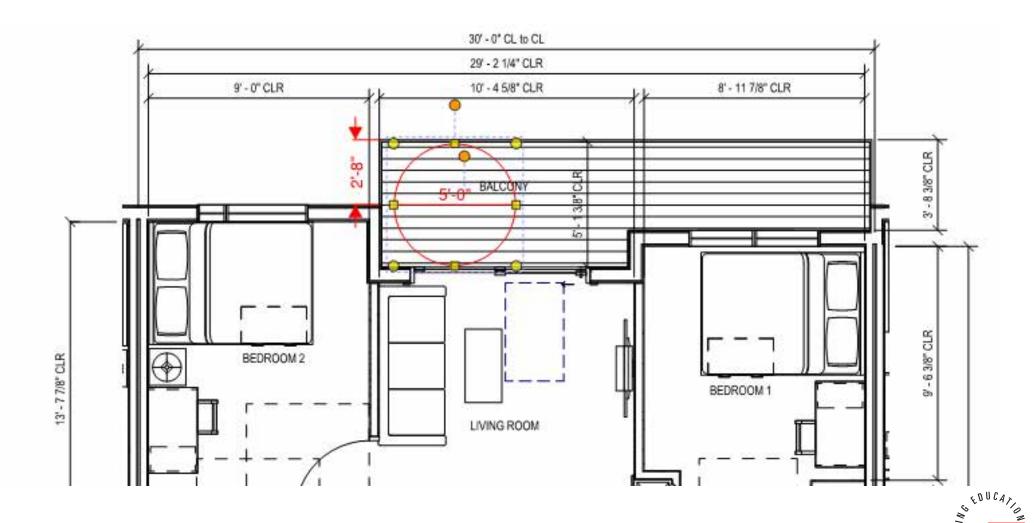






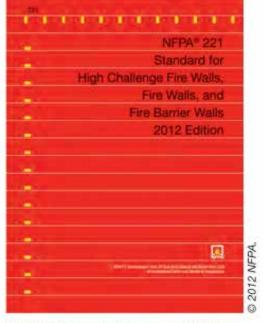






Podium Construction – Fire Walls

- Reference to NFPA 221 for use of:
 - Tied fire walls
 - Cantilevered fire walls
 - Double fire walls

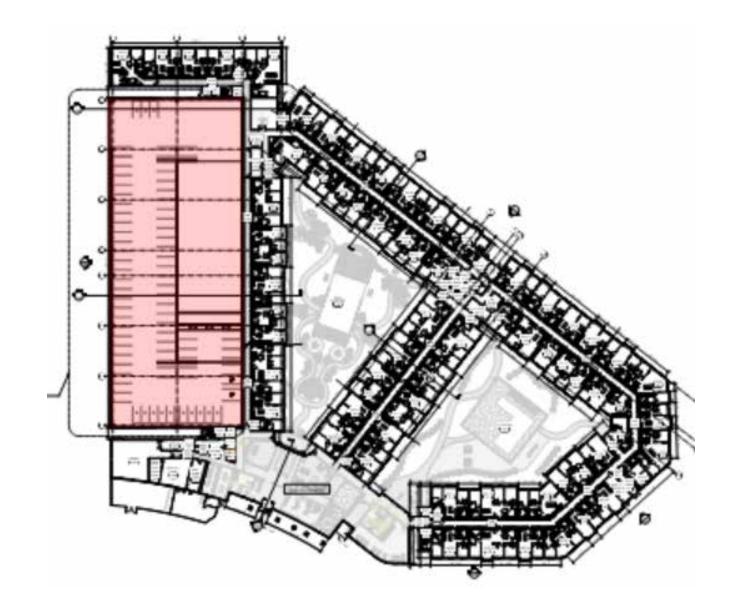


Minimum clear space No connections between per NFPA 221, Table A5.7 fire walls other than flashing Minimum fire wall rating (in hours) Rating of Total double individual walls wall rating Double fire wall



NFPA 221 Standard. Courtesy of NFPA.

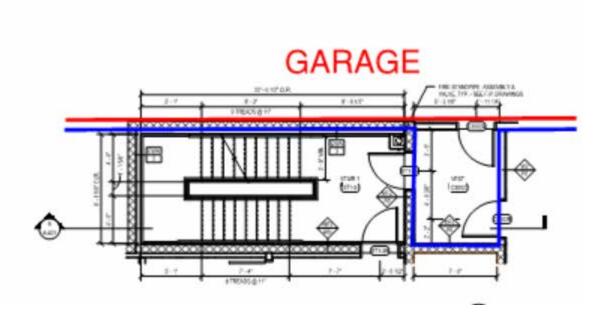
Podium Construction – Fire Walls





Podium Construction – Fire Walls







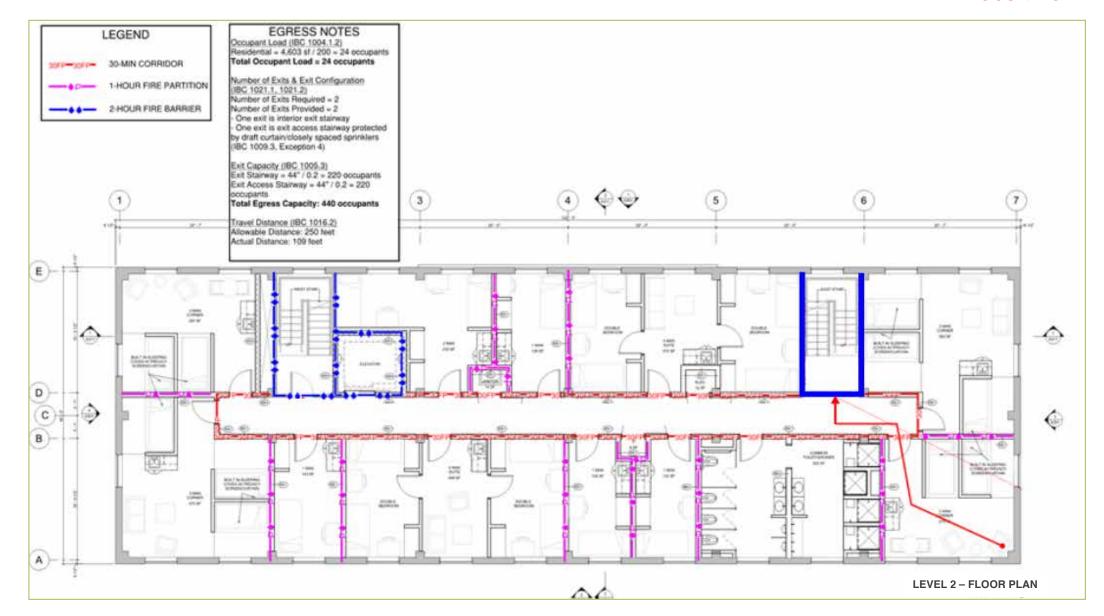
Vertical Openings

- 2015 IBC: reorganization of requirements for clarity
- Previously combined with shafts Shafts now located in Section 713
- Intended to clarify floor opening requirements:
 - Elevator/escalator openings with fire shutters or draft stops with closely-spaced sprinklers
 - Two-story openings
 - Open exit access stairs reference to Section 1019 for configuration



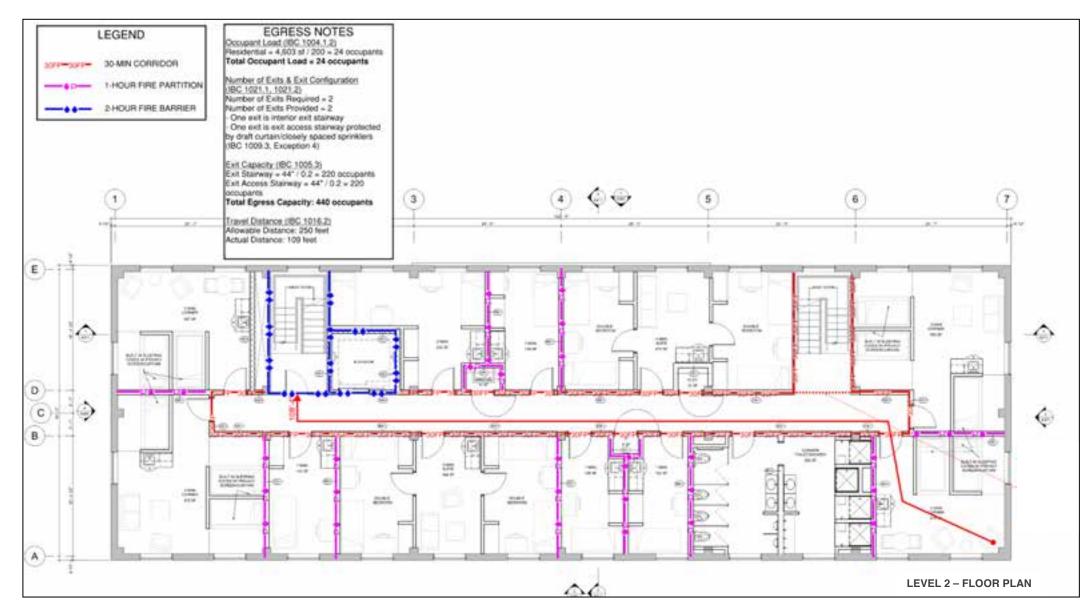
2009 IBC

Vertical Openings



2015 IBC

Vertical Openings



Occupied Roofs

- 2015 IBC Requirements:
 - Addresses required number of exits
 - Does not address height and area

1006.3 Egress from stories or occupied roofs. The means of egress system serving any story or occupied roof shall be provided with the number of exits or access to exits based on the aggregate occupant load served in accordance with this section. The path of egress travel to an exit shall not pass through more than one adjacent story.

Each *story* above the second *story* of a building shall have not less than one *interior* or *exterior exit stairway*, or interior or exterior *exit ramp*. Where three or more *exits* or access to *exits* are required, not less than 50 percent of the required *exits* shall be interior or exterior *exit stairways* or *ramps*.

Exceptions:

- 1. Interior exit stairways and interior exit ramps are not required in open parking garages where the means of egress serves only the open parking garage.
- Interior exit stairways and interior exit ramps are not required in outdoor facilities where all portions of the means of egress are essentially open to the outside.



Occupied Roofs





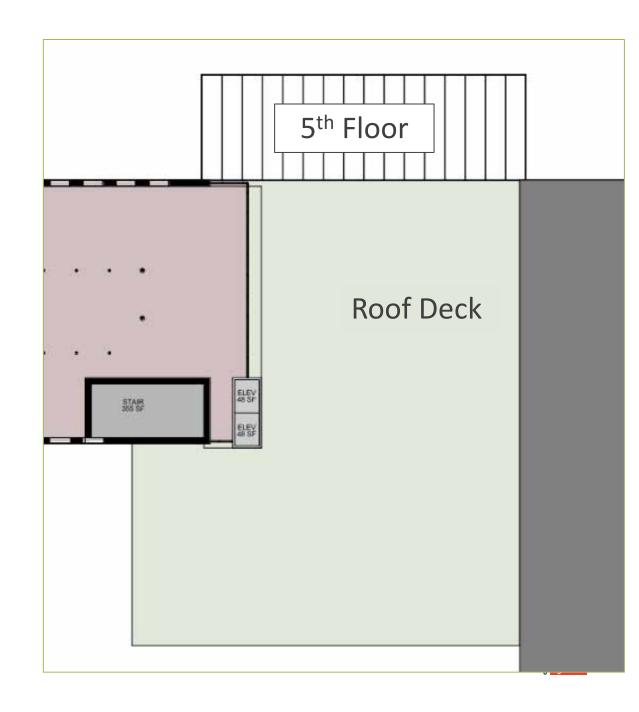
• 2018 IBC clarifies:

- Roof deck is permitted provided the occupancy of the roof complies with Table 504.4 for story located below the roof (no limit if building is sprinklered)
- Roof deck is not required to be included in building area
- Elements and structures located on roof deck are not permitted to exceed 48" above occupied roof area



Occupied Roofs

- Example:
 - Existing Type IIIB building
 - Fully sprinklered
 - Groups B & A-3
 - 5 stories
- Assembly <u>within</u> building would be limited to 3 stories above grade
- Open roof deck permitted since building is sprinklered
- Note: Egress requirements must still be met



Assemblies & Details

Loadbearing Exterior Walls

- 2-hour Load Bearing Exterior Wall
 - UL W408 (*FSD)
 - UL U349 (*FSD)

Design No. U349

December 05, 2017

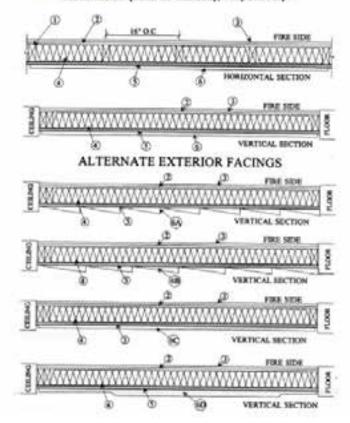
Bearing Wall Rating - 2 Hr

(EXPOSED TO FIRE ON INTERIOR FACE ONLY)

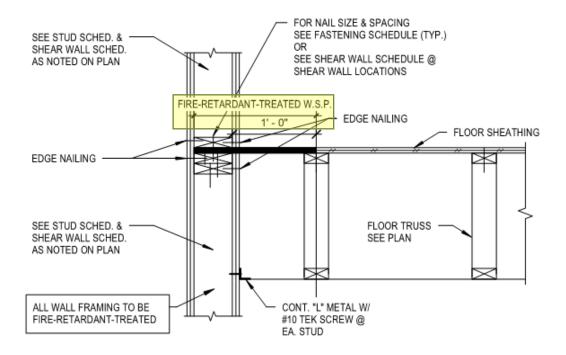
For Wood Studs, Finish Rating - 55 min

This design was evaluated using a load design method other than the Limit States Design Method (e.g., Working Stress Design Method). For jurisdictions employing the Limit States Design Method, such as Canada, a load restriction factor shall be used — See Guide BXUV or BXUV7

 Indicates such products shall bear the UL or cUL Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or cUL Certification (such as Canada), respectively.



Floors Framing into Exterior Walls



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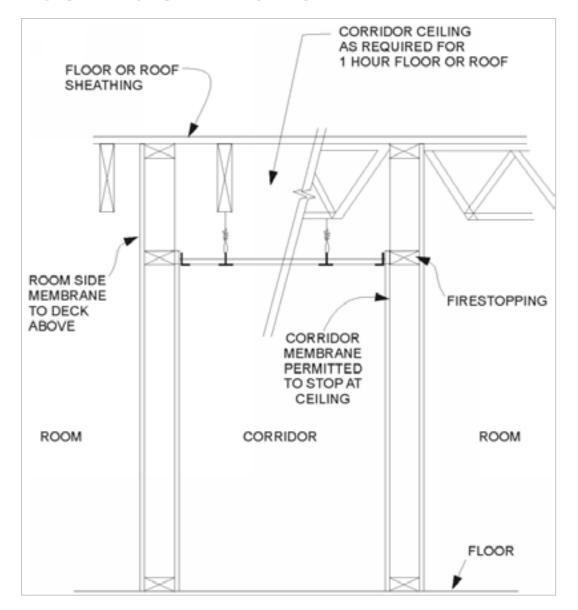
Corridor Walls

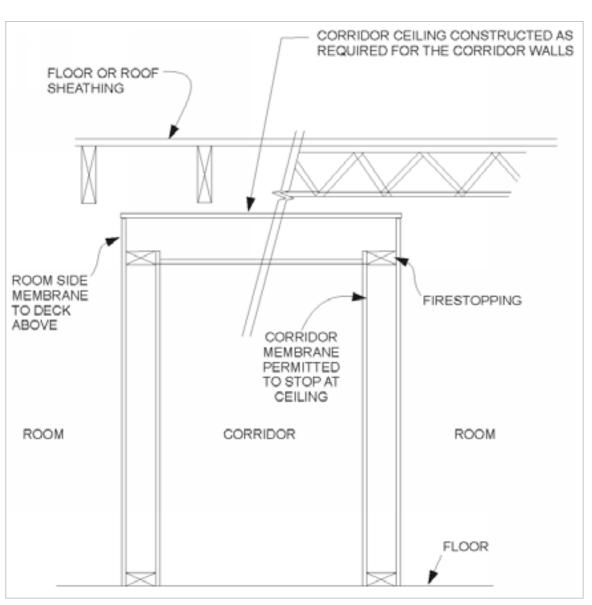
 Interior bearing walls and floor-ceiling assemblies required to be 1-hr under Type IIIA and VA.
 Note exceptions to IBC 708.4.





Corridor Walls





- Demising Walls
 - UL U341

- 1-hour Floors
 - UL L563, System 2 (gypcrete)
 - UL L529, System 1 (no gypcrete)
 - UL L579, System 3 & 5 (gyp/mat)

1. Flooring System - The flooring system shall consist of one of the following:

System No. 1

Subflooring — Min 23/32 in. thick T & G wood structural panels, min grade "Underlayment" or "Single-Floor".
Face grain of plywood or strength axis of panels to be perpendicular to the trusses with end joints staggered 4 ft.
Panels secured to trusses with construction adhesive and No. 6d ringed shank nails spaced 12 in. OC along each truss. Adhesive applied as 3/8 in. diam bead to top chord of trusses and grooved edges of plywood or panels.

Design No. L563

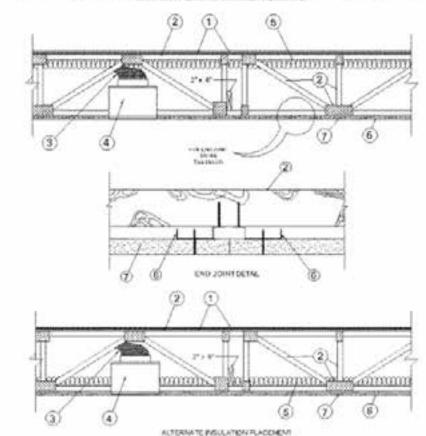
Jamuary 09, 3018

Unrestrained Assembly Rating - 1/2 Hr. 1 Hr (See Item 1, System 1)

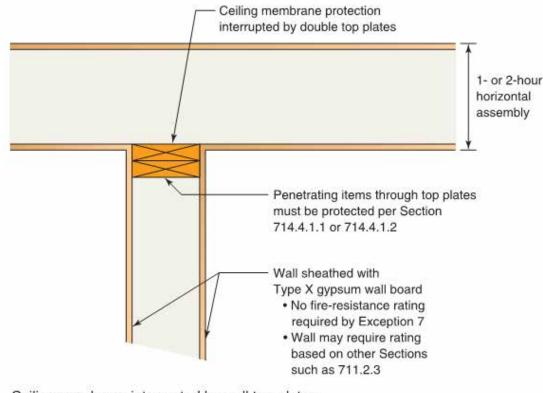
Finish Rating - 25 Min (See Items 5 or 5A and 7), 10 Min. (See Items 6E and 7A)

This design was evaluated using a load design method other than the Limit States Design Method (e.g., Working Stress Design Method). For jurisdictions employing the Limit States Design Method, such as Canada, a load restriction factor shall be used — See Guide RXXV = RXXV =

* Indicates such products shall bear the UL or cUL Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or cUL Certification (such as Canada), respectively.



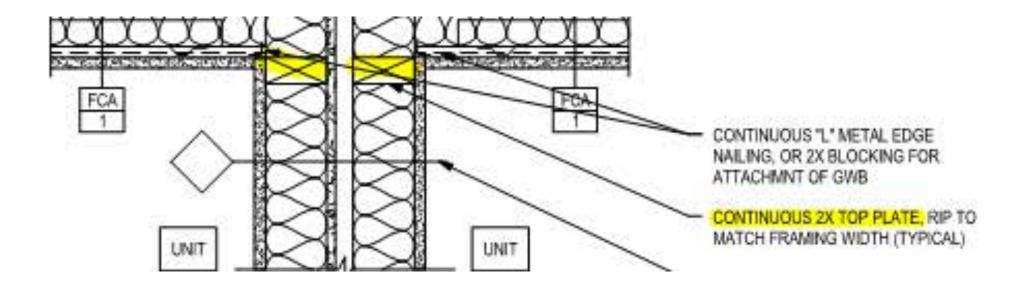
- Ceiling Membrane Interruption
- New to 2015 IBC: Exception 7 to §714.4.2
 - The ceiling membrane of 1- and 2-hour fire-resistance-rated horizontal assemblies is permitted to be interrupted with the double wood top plate of a wall assembly that is sheathed with Type X gypsum wallboard, provided that all penetrating items through the double top plates are protected in accordance with Section 714.1.1 or 714.4.1.2 and the ceiling membrane is tight to the top plates





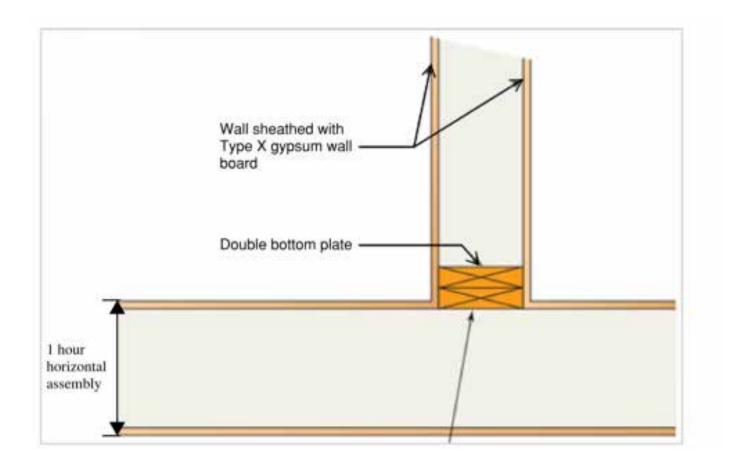


Ceiling Membrane Interruption





Floor System Interruption





Floor System Interruption

Design No. L529

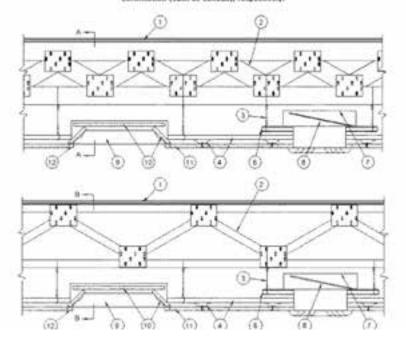
January 08, 2018

Unrestrained Assembly Rating - 1 Hr.

Finish Rating - 22 Min.

This design was evaluated using a load design method other than the Limit States Design Method (e.g., Working Stress Design Method). For jurisdictions employing the Limit States Design Method, such as Canada, a load restriction factor shall be insed — See Gaide (SUI) or (SUIV)?

 Indicates such products shall bear the UL or CUI, Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or CUI, Certification (such as Canada), respectively.





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Fire Safety During Construction

Minimum Compliance No Longer Cutting It

- Site superintendent responsible for fire safety
- Zero detection until FD F/A test
- Zero suppression until C of O
- One dry manual standpipe
- Stockpiling of combustibles
- Stair installation when subs are coordinated
- Dumpsters near buildings with non-FRT trash chutes
- Phased occupancy





Features for Consideration

- Strong NFPA 241 Plan
- Fire Protection Program Manager (FPPM)
- Passive barriers complete with rated doors installed
- Wireless detection and monitoring
- Onsite security with training and education
- Infrared scanning after hot work
- Active suppression during construction with central station monitoring





> QUESTIONS?

This concludes The American Institute of Architects Continuing Education Systems Course

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