













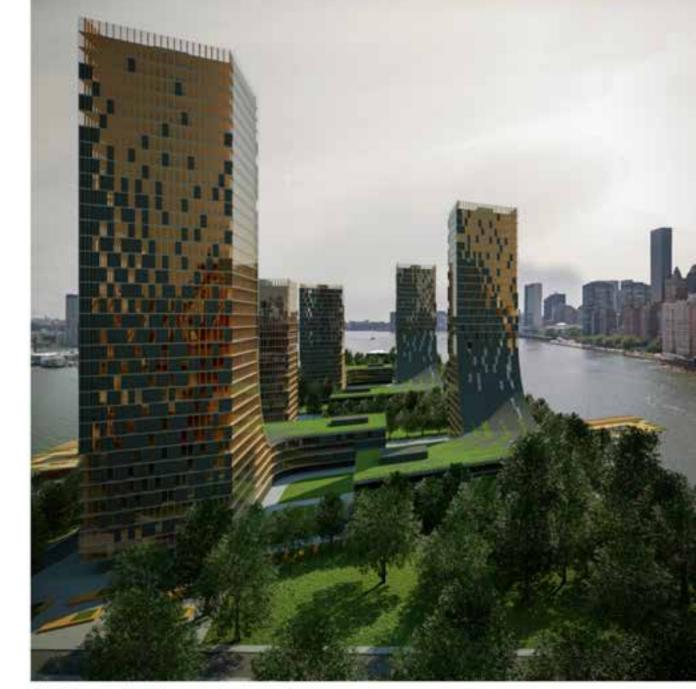


Ascent MKE: Designing the Tallest Mass Timber Building in the World

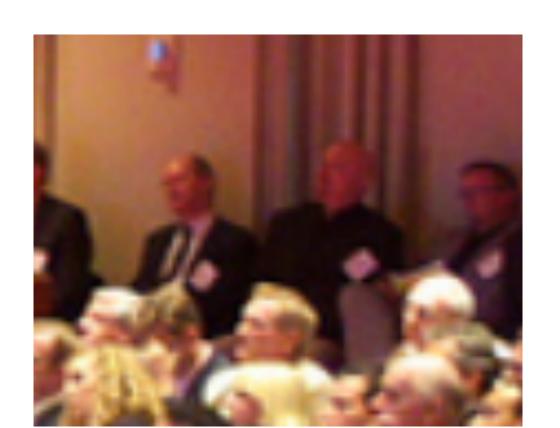
Chicago Wood Design Symposium

Disclaimer: This presentation was developed by a third party and is not funded by WoodWorks or the Softwood Lumber Board

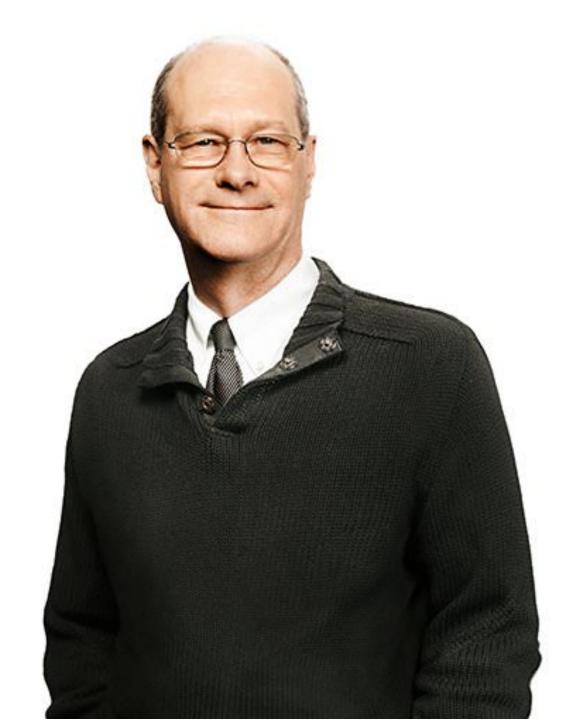




Option 2 illustrated with a glulam curtain wall and podium base image. MICHAEL GREEN ARCHITECTURE







TYPE IV(IBC 2015) CONSTRUCTION:

HEIGHT LIMIT: 85 FT/ 25.9 M

SIX STORIES OF TIMBER OVER A CONCRETE PODIUM



ACTON OSTRY ARCHITECTS: BROCK COMMONS VANCOUVER

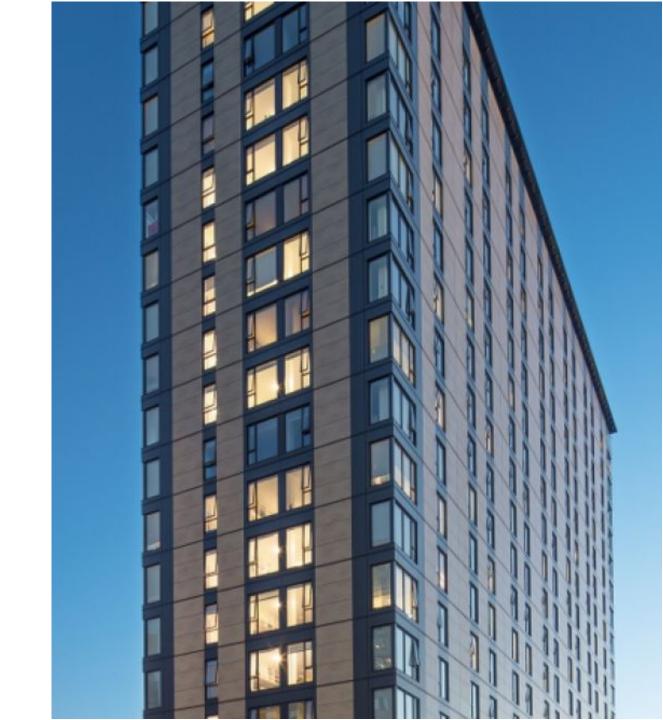
HEIGHT: 174 FT/ 53 M

SEVENTEEN STORIES OF TIMBER OVER A CONCRETE PODIUM.

HYBRID STRUCTURE – STAIRS AND ELEVATOR CORE ARE CIPC

FIRST COMPLETED PROJECT UNDER CANADA'S TALL WOOD DEMONSTRATION BUILDING PROJECT

ACHIEVES CLASS FIRE RESISTANCE THROUGH ENCAPSULATION –
ALL TIMBER IS COVERED WITH THREE LAYERS OF GYPSUM BOARD



LEVER ARCHITECTS/ KPFF: FRAMEWORK PORTLAND

HEIGHT:

148 FT/ 45 M

TWELVE STORIES OF TIMBER ABOVE GRADE

PURE MASS TIMBER BUILDING – INCLUDING STAIR + ELEVATOR CORES

APPROVED + PERMITTED UNDER 2015 IBC'S "SPECIAL ASSEMBLY" SECTION

TESTED TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKES THROUGH ROCKING WALLS

PRIMARY STRUCTURAL MEMBERS MUST MEET A TWO HOUR FIRE RATING, FLOORS ARE TWO HOUR

ACHIEVES CLASS FIRE RESISTANCE THROUGH SACRIFICIAL/ CHAR METHOD – ALL TIMBER COLUMNS, BEAMS, AND SLABS ARE EXPOSED

CANCELLED DUE TO FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS



PATH ARCHITECTS/ KPFF: CARBON 12 PORTLAND









Why Mass Timber: Aesthetics



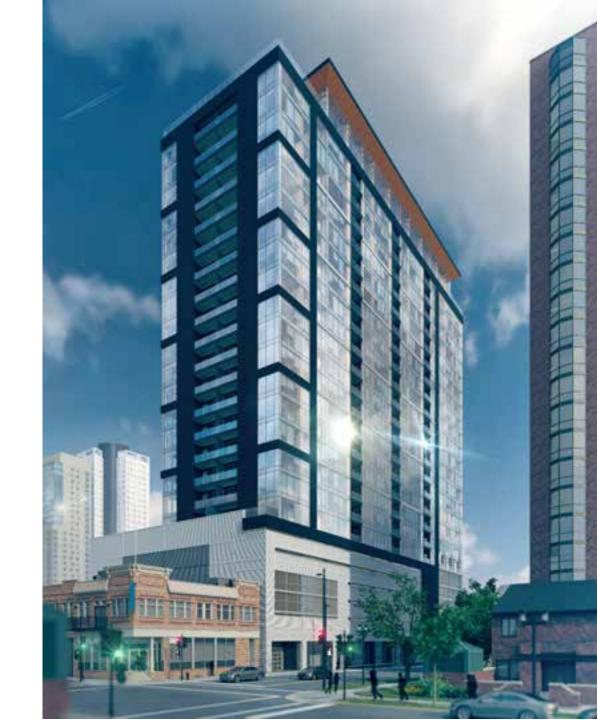




Why Mass Timber: Sustainability

- 1. The building will sequester approximately 7,200 metric tons of CO2.
- It will take approximately 25
 minutes to grow this volume of
 wood in North American forests.

This CO2 benefit is also equivalent to taking approximately 2400 cars off the road for a year or the energy to operate over 1100 homes for a year.







ASCENT MILWAUKEE

EIGHTEEN STORIES OF TIMBER OVER A CONCRETE PODIUM

HEIGHT:

284 FT/ 86.56 M

FLOOR AREA OF TIMBER:

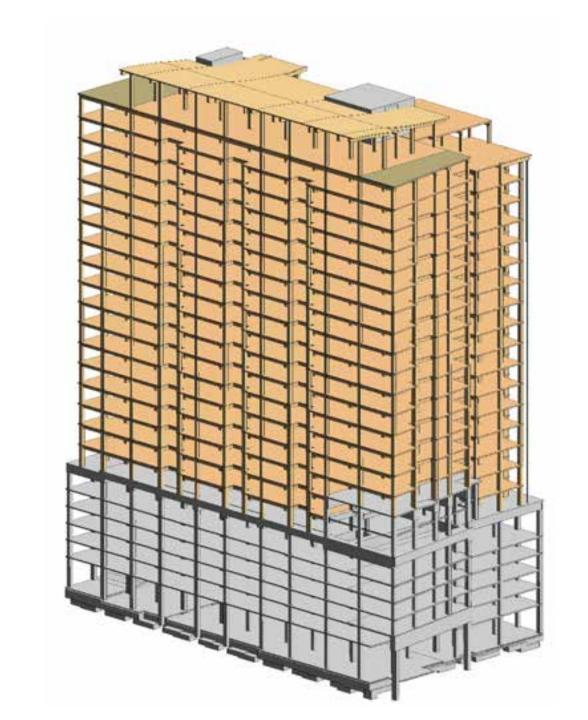
APPROX. 324,400 SF /30,136 SM

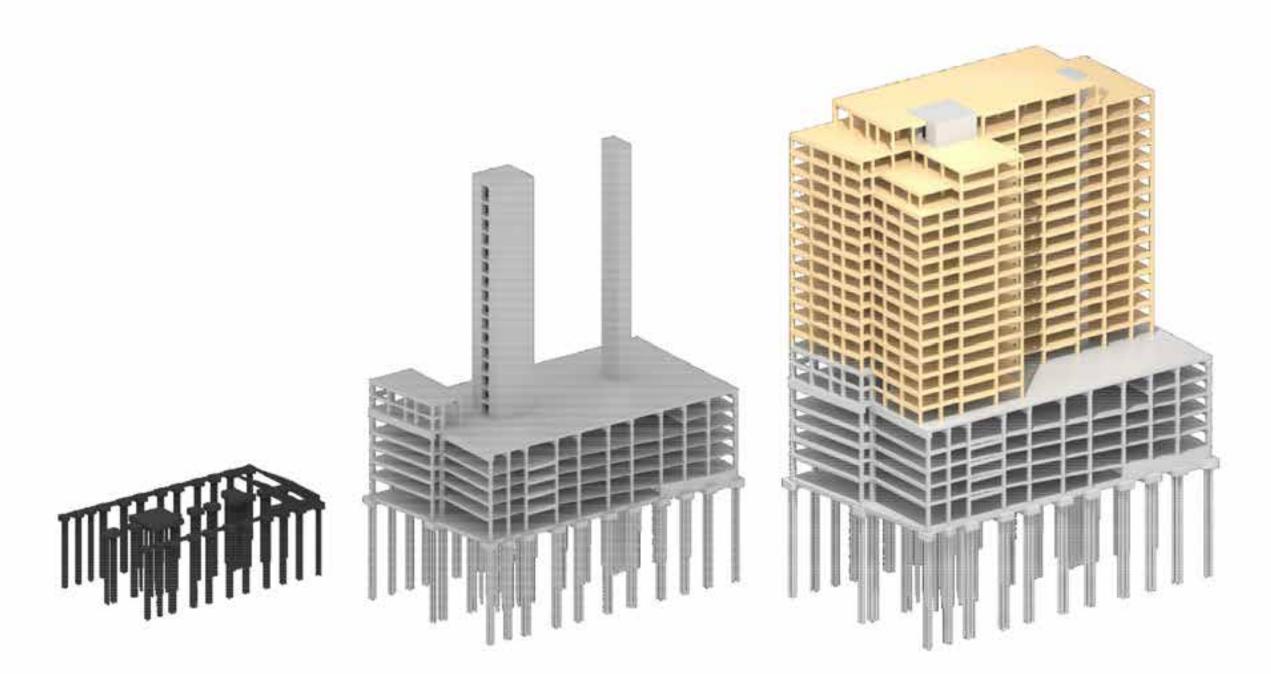
APPROVALS PURSUED UNDER 2015 IBC'S "SPECIAL ASSEMBLY" SECTION

HYBRID STRUCTURE – STAIRS AND ELEVATOR CORES ARE CIPC

ACHIEVES CLASS FIRE RESISTANCE THROUGH BOTH
EXCAPSULATION AND SACRIFICIAL/ CHAR METHOD – APPROX. 50%
OF TIMBER COLUMNS, BEAMS, AND SLABS ARE EXPOSED –
PRIMARILY IN LIVING SPACES

VERTICAL STRUCTURAL MEMBERS MUST MEET A THREE HOUR FIRE RATING, FLOORS ARE TWO HOUR





Ascent MKE Timeline:

01 March 2018: Directive from New Land Enterprises to pursue MTF Tower

03 May 2018: Presentation to DNS Commissioner and Alderman

24 July 2018: Introduction to DNS Staff

21 October 2018: Project unveiled at CTBUH World Conference, Dubai

11 November 2018: Presentation to MFD leadership

22 July 2019: First working meeting with DNS Staff

07 November 2019: Second working meeting with DNS Staff

17 December 2019: Witnessed three hour fire test (4th of 9)

13 February 2020: Variance review meeting with DNS Staff

21 February 2020: Four variance petitions filed with DNS

21 February 2020: Footings and Foundation Permit applied for

15 May 2020: Anticipated groundbreaking

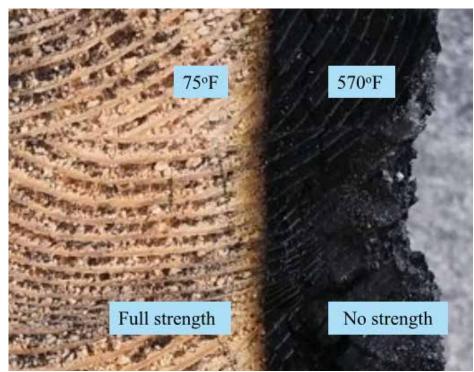


Intermediate design May 2019















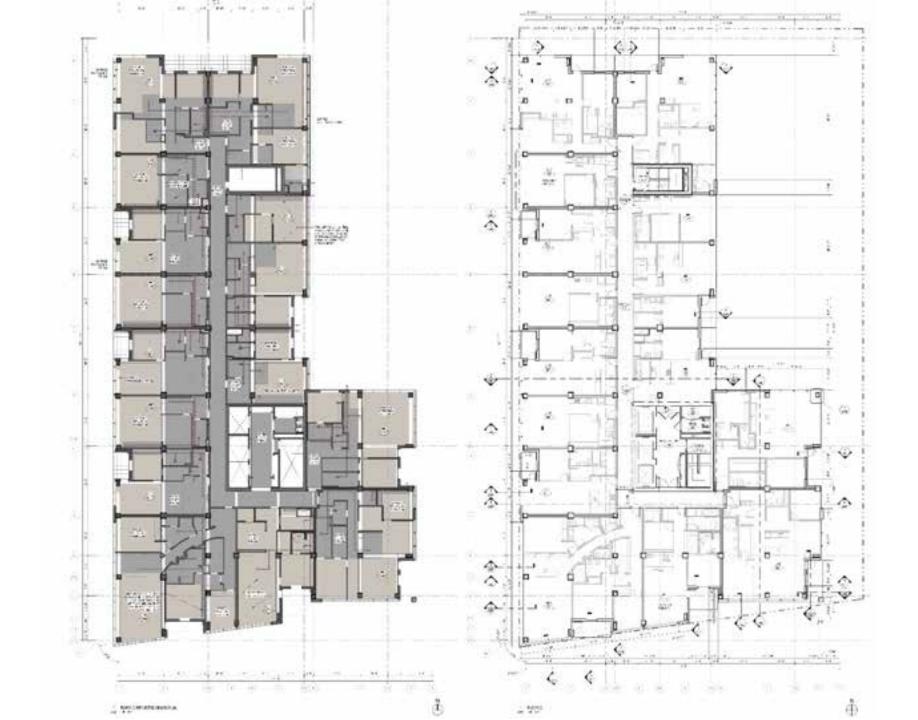
PRESCRIPTED CHAR RATE: 1.5IN/ HR

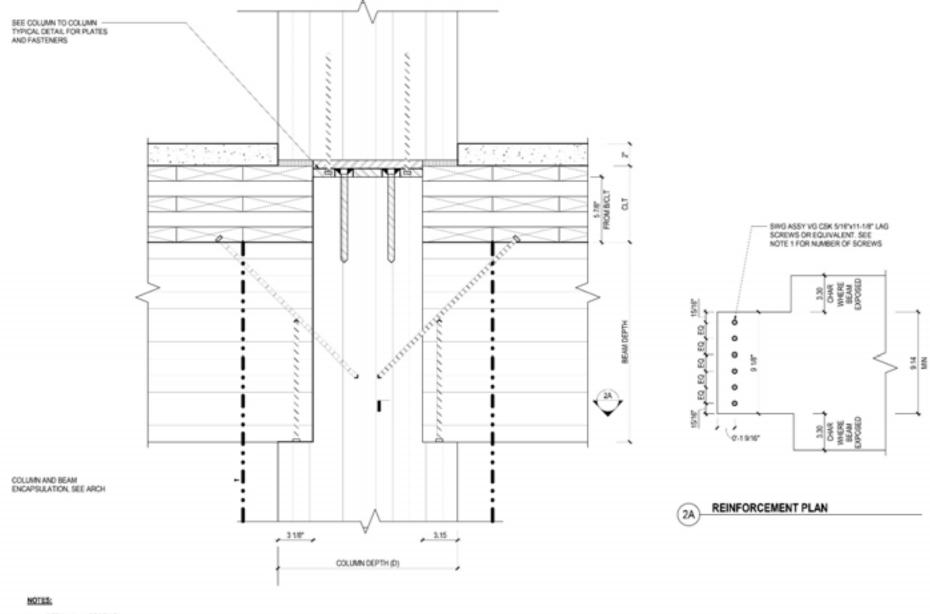
TESTED CHAR RATE: 1.29-1.31 IN/ HR



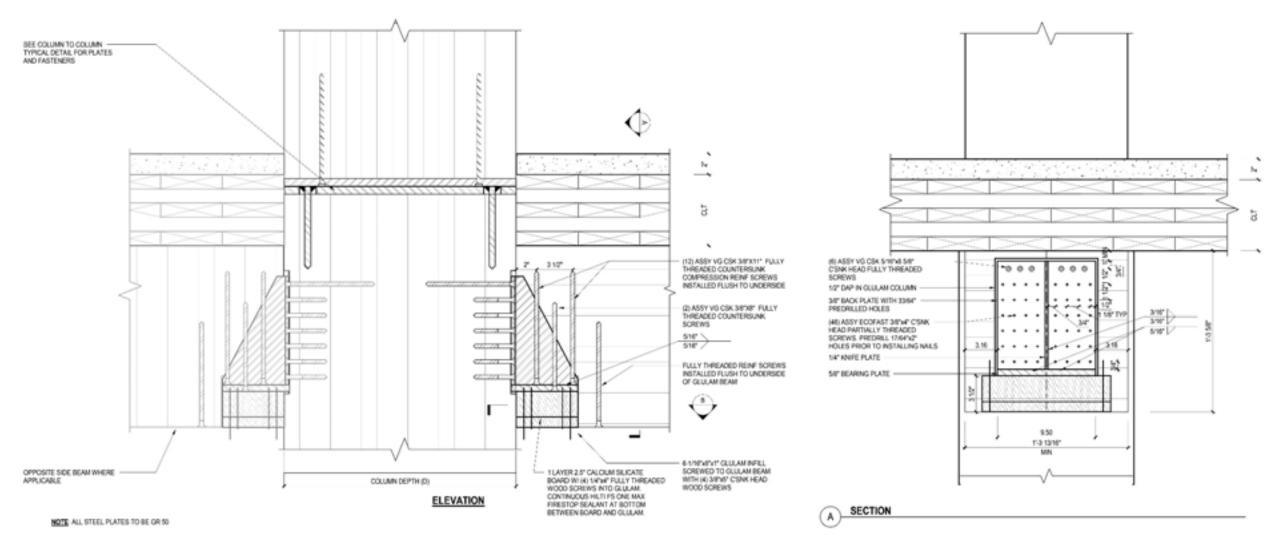




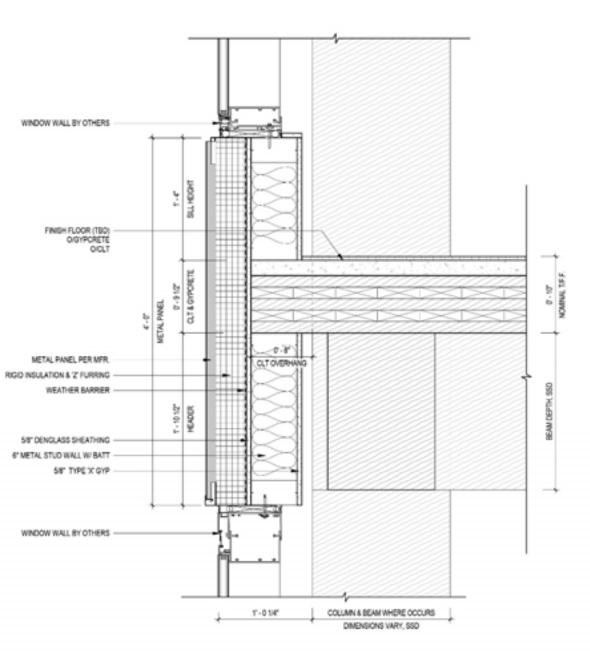




 DETAIL 3A: 4 SCREWS DETAIL 3B: 6 SCREWS DETAIL 3C: 9 SCREWS

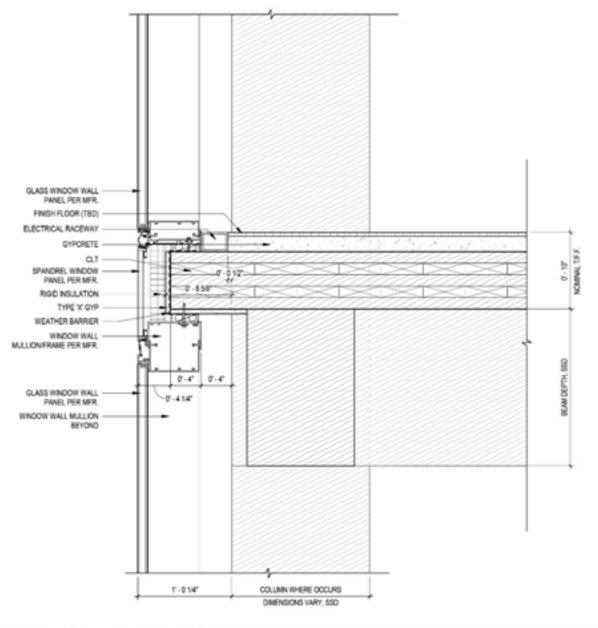


EXPOSED GLULAM BEAM TO GLULAM COLUMN CONNECTION (D1C)



6 WINDOW WALL SECTION AT KNEE WALL

A520 1 1/2" = 1'-0"



3 WINDOW WALL - SLAB EDGE SECTION

A520 1 1/2" = 1'-0"













