# Design Strategies for Podium and Wrapper Buildings

Presented by Brian Gobell, AIA / Principal



Disclaimer: This presentation was developed by a third party and is not funded by WoodWorks or the Softwood Lumber Board.

# Podium and Wrapper Buildings

- 1- Understanding the Context of the Building Code
- 2- Applying Code Limitations to Podium and Wrapper Designs
- 3- Design Challenges with Type III Construction
- 4- Cost and Density Summary
- 5- Case Studies



### Podium and Wrapper Buildings

#### **GENERAL CONTEXT:**

- Code References from 2021 International Building Code (for new construction)
- Multi-family (IBC Use Group R-2); multi-level

### MIXED-USE BUILDING COMPONENTS/ USES INCLUDE:

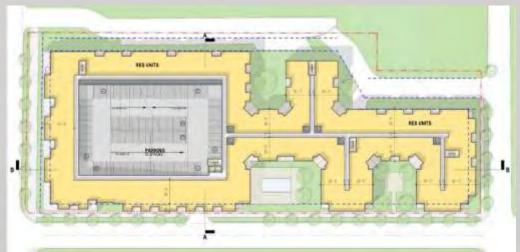
- RESIDENTIAL (R-2) and PARKING (S-2)
- Can also include RETAIL (M), RESTAURANT (A-2) and/or OFFICE (B)

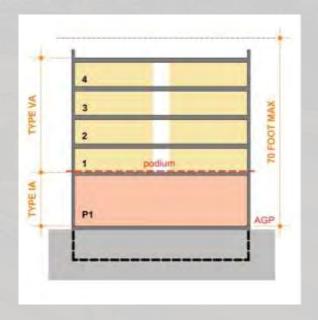


### Podium and Wrapper Buildings

#### **TYPOLOGY DEFINITIONS:**

- "Wrapper" typically refers to a parking garage "wrapped" by wood-framed residential; aka "donut" or "Texas donut"
- "Podium" typically refers to wood-framed, residential construction above a concrete (or steel-framed) base or "podium"; aka "pedestal"
- Neither of these terms are found in IBC
- Both are cost effective strategies for moderate density, mid-rise, multi-family design (5 – 8 stories)





### **Building Code**

#### **CONSTRUCTION TYPES:**

- Types I and II: non-combustible (NC); concrete, steel, metal stud
- Type III: non-combustible exterior + combustible interior; FRT allowed for Type III [602.3]
- Type IV: combustible; heavy timber (HT) and cross-laminated timber (CLT); 2021 IBC updates to expand limitations
- Type V: combustible; standard wood



# **Building Code**

TABLE 504.3
ALLOWABLE BUILDING HEIGHT IN FEET ABOVE GRADE PLANE®

OCCUPANCY					TYPE	OF CO	NSTRU	CTION					
CLASSIFICATION	See	Ту	pe I	Тур	e II	Тур	e III		Туре	IV		Тур	e V
	Footnotes	A	В	A	В	A	В	Α	8	C	HT	Α	В
A, B, E, F, M, S, U	S	UL	180	85	75	85	75	270	180	85	85	70	60
I RN I	\$13R	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
11	S	UL	180	85	75	85	75	270	180	85	85	70	.60

TABLE 504.4
ALLOWABLE NUMBER OF STORIES ABOVE GRADE PLANE<sup>1, b</sup>

Assistant I				TYP	E OF C	ONSTR	UCTIO	N					
CLASSIFICATION	See	Ту	pe I	Тур	e II	Тур	e III		Туре	IV		Typ	oe V
1	Footnotes	A	В	A	В	A	В	A	В	c	нт	Α	8
24	NS.	In	32		2		2	1	-1	3		2	
A-2	S	UL	12	4	3	4	3	18	12	6	4	3	2
8	No	UI	31	5	3	5	3	5	5	3	5	3	2
В	\$	UL	12	6	4	6	4	18	12	9	6	4	Ve
М	745:	UL	21	4	2	4	.2	4	4	19	4	3	3
IVI	5	UL	12	5	3	5	3	12	8	6	5	4	7
	Majo	OR	2.1	+					1	1		4	3
R-2 <sup>h</sup>	513R	4	4	1								4	1
	S	UL	12	5	5	.5.	5	18	12	8	5	4	3
***	NS	UL	11	5	3	4	3	0	181	1	5	1	T.
5-2	S	UL	12	6	4	5	4	121	8	8	5	5	-

# **Building Code**

#### **Building Code Considerations for Typical Podium & Wrapper Buildings**

Construction Type (IBC)

Number of Stories (max)

Building Height (max)

Allowable Area (SF) \*

**Exterior Materials** 

Interior Materials

2021 IBC Ref.	R-2 (Residential) and Fully Sprinklered (NFPA 13)							
Chapter 6	Type IA (NC)	Type IIIA (NC+C)	Type VA (C)					
T504.4	Unlimited	5	4					
T504.3	Unlimited	85 feet	70 feet					
T506.2	Unlimited	72,000 *	36,000 *					
	(NC) Metal Stud, Concrete, Steel	(NC) FRT wood [602.3]	(C) Standard Wood					
	(NC) Metal Stud, Concrete, Steel	(C) Standard Wood	(C) Standard Wood					

(NC) = Non-combustible; (C) = Combustible

\* not including frontage increase [506.3]

### Wrapper Buildings

#### **CONSIDERATIONS:**

- Cost effective design employing structured parking garages
- "Open" garages [406.5] do not require mechanical ventilation or sprinklers
- For open garages, a minimum separation distance of 10 feet is required [406.5.6]
- "Enclosed" garages [406.6] require both mechanical ventilation [406.6.2] and sprinklers [406.6.3]

Although interesting, this is not a wrapper.

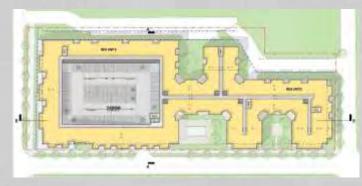


**Rendering by Eric Owen Moss Architects** 

### Wrapper Buildings

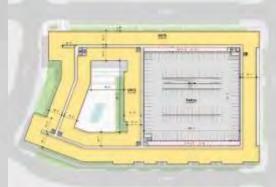
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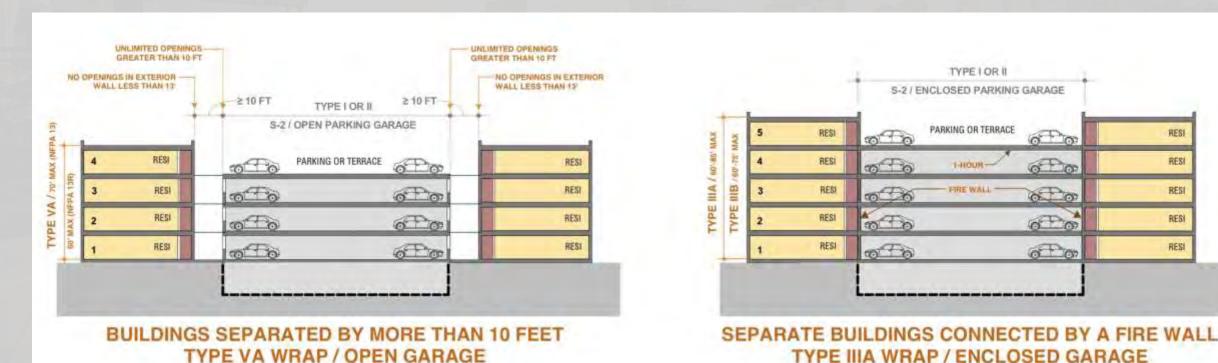




# Wrapper Buildings

#### **CONSIDERATIONS and CHALLENGES:**

Lot size, garage connection, construction phasing and inefficiency



RESI

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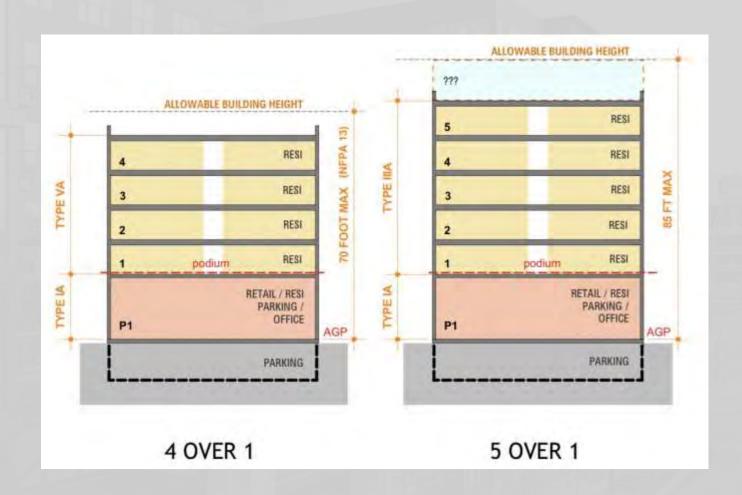
#### **CONSIDERATIONS:**

- Allows for construction of additional stories
   by separating a building by a 3-hour
   horizontal separation [510.2.1]
- Non-combustible, Type IA is required below the podium [510.2.2]
- Limited by the allowable height and stories by the lesser construction (Type III or Type V)
- Height is measured from the Average Grade
   Plane rather than from the top of the podium



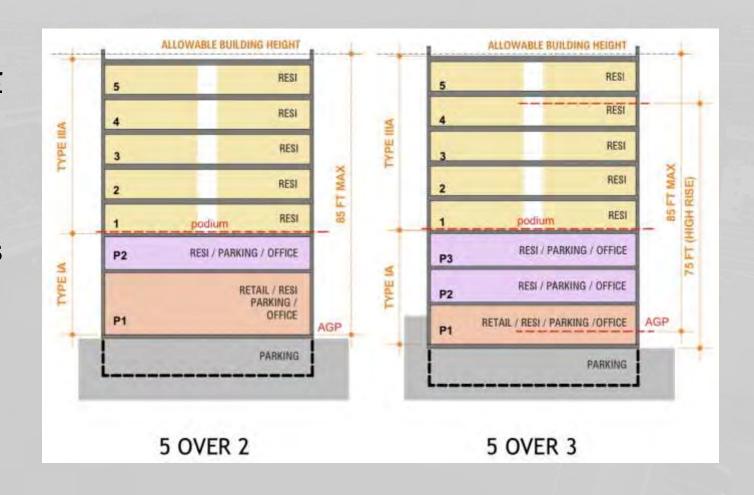
#### **CONSIDERATIONS** (con't):

- Podiums typically also serve as structural transfer slab
- Fire walls (if incorporated)
   are allowed to terminate at
   the podium
- Both allow open floor plan to benefit non-residential uses (parking, retail, office) but also dramatic amenity spaces and unique apartment design



#### **CONSIDERATIONS** (con't):

- 2015 IBC was revised to <u>not</u> limit the number of stories allowed below the podium
- Prevalence of many moreType IIIA podium structures
- High rise classification becomes a significant consideration



#### **DESIGN OPPORTUNITIES:**

 Tall and open ground level spaces for retail, restaurants, office or residential amenity

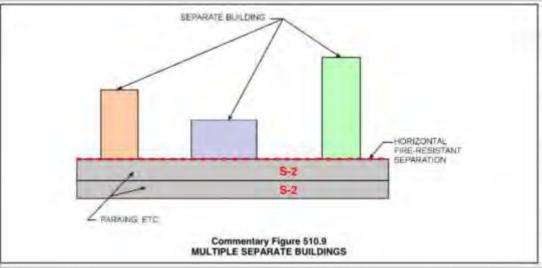






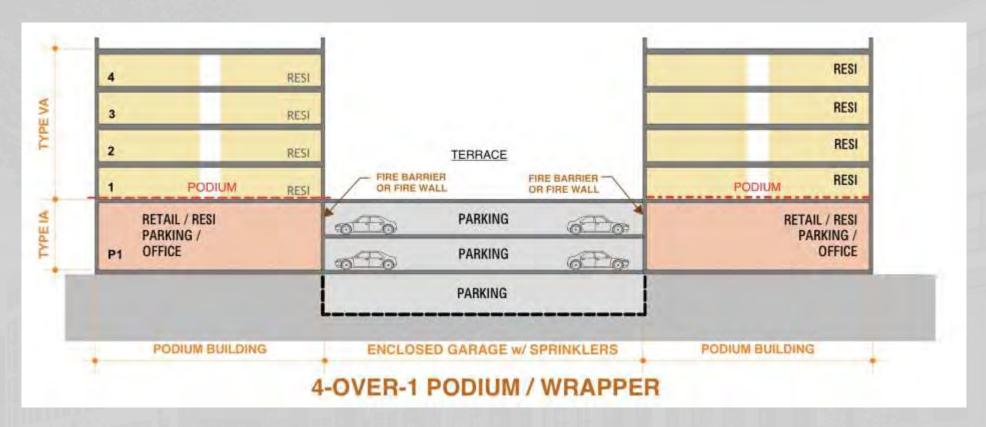




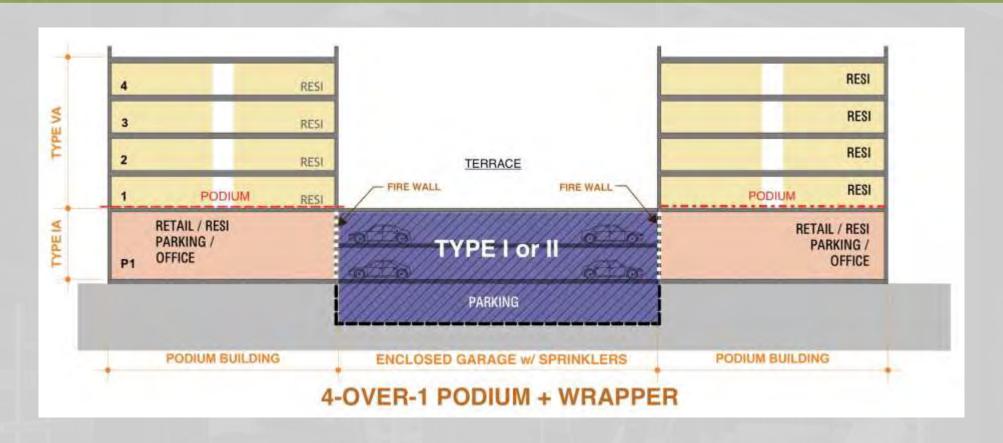


- Multiple buildings of differing construction types above a podium [510.9]
- S-2 parking garage below

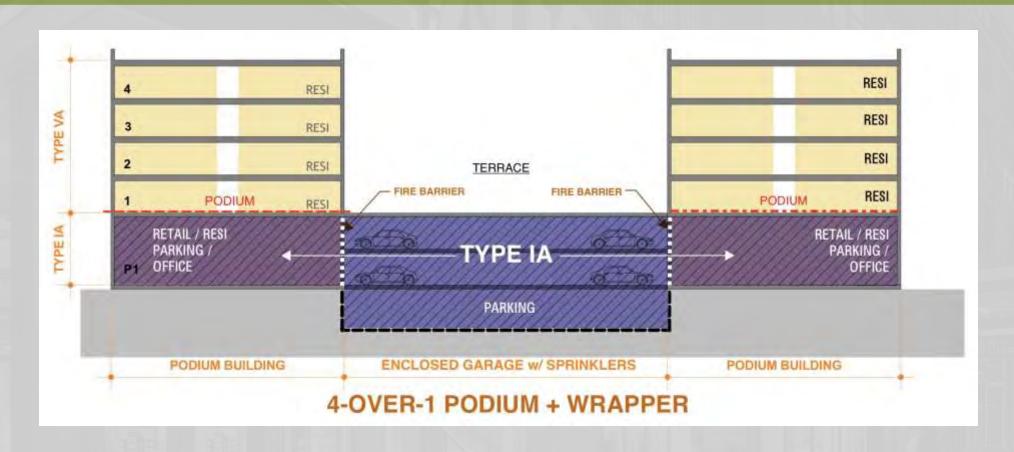




 Various strategies to combine mixed use podium with centralized parking

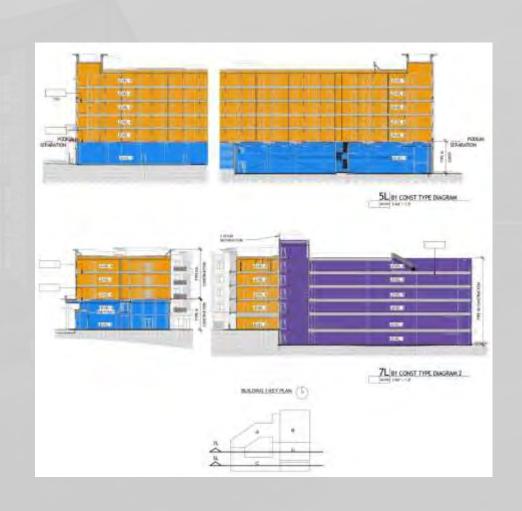


Separated mixed-use buildings employing fire walls [706]



Non-separated mixed-use employing fire barriers

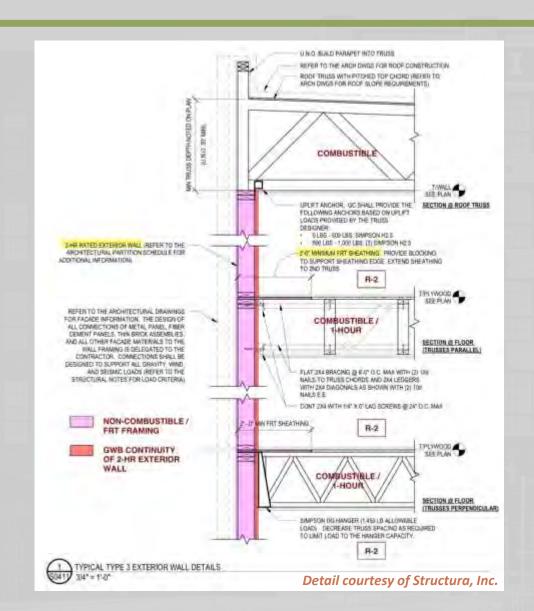




### Type III Construction

#### **CHALLENGES:**

- Load-bearing exterior walls are required to be 2-hours (Type IIIA)
- Continuity of 2-hour (NC) walls
   with 1-hour (C) floor assemblies
- Structural 'gymnastics' vs additional layer of GWB becomes a cost consideration
- NFPA 285



### Type III Construction

#### **TYPICAL ASSEMBLIES:**

- Exterior walls/ 2HR for Type IIIA:UL Design W408
  - Non-combustible vs Fire-rated
- Floors/ 1HR: UL Designs L521 & L528
  - Interstitial sprinkler elimination(NFPA 13) if filled with insulation
- Roofs/ 1HR: UL Design P522



# Cost and Density Summary





#### **Typology Comparison**

Site Area

Site Density / Yield

Overall Cost \*

**Parking Garage** 

Efficiency

Concrete construction

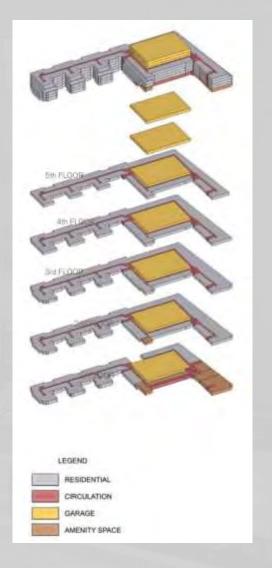
PODIUM	WRAPPER				
requires less	requires more				
higher (130 - 170 units / acre)	lower (70 - 100 units / acre)				
more costly (\$ 125 - 150 / SF) *	less costly (\$ 105 - 120 / SF) *				
cast-in-place / sprinklers required	precast / sprinklers may not be require				
higher / double-loaded corridors	lower / single-loaded corridors				
yes below podium	at garage only				

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;blended" cost including all building components (residential, parking & shell retail/office); pre-pandemic pricing

#### Union Wharf / Baltimore, MD

#### combination podium and wrapper





Novel Deep Ellum / Dallas, TX



5-over-2 podium with roof top amenity terrace



Glasshouse / Pittsburgh, PA

5-over-2 podium







# > QUESTIONS?

This concludes The American Institute of Architects Continuing Education Systems Course

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