1038 Fulton – A New Type of Timber Building For Chicago

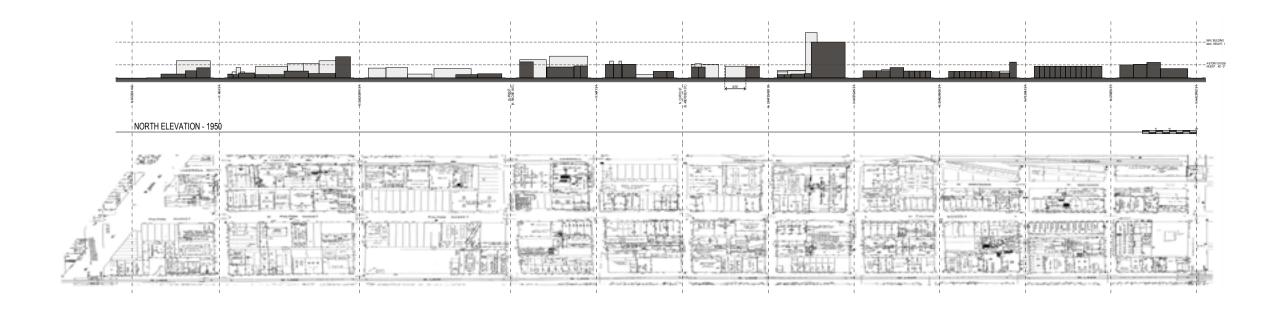
Presented by: John Mitchell

Hartshorne Plunkard Architecture



Disclaimer: This presentation was developed by a third party and is not funded by WoodWorks or the Softwood Lumber Board.

- 1. Provide an example of how an Alternative Code Approval was achieved in the City of Chicago.
- 2. Show how mass timber technology and codes are evolving.
- 3. Communicate some of the technical resources that are available for designers working with mass timber.
- 4. Show some of the design considerations, advantages, and constraints working with mass timber.



PROJECT TEAM:

OWNER/ GC - Summit Design + Build

ARCHITECT - Hartshorne Plunkard Architecture

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER - IMEG Corp.

MEP ENGINEER - WT Engineering

CIVIL ENGINEER - Weaver Consultants Group

PROGRAM:

- -New construction office building
- -Client is a general contractor with whom the architect has a long-standing relationship
- -Program:

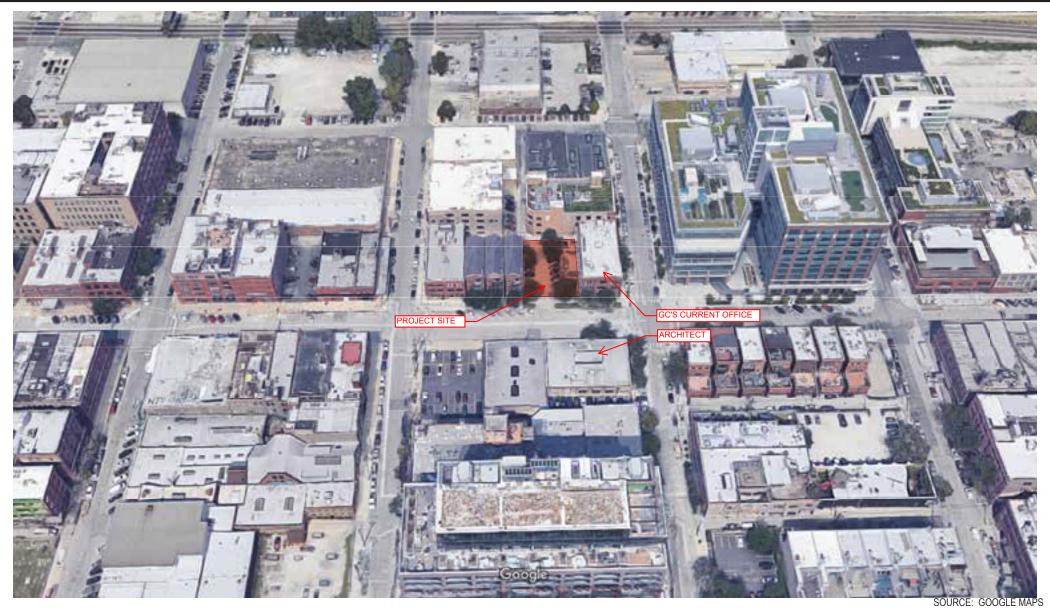
Ground Floor retail

Basement parking

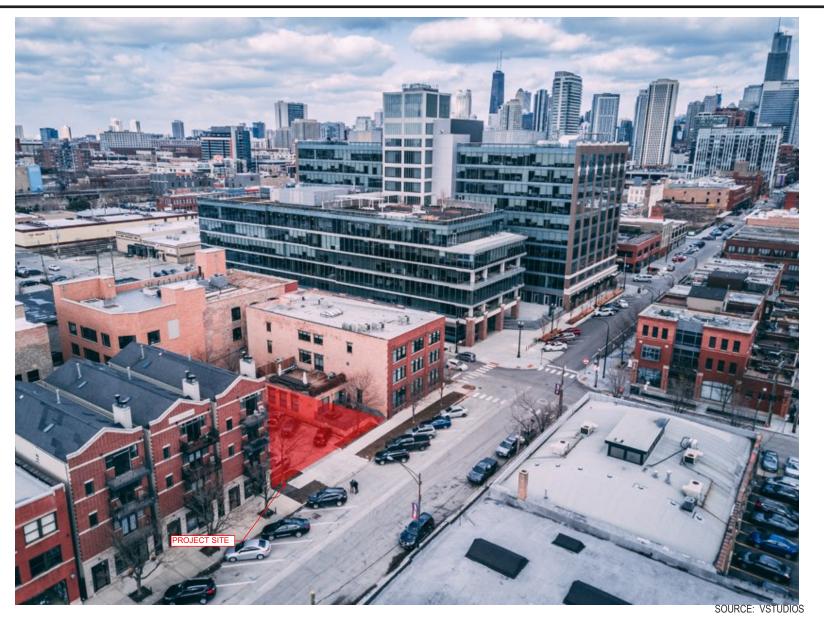
Upper floors - office

Maximum area and # stories allowed by Zoning and the Landmark District

-Include some feature in the design to help distinguish it from its market peers (timber)

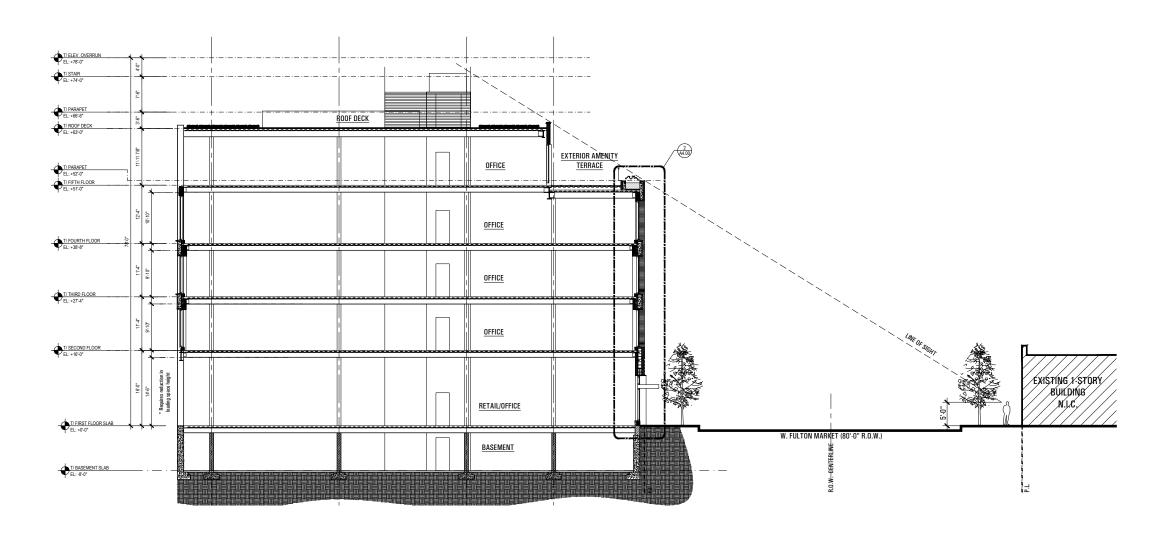






PART I - CODE REQUIREMENTS

-5 stories maximum; top floor must be set back from the street



-Design requirements for building facade materials, fenestration







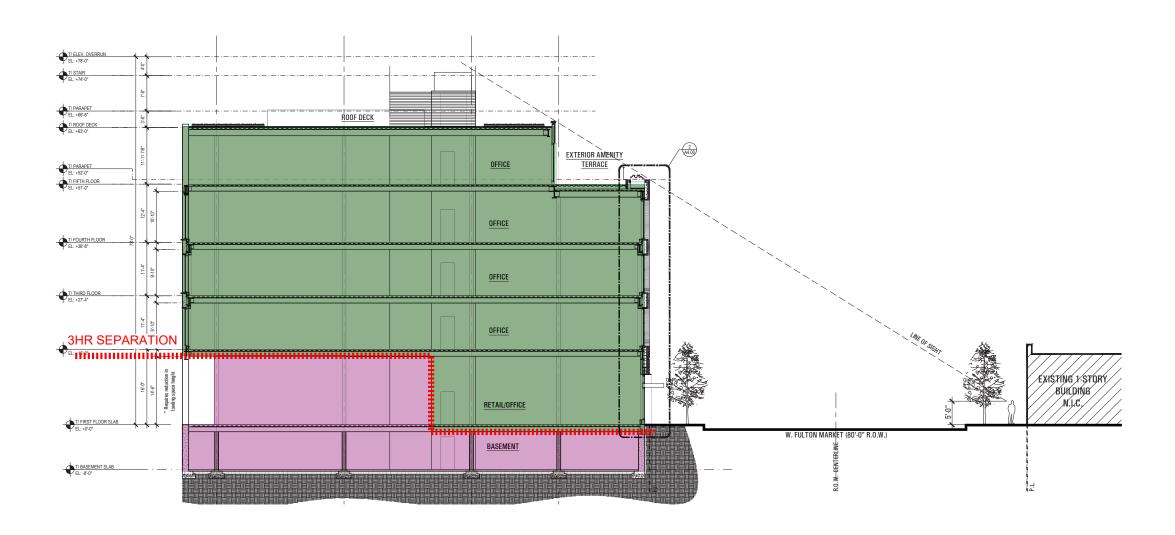






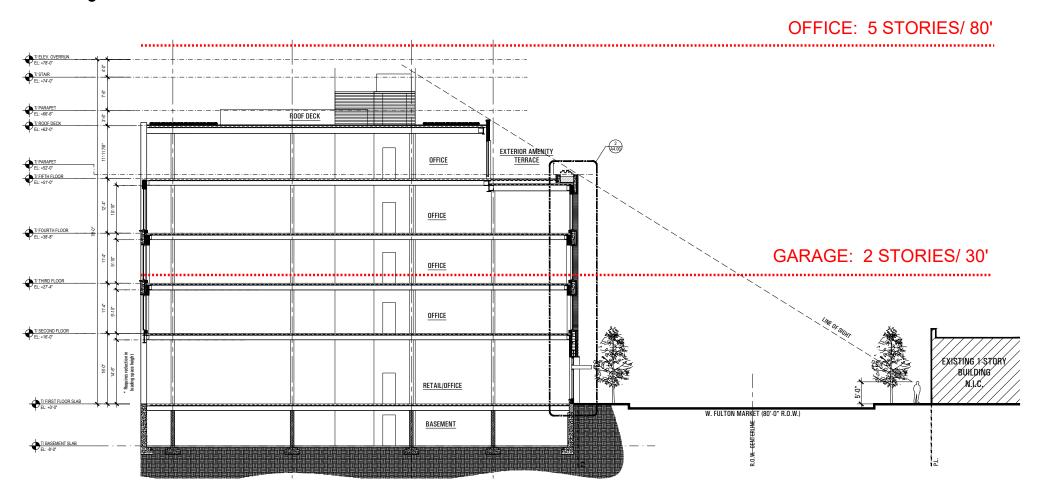


Per CBC, a 3-HR separation is required between Parking and Office uses



Per Chicago Building Code, 2016 Edition:

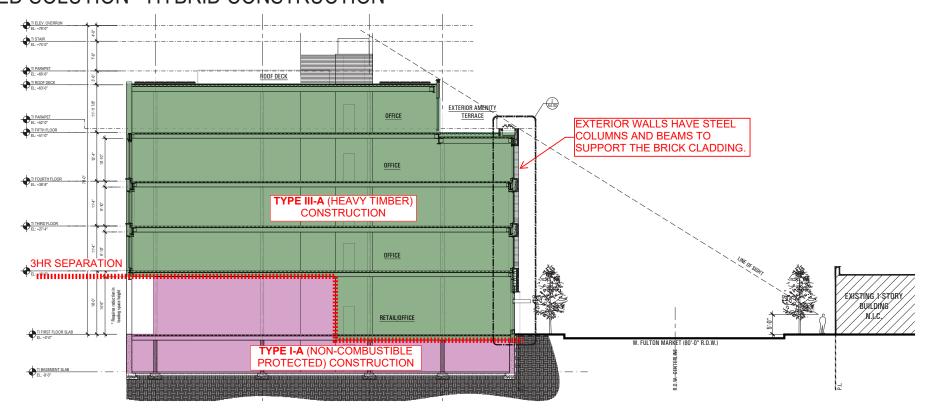
- -Business or Mercantile Occupancy = 5 Stories/ 65' (height increases 15' with sprinklers)
- -Parking = 2 Stories/ 30'



PROS:

- -5 stories allowed for Office use
- -Warmth of material consistent with other buildings in the neighborhood
- -Building geometry and framing plan is conducive to timber

PROPOSED SOLUTION - HYBRID CONSTRUCTION



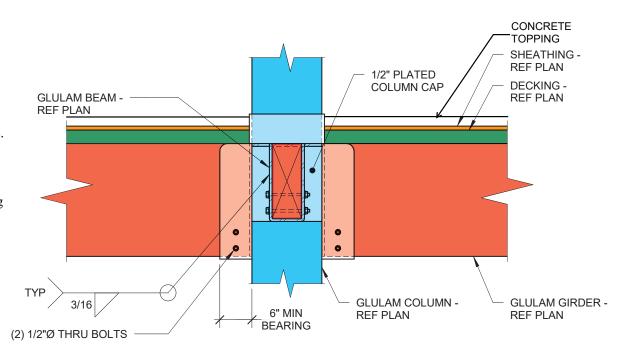
CONS:

- -Brick cladding shelf angle details are more complex than with concrete or steel framing
- -2 story maximum for parking

13-60-050 Type III-A, heavy timber construction.

Type III-A, heavy timber construction, shall have interior structural elements of heavy timber material as required in this section.

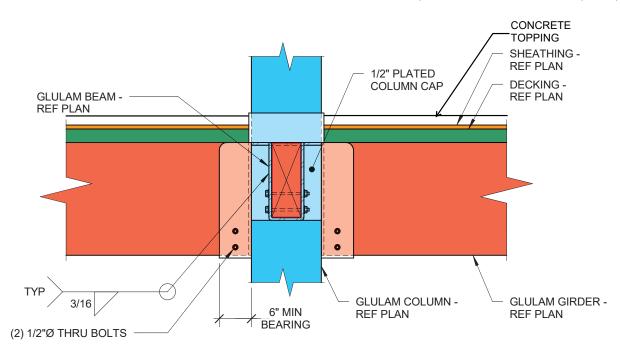
- (a) Wood members of heavy timber construction shall be arranged so that there will be no concealed spaces within the construction.
 - (b) Columns shall have a minimum dimension of eight inches.
- (c) Floor framing members shall have minimum nominal dimensions of six by ten inches.
- (d) Roof framing members, except trusses, shall have a minimum nominal dimension of six inches.
- (e) The members of roof trusses shall have minimum nominal dimensions of four inches by six inches with the following exceptions:
- (1) Members may consist of two or more pieces of three-inch nominal thickness with intervening spaces blocked solidly or tightly closed by a continuous wood cover plate of not less than two-inch nominal thickness.
- (2) Any member may be reduced to three- inch nominal thickness when protected by an approved automatic sprinkler system under the roof deck.
- (f) (Wood floors shall be splined or tongue and grooved planks of not less than three-inch nominal thickness or of laminated planking laid on edge of not less than four-inch nominal thickness. A top flooring of not less than one inch nominal thickness shall be added to the structural floor.
- (g) Roof construction shall be of construction not less fire resistive than splined or tongue and grooved planks of not less than two-inch nominal thickness or laminated planking laid on edge of not less than three- inch nominal thickness.
- (h) Construction conforming to the requirements of Type I construction may be used.



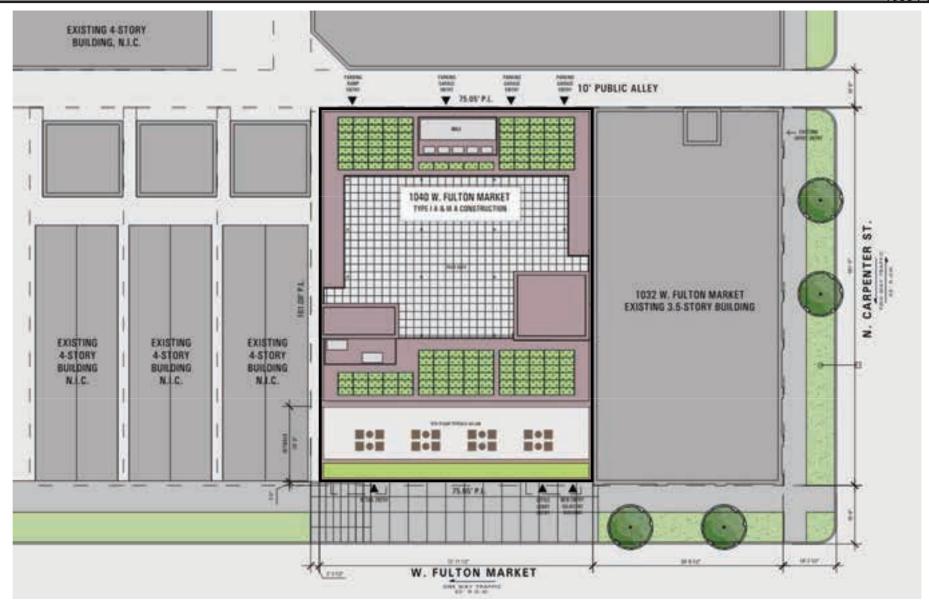
13-144-030 Heavy timber.

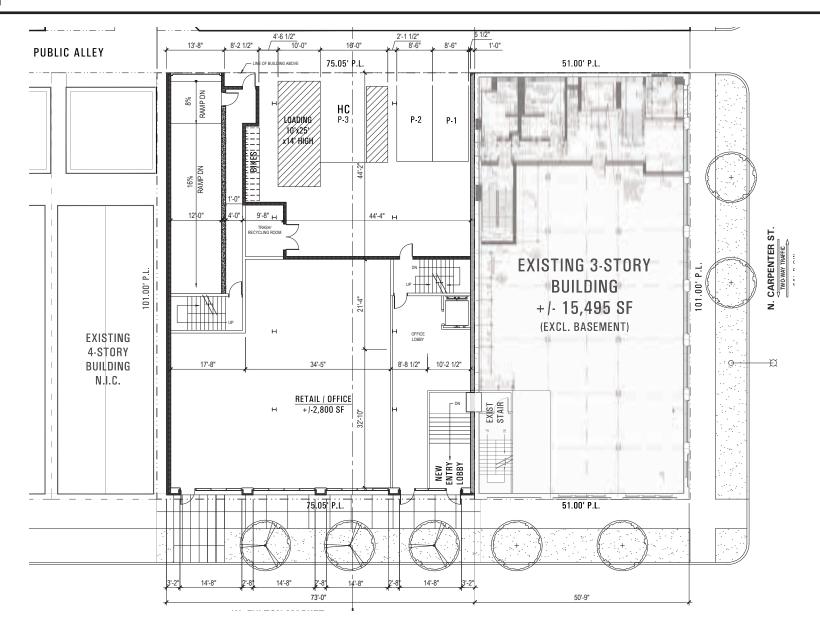
Heavy timber members, **sawn or glue-laminated**, used in Type III-A construction shall be stress-grade timbers identified as to grade and strength by approved manufacturing, testing, or inspection agencies or bureaus. All structural members shall have the minimum dimensions specified in Section <u>13-60-050</u> for Type III-A construction <u>and shall be designed</u>, fabricated and installed in accordance with <u>ANSI/NFoPA NDS-91</u> and American Institute of Timber Construction standard <u>ANSI/AITC A190.1-92</u>.

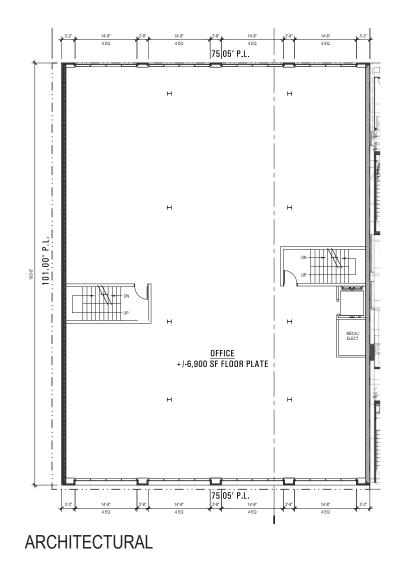
CODE SPEAKS TO 'SAWN OR GLUE-LAMINATED' TIMBER ONLY; NO MENTION OF CLT, NLT, ETC.

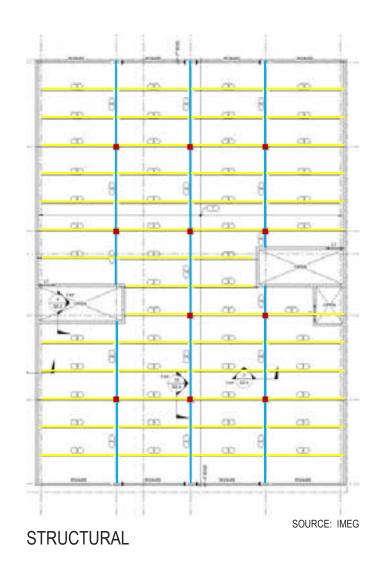


PART II - THE DESIGN











PART III - ALTERNATIVE CODE APPROVAL (CITY OF CHICAGO COMMITTEE ON STANDARDS AND TESTS)

- 1. Proposed glulam columns, girders, and beams are larger than the solid wood dimensions prescribed in the code.
- 2. Building is fully sprinklered.
- 3. A Class 1 Fire Alarm System is included for the entire building.
- 4. The floor assembly includes a 2" concrete topping slab.

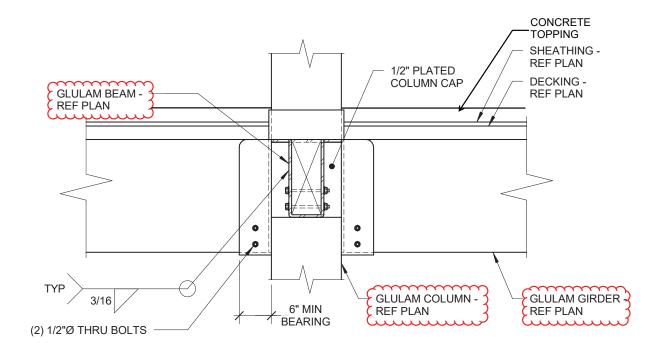


TABLE 602.4 WOOD MEMBER SIZE EQUIVALENCIES

| MINIMUM NOMINAL SOLID SAWN SIZE | | MINIMUM GLUED-LAMINATED NET SIZE | | MINIMUM STRUCTURAL COMPOSITE LUMBER NET SIZE | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------|
| Width, inch | Depth, inch | Width, inch | Depth, inch | Width, inch | Depth, inch |
| 8 | 8 | 63/4 | 81/4 | 7 | 71/2 |
| 6 | 10 | 5 | 101/2 | 51/4 | 91/2 |
| 6 | 8 | 5 | 81/4 | 51/4 | 71/2 |
| 6 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 51/4 | 51/2 |
| 4 | 6 | 3 | 6 ⁷ / ₈ | 31/2 | 51/2 |

For St. 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

SOURCE: INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE, 2015 EDITION

| Sawn heavy timber - code | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Actual dimensions* | Calculated fire rating | | | | | |
| 8" x 8" | 45 min. | | | | | |
| 5 ½" x 9 ¼" | 45 min. | | | | | |
| 5 ½" x 9 ¼" | 45 min. | | | | | |
| 5 ½" x 5 ½" | 35 min. | | | | | |
| 5 ½" x 5 ½" | 35 min. | | | | | |

| | | Glulam - proposed | | |
|------------------------|----------|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Member type | | Calculated fire rating | Actual dimensions | |
| Column | + 30 min | 75 min. | 12 ¼" x 12 ¼" | |
| Floor Framing (Girder) | + 25 min | 70 min. | 6 ¾" x 21" | |
| Floor Framing (Beam) | + 15 min | 60 min. | 5 ½" x 14" | |
| Roof Framing (Girder) | + 35 min | 70 min. | 6 ¾" x 22 ½" | |
| Roof Framing (Beam) | + 15 min | 50 min. | 5 ½" x 14" | |

^{*}Dimensions taken from CBC Section 13-60-040 Type IIIA, heavy timber construction.

Calculated fire ratings are per equations from NDS 2015 and are approximate.

STANDARDS AND TESTS 1038 FULTON - CHICAGO, IL

16.2.1 Char Rate

16.2.1.1 The effective char rate to be used in this procedure can be estimated from published nominal 1hour char rate data using the following equation:

$$\beta_{eff} = \frac{1.2\beta_n}{t^{0.187}} \tag{16.2-1}$$

where:

β_{eff} = effective char rate (in,/hr.), adjusted for exposure time, t

β_n = nominal char rate (in_/hr.), linear char rate based on 1-hour exposure

t = exposure time (hr.)

NDS FOR WOOD CONSTRUCTION - 2015

PART IV - CONSTRUCTION



1ST FLOOR WALLS AND INITIAL TIMBER BEAMS BEING INSTALLED





FRAMING IN PROGRESS



EXTERIOR FRAMING AND AWB INSTALLATION IN PROGRESS



TIMBER FRAMING AT 2ND AND 3RD FLOOR



1ST FLOOR TIMBER COLUMN

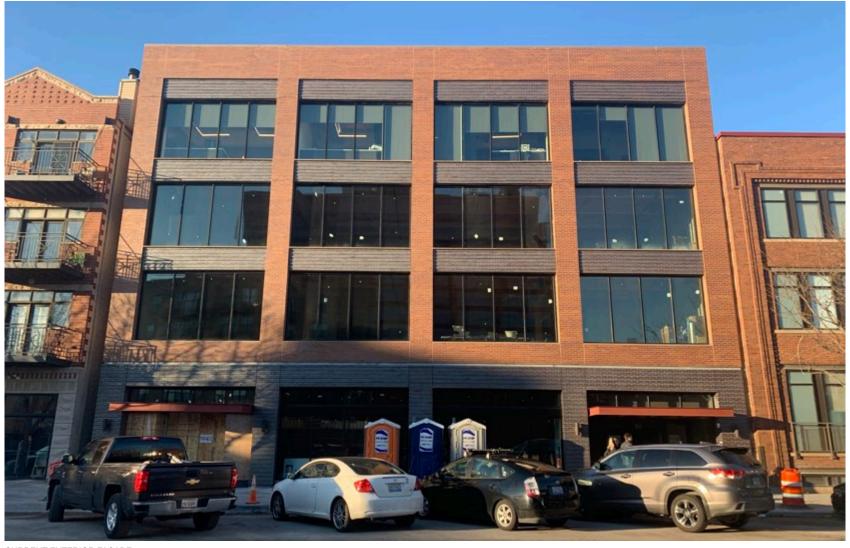




BEAM AND PURLIN CONNECTIONS



VIEW FROM THE 5TH FLOOR ROOF DECK



CURRENT EXTERIOR FACADE

> QUESTIONS?

This concludes The American Institute of Architects Continuing Education Systems Course

John Mitchell

Hartshorne Plunkard Architecture

jmitchell@hparchitecture.com