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Questions related to specific materials, methods, and services will be addressed at the conclusion of this presentation.

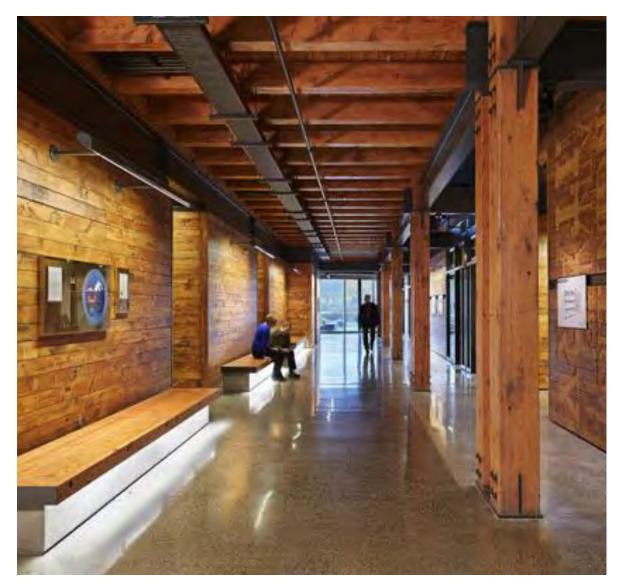


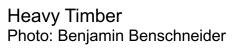
Course Description

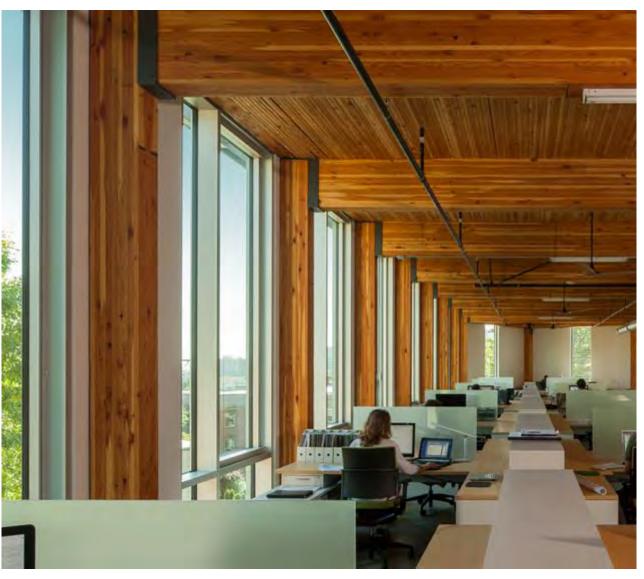
Mass timber is often attached to the stigma of being more expensive than other building materials. Because of this, some people assume it only makes sense for one-off projects where innovation is celebrated but repeatability is not. Is this true, or do its other benefits result in overall cost efficiency? If it is true, how can we expect to build the number of new housing units needed across our country in a sustainable and affordable manner? Typical multi-family housing developments are in the range of 4-6 stories, often utilizing podium or pedestal construction with 1-2 stories of steel and concrete topped with 3-5 stories of light wood framing. Beyond these heights, building codes have historically required steel or concrete framing and, to justify the added costs of these materials, projects often go much taller. This has created a critical gap in housing developments in the range of 6-12 stories. Can mass timber multi-family projects make financial sense in the 4-6 story range, used in conjunction with light wood-frame systems? What new opportunities will the 2021 International Building Code create for mass timber housing in the 6-18 story range? Tune into this webinar, where we'll answer these questions and much more.

Learning Objectives

- 1. Evaluate the code opportunities for cost-effective wood-frame structures in residential mid-rise projects.
- 2. Discuss code-compliant options for exposing mass timber, where up to 2-hour fire-resistance ratings are required, and demonstrate design methodologies for achieving these ratings.
- 3. Review code requirements unique to hybrid mass timber and light-frame housing projects, and emphasize solutions for criteria such as construction type, fire-resistance ratings and acoustics design.
- 4. Highlight the unique benefits of using exposed mass timber in taller multifamily buildings.







Mass Timber Photo: John Stamets

Glue Laminated Timber (Glulam)
Beams & columns



Cross-Laminated Timber (CLT)
Solid sawn laminations



Cross-Laminated Timber (CLT)
SCL laminations









Dowel-Laminated Timber (DLT)



Photo: StructureCraft

Nail-Laminated Timber (NLT)



Photo: Think Wood



Glue-Laminated Timber (GLT)
Plank orientation



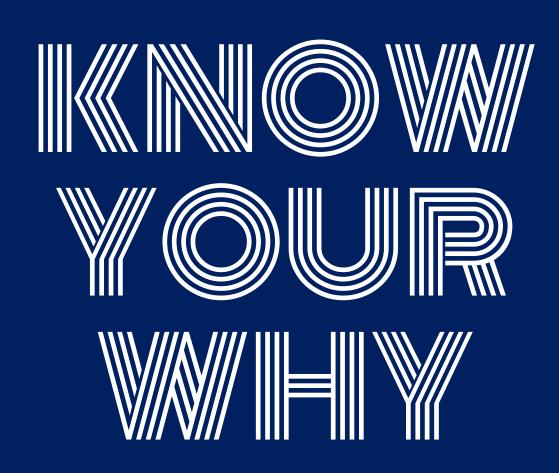
Photo: StructureCraft







Sustainability



Lightweight

Risk: Cost Analysis of Structure Only



Reference 1
Concrete Slabs on Steel Deck;
Steel Frame; Concrete Cores



Reference 2 Concrete Flat Slab; Concrete Cores



Timber Use 1
Timber Floors; Steel Frame;
Concrete Cores



Timber Use 2
Timber Post, Beam, & Plate;
Concrete Cores

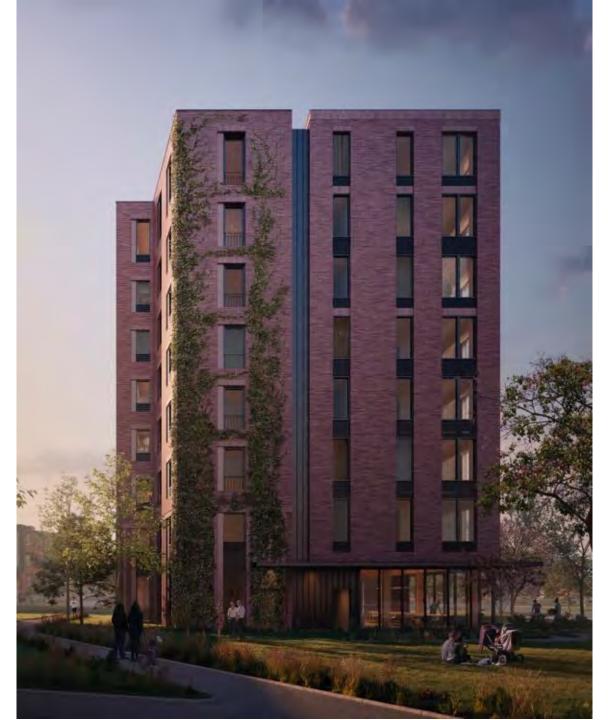


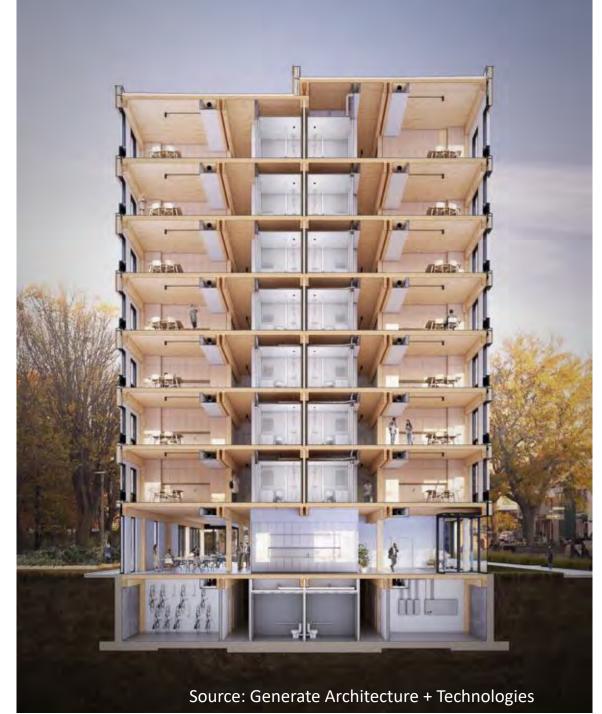
Timber Use 3
Timber Floors; LGM Framing;
Steel Frame Podium



Timber Use 4
Timber Floors & Shear Walls:
Steel Frame Podium

Source: Generate Architecture + Technologies





Seattle Mass Timber Tower: Detailed Cost Comparison Fast Construction



- Textbook example done by industry experts
- Mass timber vs. PT conc
- Detailed cost, material takeoff & schedule comparisons

"The initial advantage of Mass Timber office projects in Seattle will come through the

leasing velocity

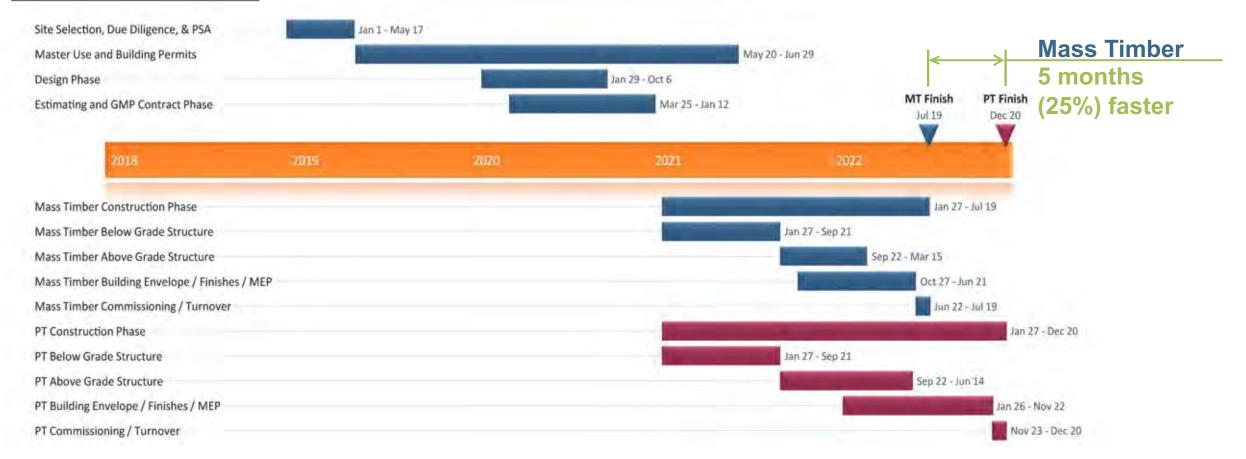
that developers will experience."

- Connor Mclain, Colliers

Seattle Mass Timber Tower

Fast Construction

Construction Schedule:



Seattle Mass Timber Tower

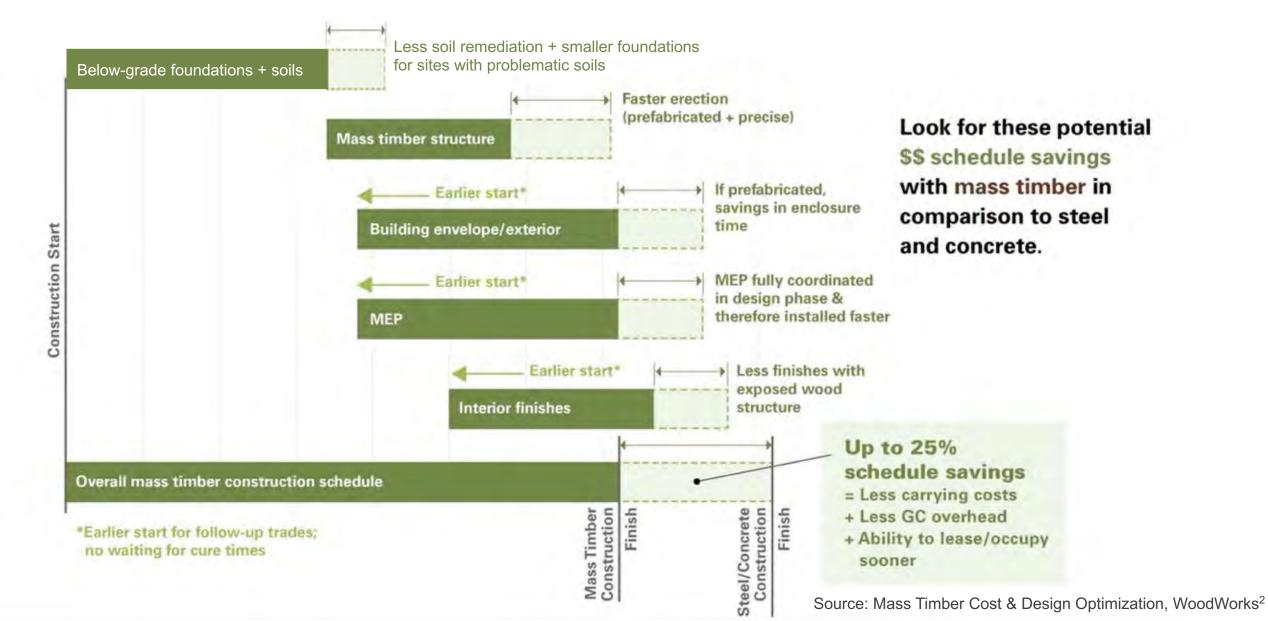
Faster Construction + Higher Material Costs = Cost Competitive

System	Mass Timber Design	PT Concrete Design	Mass Timber Savings 2.2%	
Direct Cost of Work	\$86,997,136	\$85,105,091		
Project Overhead	\$ 9,393,750	\$11,768,750	-20.2%	
Add-Ons	\$ 8,387,345	\$ 8,429,368	-0.5%	
Total	\$104,778,231	\$105,303,209	-0.5%	

Source: DLR Group | Fast + Epp | Swinerton Builders

Compressing the Typical Schedule

Fast Construction



Schedule Savings for Rough-In Trades

Fast Construction



NO curing (mass timber)

Curing & maze of shores (concrete)



Sustainability Impacts



GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL & MATERIAL MASS (PER BUILDING ASSEMBLY)

Source: Generate Architecture + Technologies

The total global warming potential (GWP) of each option is shown with a breakdown by building assembly. The Concrete With Steel Frame and Concrete Flat. Slab options have the highest fSWP, with the bulk of the impact embedded in the floor slabs. The Timber Use I (Floor Slabs, Steel Frame) option offers a slight reduction in GWP, with the most of the savings also embedded in the floor slabs. The Timber Use 2 (Post, Beam, and Plate) option offers a relatively typical approach to building with timber, showing savings in floor slabs, beams and columns. Since Timber Use 3 and 4 are cellular approaches with load-bearing walls, these options included steel podiums to accommodate the ground floor program. Timber Use 3 shows how a hybrid approach with light gauge metall yields GWP savings in structural walls and exterior walls, despite the addition of the podium. Lastly, Timber Use 4 emphasizes how a completely cellular CLT timber used.

Mass Timber Projects In Design and Constructed in the US (March 2021)

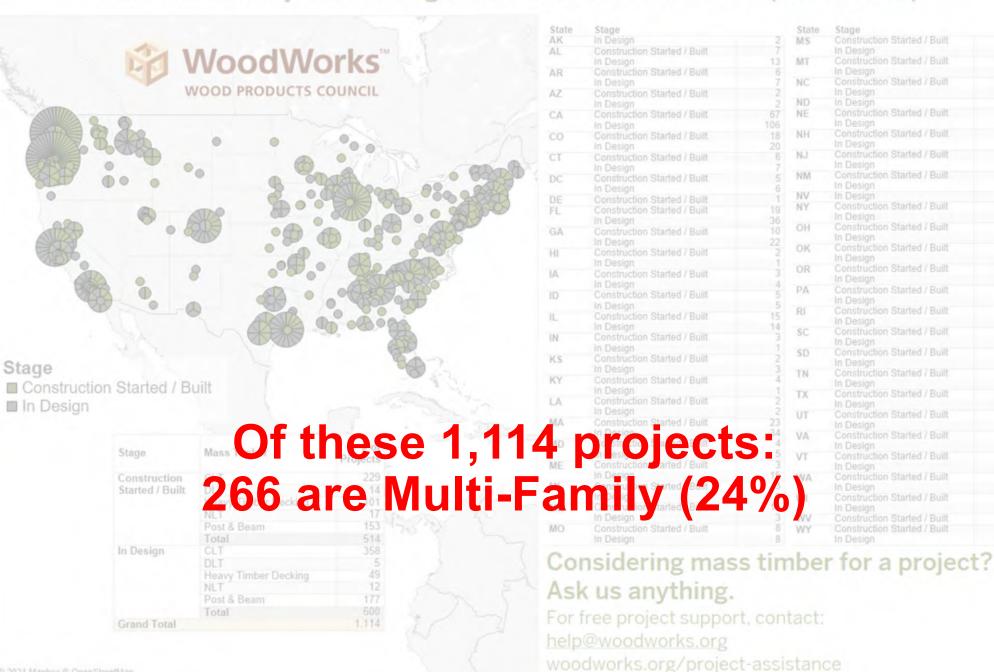


State	Stage			Stage	
AK	In Design 2		MS	Construction Started / Built	
AL	Construction Started / Built	7		In Design	3
	In Design	13	MT	Construction Started / Built	10
	Construction Started / Built	6		In Design	12
In Design		7	NC	Construction Started / Built	25
	Construction Started / Built	2	141	In Design	27
		2	ND	In Design	
	In Design		NE	Construction Started / Built	2
	Construction Started / Built	67	ME	In Design	
	In Design	106	NH	Construction Started / Built	- 5
In De	Construction Started / Built	18	MH		3
	In Design	20		In Design	
	Construction Started / Built	.6	NJ	Construction Started / Built	
	In Design	7	4700	In Design	10
	Construction Started / Built	5	NM	Construction Started / Built	- 1
	In Design	6		In Design	
DE	Construction Started / Built	1	NV	In Design	1
FL	Construction Started / Built	19	NY	Construction Started / Built	12
in Dacion	In Design	36		In Design	31
	Construction Started / Built	10	OH	Construction Started / Built	7
	In Design	22		In Design	
	Construction Started / Built	2	OK	Construction Started / Built	9
	In Design	1	4.75	In Design	2
		3	OR	Construction Started / Built	57
	Construction Started / Built		207	In Design	21
200	In Design	4	PA	Construction Started / Built	6
	Construction Started / Built	5		In Design	6
	In Design	5	RI	Construction Started / Built	3
	Construction Started / Built	15	15	In Design	2
	In Design	14	SC	Construction Started / Built	18
IN Con	Construction Started / Built	3	30	In Design	7
	In Design	1	SD	Construction Started / Built	-
KS Co	Construction Started / Built	2	30	In Design	
	In Design	3	700	Construction Started / Built	
KŸ	Construction Started / Built	4	TN		
	In Design	1	1000	In Design	2
LA	Construction Started / Built	2	TX	Construction Started / Built	30
	In Design	2	The	In Design	42
MA Construc	Construction Started / Built	23	UT	Construction Started / Built	5
			-3.0	In Design	- 8
MD Con In D	In Design	34	VA	Construction Started / Built	7
	Construction Started / Built	4		In Design	. 8
	In Design	5	VT	Construction Started / Built	. 2
ME	Construction Started / Built	3		In Design	10
	In Design	15	WA	Construction Started / Built	63
MI	Construction Started / Built	3		In Design	47
	In Design	9	WI	Construction Started / Built	19
MN	Construction Started / Built	11.	7.	In Design	15
	In Design	3	WV	Construction Started / Built	- 2
MO	Construction Started / Built	- 8	WY	Construction Started / Built	2
All Control	In Design	8		In Design	1

Considering mass timber for a project? Ask us anything.

For free project support, contact: help@woodworks.org woodworks.org/project-assistance

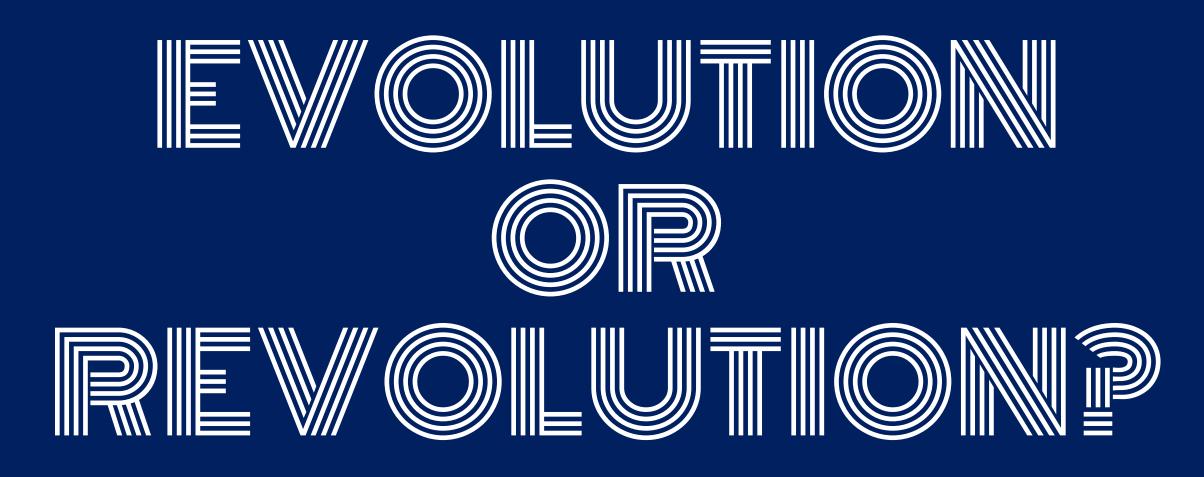
Mass Timber Projects In Design and Constructed in the US (March 2021)



Mass Timber Projects In Design and Constructed in the US (March 2021)



MASS TIMBER IN MULTI-FAMILY



INCREMENTAL CHANGE

TRANSFORMATIONAL CHANGE



HYBRID LIGHT-FRAME + MASS TIMBER

CONDOS AT LOST RABBIT, MS





Lost Rabbit, MS Credit: Everett Consulting Group

THE POSTMARK APARTMENTS, SHORELINE, WA





Credit: Katerra, Hans-Erik Blomgren

CIRRUS, DENVER, CO





Credit: KL&A Engineers & Builders

CANYONS, PORTLAND, OR





Credit: Jeremy Bittermann & Kaiser + Path

PROJECT ONE, OAKLAND, CA





Credit: Gurnet Point

WESSEX WOODS, PORTLAND, ME



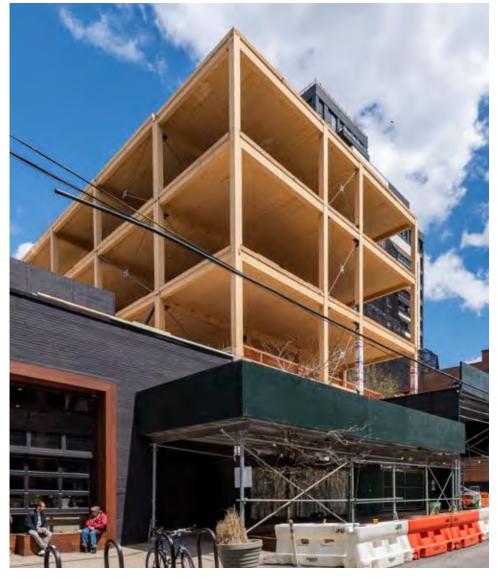
Credit: Avesta Housing



POST, BEAM + PLATE

360 WYTHE AVENUE, BROOKLYN, NY





Credit: Flank

BARRACUDA CONDOS, MADISON, WI



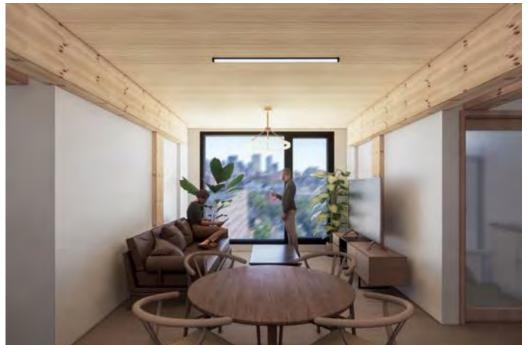


Credit: Populance Architecture and Development

11 E LENOX, BOSTON, MA

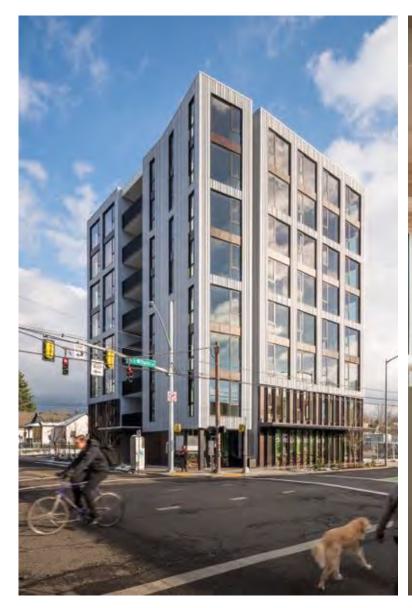






Credit: Monte French Design Studio

CARBON 12, PORTLAND, OR





Credit: Baumberger Studio/PATH Architecture



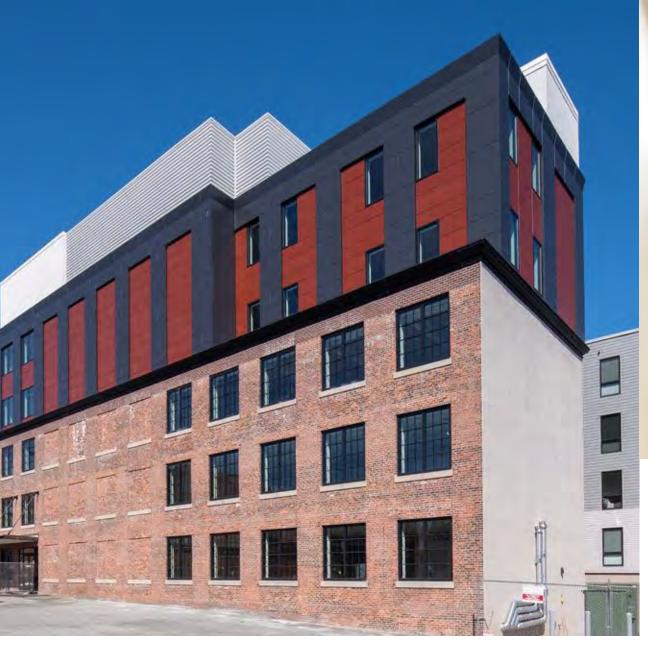
MASS TIMBER BEARING WALLS

Model C, Roxbury, MA





Credit: John Klein, Generate Architecture







Left: 69 A Street, Boston, MA Credit: Greg Folkins

Above: Timber Lofts, Milwaukee, WI

Credit: ADX Creative and Engberg Anderson Architects

VERTICAL ADDITIONS AND ADAPTIVE REUSE

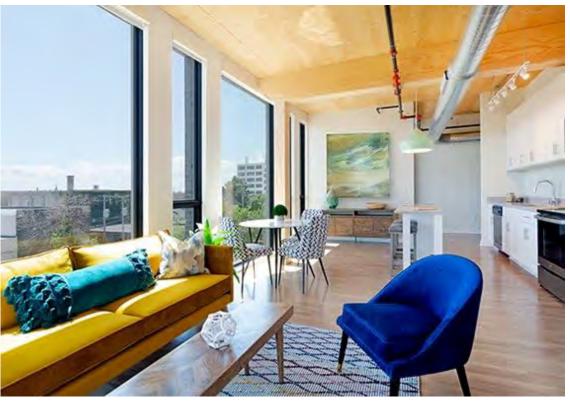
BREWERY LOFTS, TACOMA, WA





Brewery Lofts, Flynn Architecture, Eclipse Engineering, photos: Brewery Blocks Tacoma, SmartLam





TIMBER LOFTS MILWAUKEE, WI

ANN PIEPER EISENBROWN
OWNER/PRESIDENT | PIPER PROPERTIES

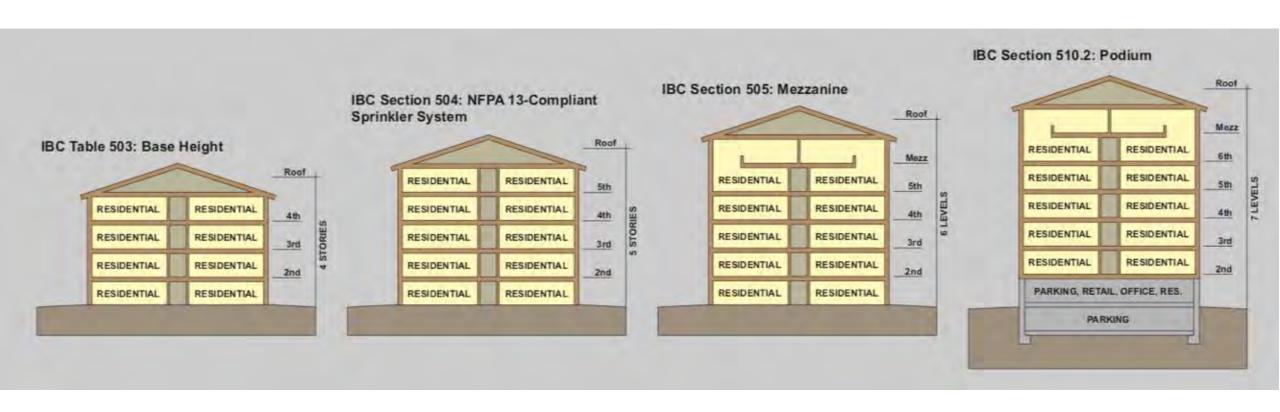
"Mass timber shaved 20% off our construction schedule. It's a renewable resource and also creates that warm look."

Source: Think Wood

INCREMENTAL CHANGE

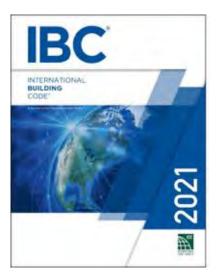


PRESCRIPTIVE BUILDING CODES





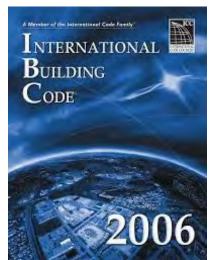
3 YEAR CODE CYCLE



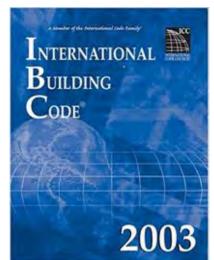




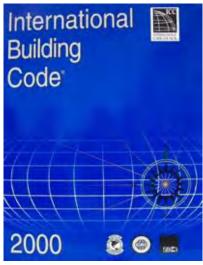












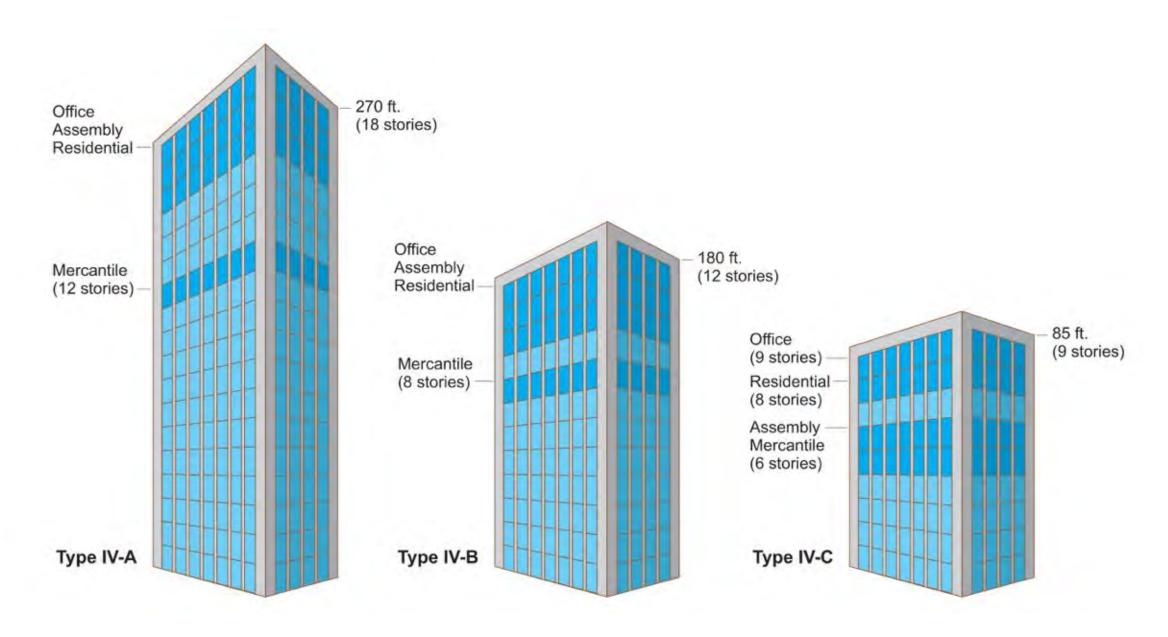




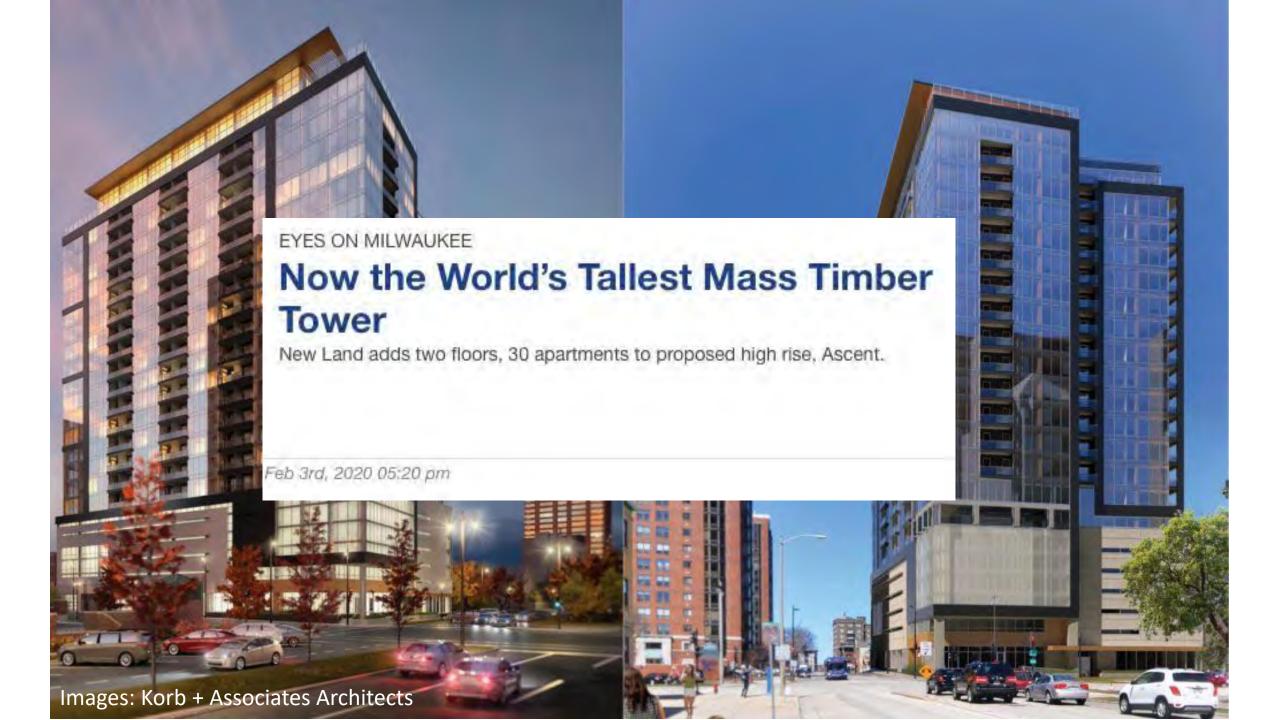




PRESCRIPTIVE BUILDING CODES



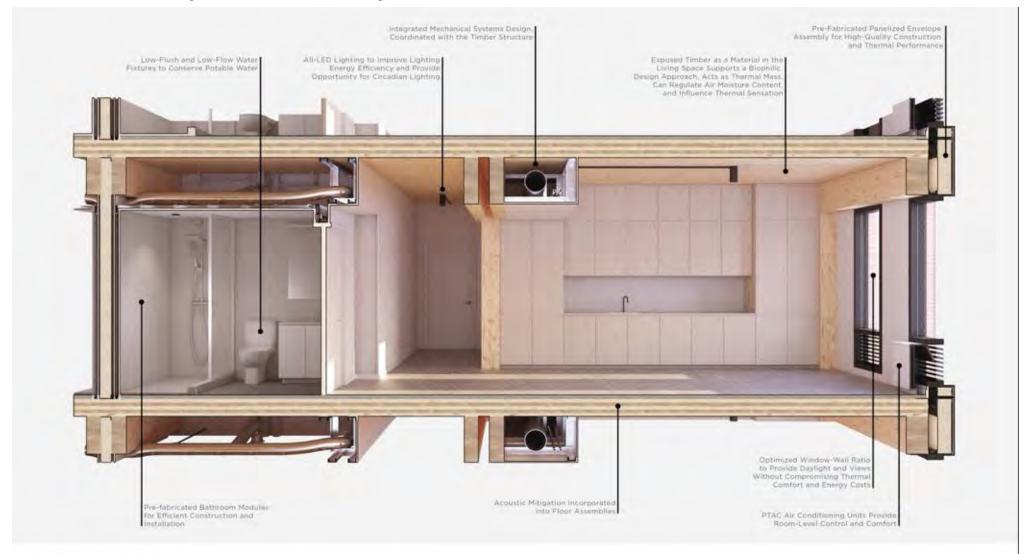








MEP SYSTEMS, ROUTING, INTEGRATION



INTEGRATED SYSTEMS

Credit: John Klein, Generate Architecture

The Tallhouse building system prioritizes the integration of design, engineering, and construction. This results in a high performance building finely tuned to meet energy, comfort, acoustic, and design criteria that has been vefted by constructability experts to ensure fast, efficient production.

Utilizing Pre-Febricated Facade Panels and Bathroom Modules that are manufactured off-site in factories allows for reducing construction time on-site, higher quality control practices, and safer labor conditions for construction workers. Efficient routing of duct-work conserves material, and associated embodied carbon, allowing more exposed timber all while providing the air quality needed for healthy living. Water conserving fixtures reduce potable water use as a precious resource, while maintaining reliable performance.

ACOUSTICS



Railyard Flats, Sioux Falls, SD Credit: WoodWorks



Table 1: CLT Floor Assemblies with Concrete/Gypsum Topping, Ceiling Side Exposed

₩oodWorks

	Americal in	splus Tayping that Pholius 1 splend or hung criting		yer I			
CLT Panel	Concrete/Gypsum Topping	Acoustical Mat Product Between CLT and Topping	Finish Floor	STC ¹	HC ²	Source	
			None	47' ASTC	47° AUC		
	1-1/2" Gyp-Crete*		LVT		49° AHC		
		Minimum Resident Asset Tale	Carpet + Pad	-×-	75° AliC	1	
		Maxxon Acousti-Mat* 3/4	LVT on Acousti-Top®	-	527 AHC		
			Eng Wood on Acousti- Top*		51º AIIC		
		1	None	49FASTC	45 ² AIIC		
		Maxion Acousti-Mat* % Premium	LVT	-	47° AliC		
			LVT on Acousti-Yop*	~	49º AIIC		
			None	454	394	15	
			LVT	481	474	16	
CLT 5-bly		And the second second	LVT Plus	485	491	58	
(6.875"]		USG SAM N25 Ultra	Eng Wood	471	474	59	
Annual P			Carpet + Pad	45*	679	60	
			Ceramic Tile	501	46°	61	
			None	450	421	15	
	1-1/2" Leveltock" Brand 2500		LVT	480	441	16	
		Promise and a second	LVT Plus	481	479	58	
		Soprema* Insonomat	Eng Wood	47	45°	59	
			Carpet + Pad	456	714	60	
			Ceramic Tile	50°	461	61	
			None	450	381	15	
		Videous Dieses	LVT	48%	471	16	
		USG SAM N75 Ultra	LVT Plus	480	494	.58	
			Eng Wood	47%	494	59	

FIRE RESISTANCE, CONSTRUCTION TYPE, GRID

	Construction Type (All Sprinklered Values)							
	IV-A	IV-B	IV-C	IV-HT	III-A	III-B	V-A	V-B
Occupancies	ncies Allowable Building Height above Grade Plane, Feet (IBC Table 504.3)						,	
A, B, R	270	180	85	85	85	85	70	60
		Allowabl	e Number o	f Stories abo	ove Grade P	lane (IBC T	able 505.4)	
A-2, A-3, A-4	18	12	6	4	4	3	3	2
В	18	12	9	6	6	4	4	3
R-2	18	12	8	5	5	5	4	3
		Allow	able Area F	actor (At) fo	or SM, Feet	(IBC Table	e 506.2)	
A-2, A-3, A-4	135,000	90,000	56,250	45,000	42,000	28,500	34,500	18,000
В	324,000	216,000	135,000	108,000	85,500	57,000	54,000	27,000
R-2	184,500	123,000	76,875	61,500	72,000	48,000	36,000	21,000

Panel	Example Floor Span Ranges				
3-ply CLT (4-1/8" thick)	Up to 12 ft				
5-ply CLT (6-7/8" thick)	14 to 17 ft				
7-ply CLT (9-5/8")	17 to 21 ft				
2x4 NLT	Up to 12 ft				
2x6 NLT	10 to 17 ft				
2x8 NLT	14 to 21 ft				
5" MPP	10 to 15 ft				





The challenge is not in learning how to accept change, but in how to orchestrate the most efficient change



Carbon12, Portland, OR Credit: Kaiser + Path





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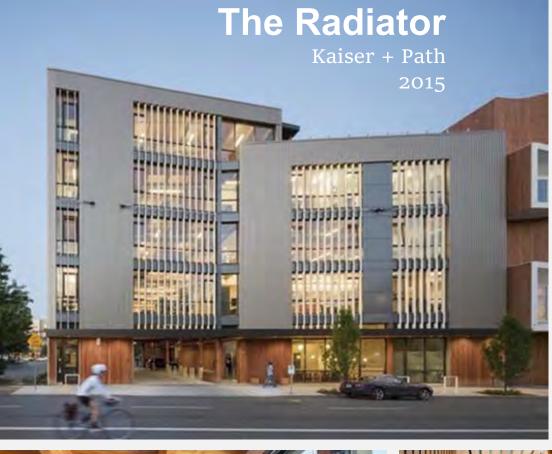


in Mass Timber and Light-Frame Hybrid Systems in Multi-Family Buildings: **THE CANYONS**

Disclaimer: This presentation was developed by a third party and is not funded by WoodWorks or the Softwood Lumber Board.

Scott Noble, AIA scott@kaiserpath.com

Kaiser + Path July 14, 2021







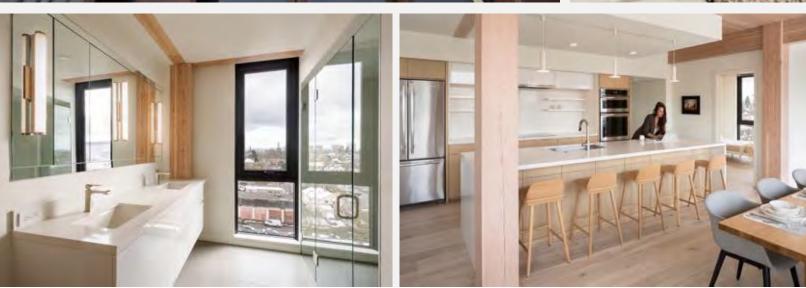




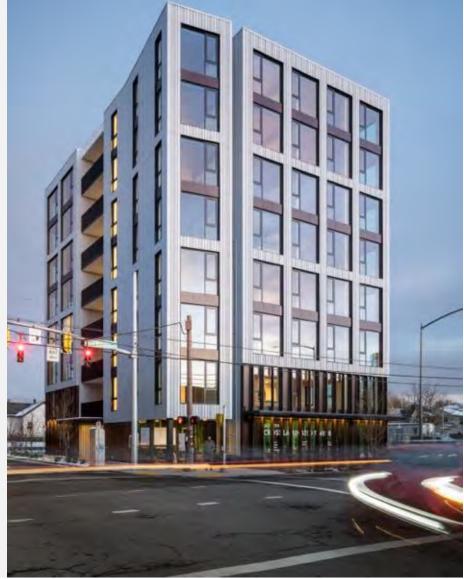




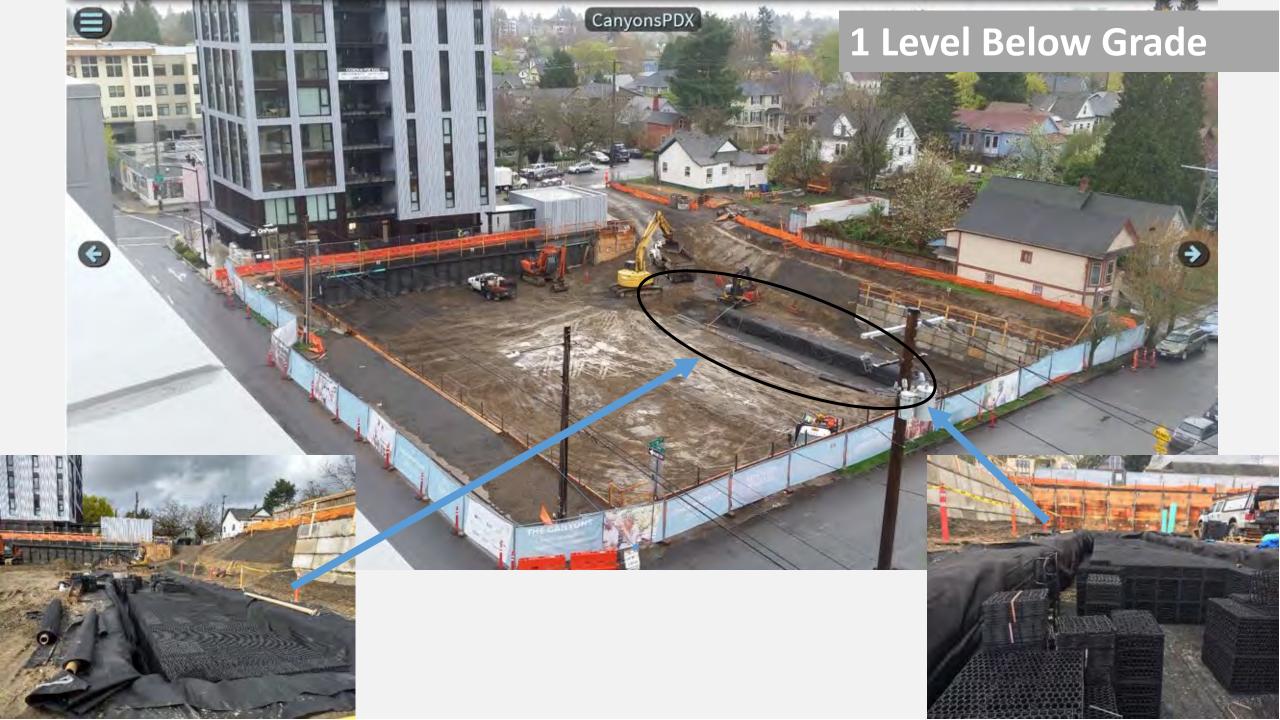




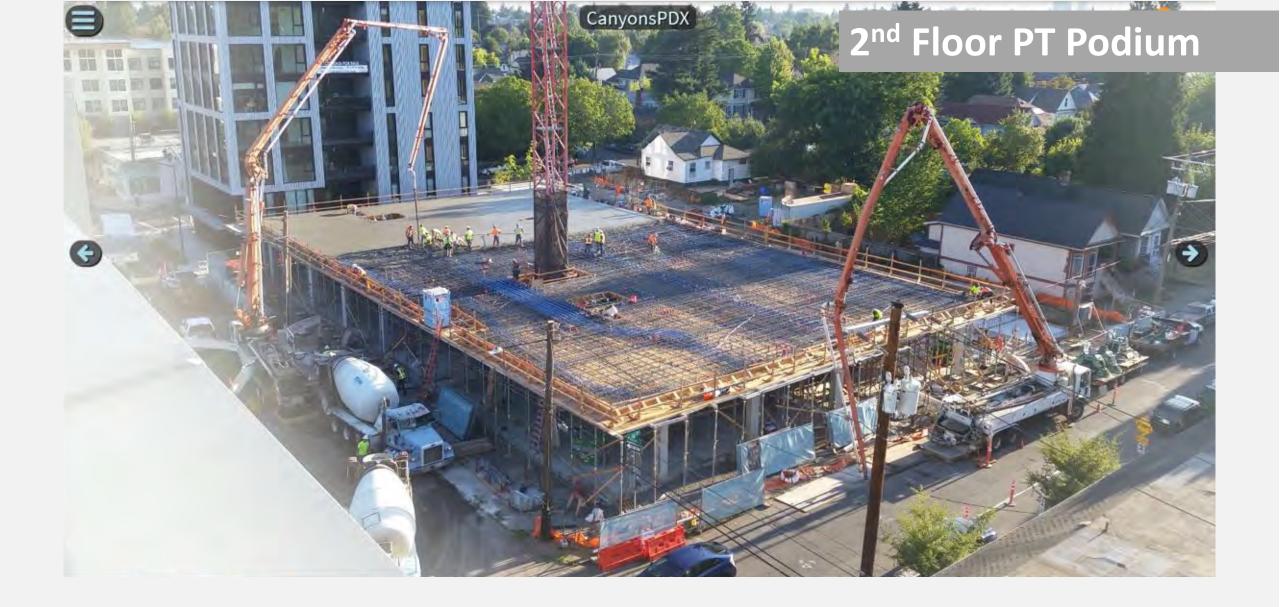
Tallest Mass Timber Structure in the United States. ...as of now



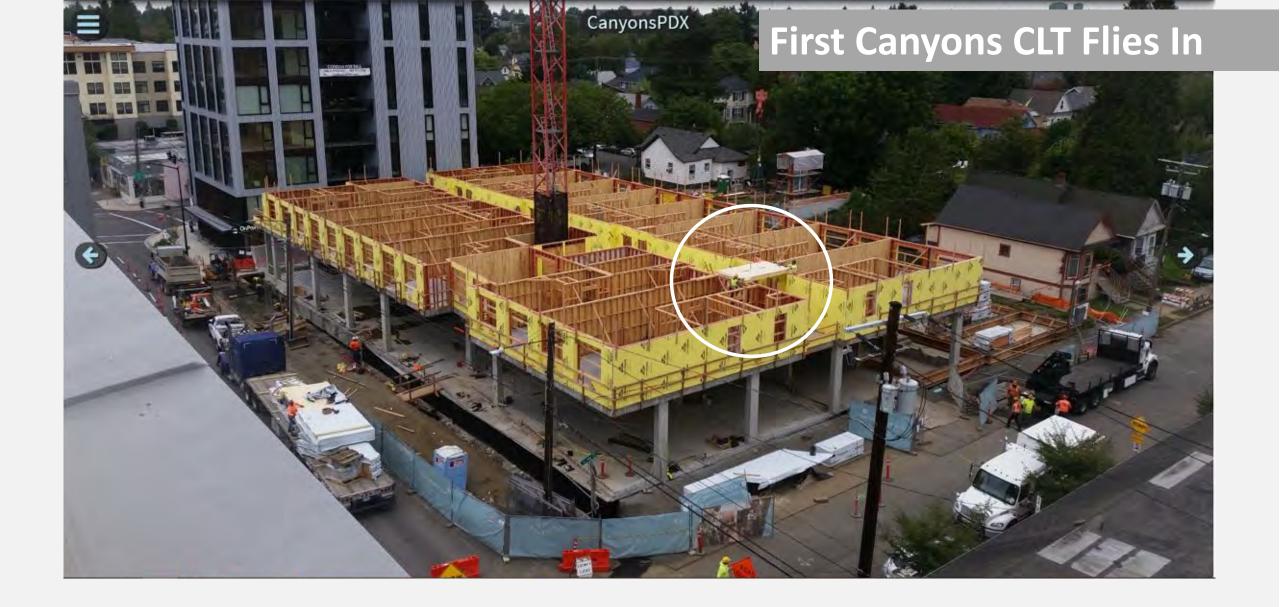


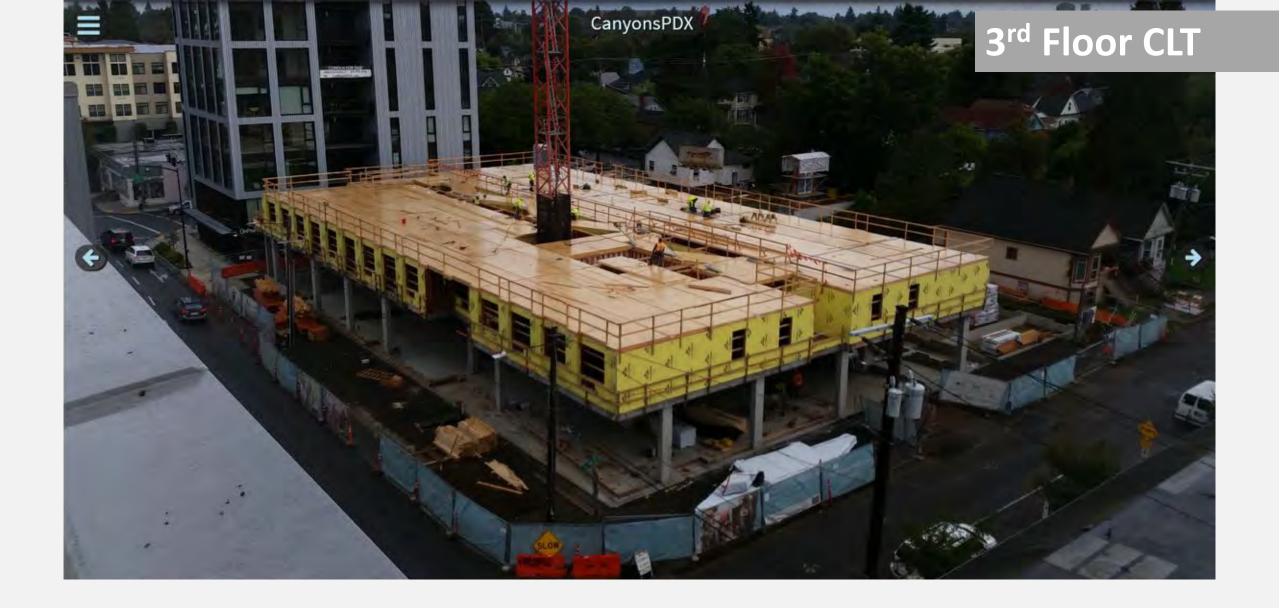


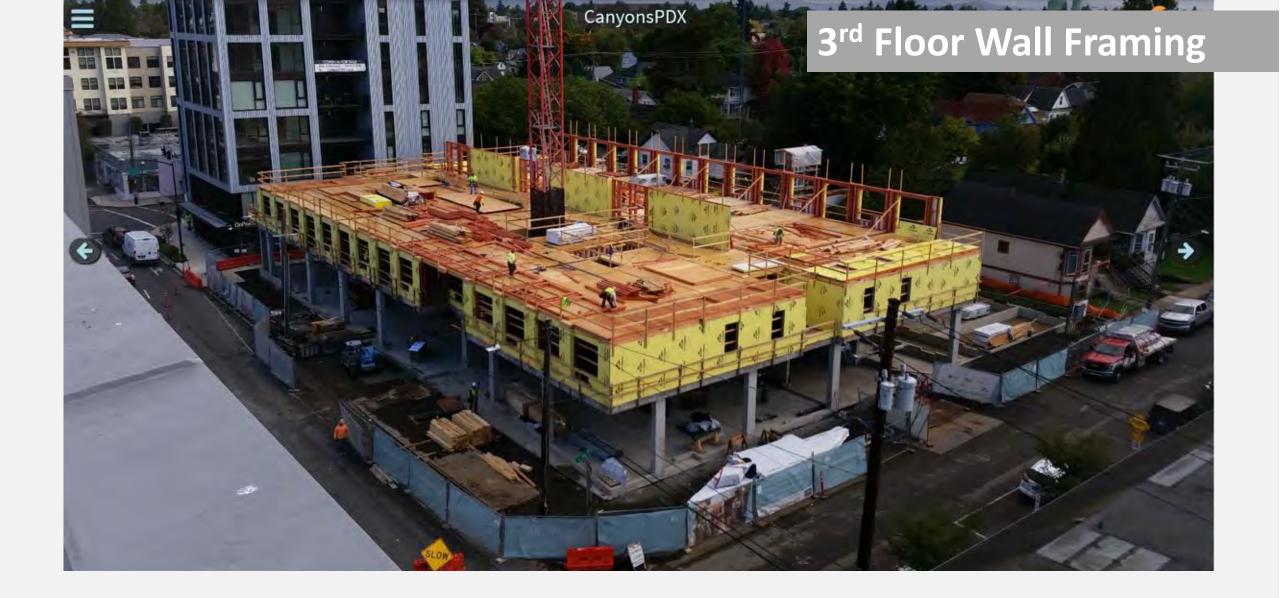




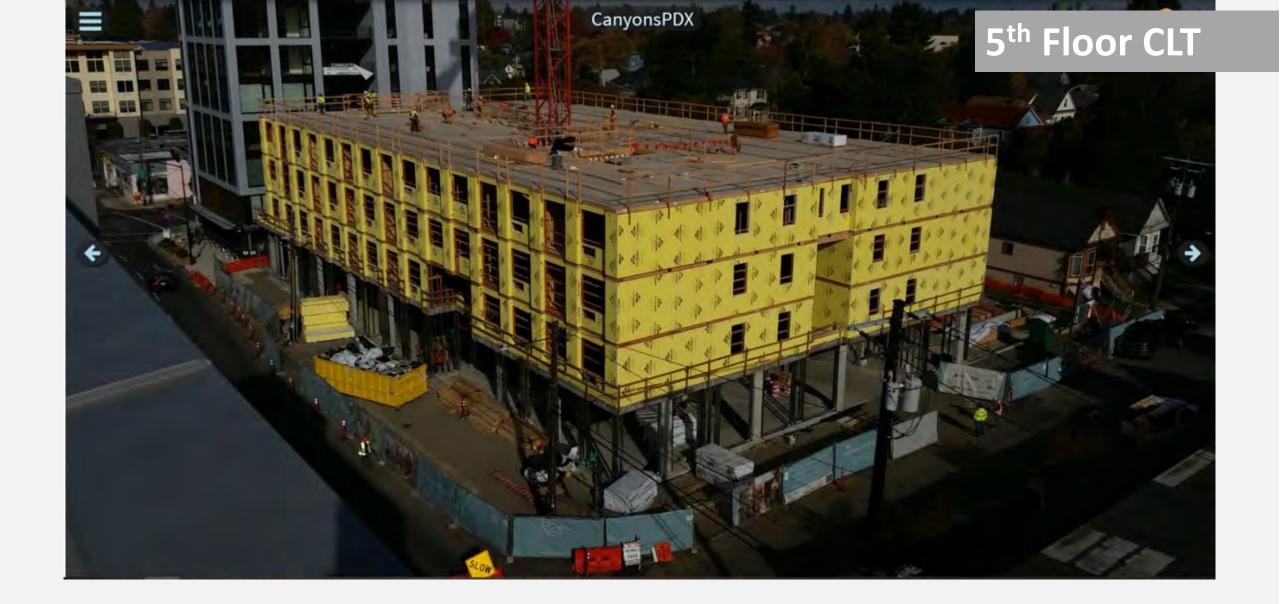




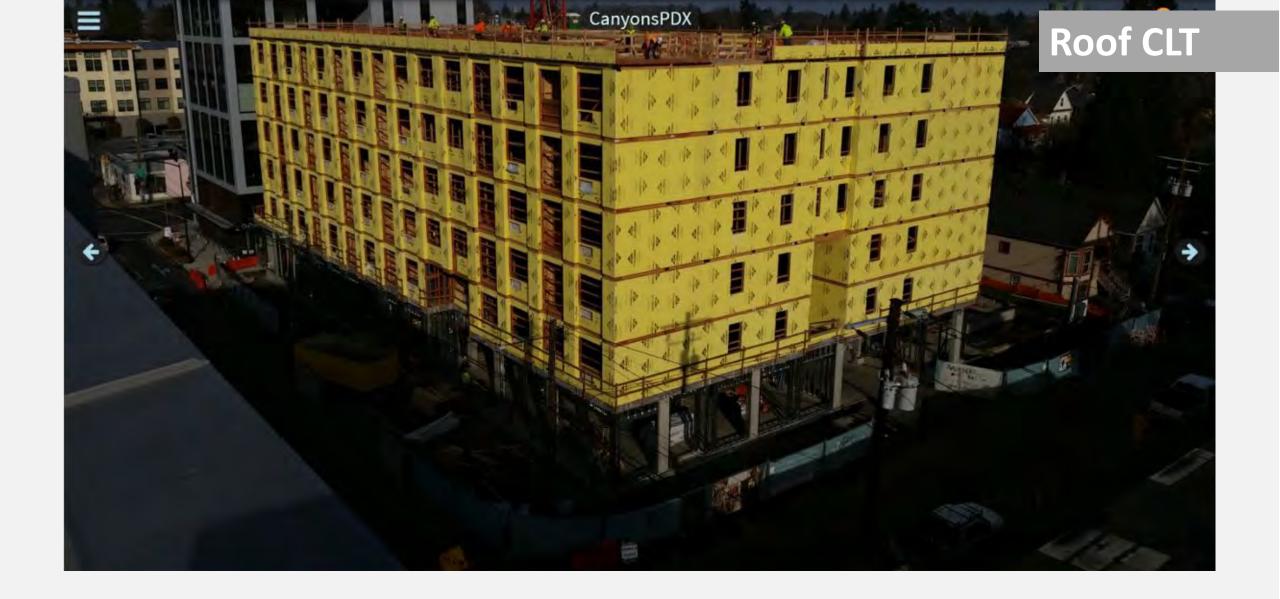


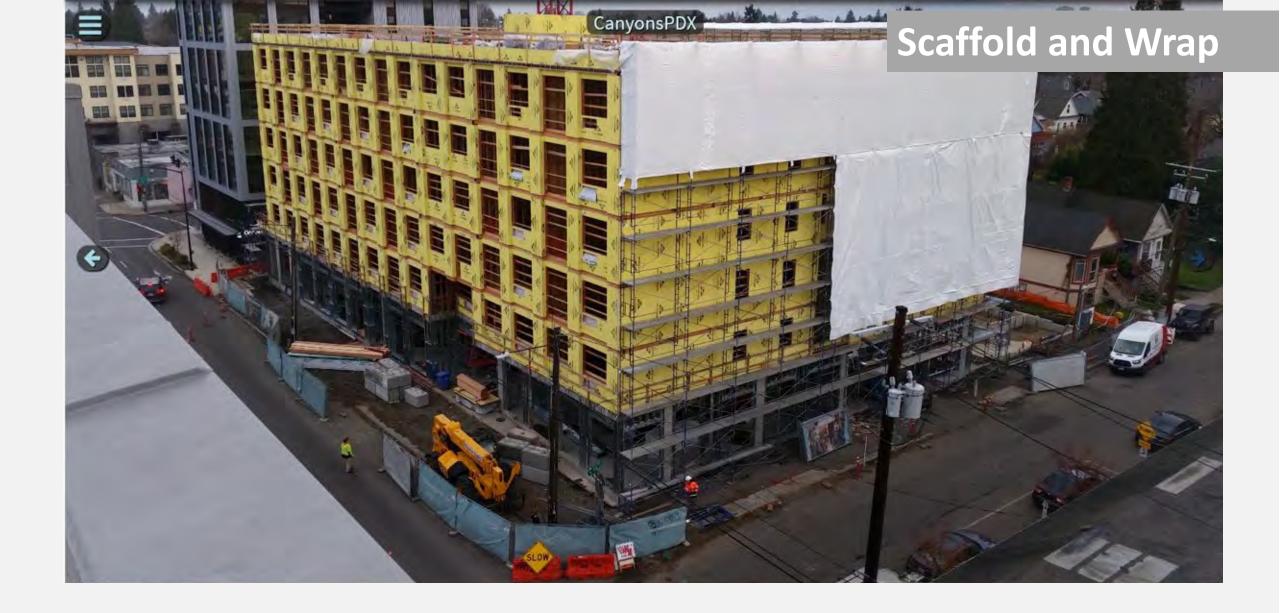


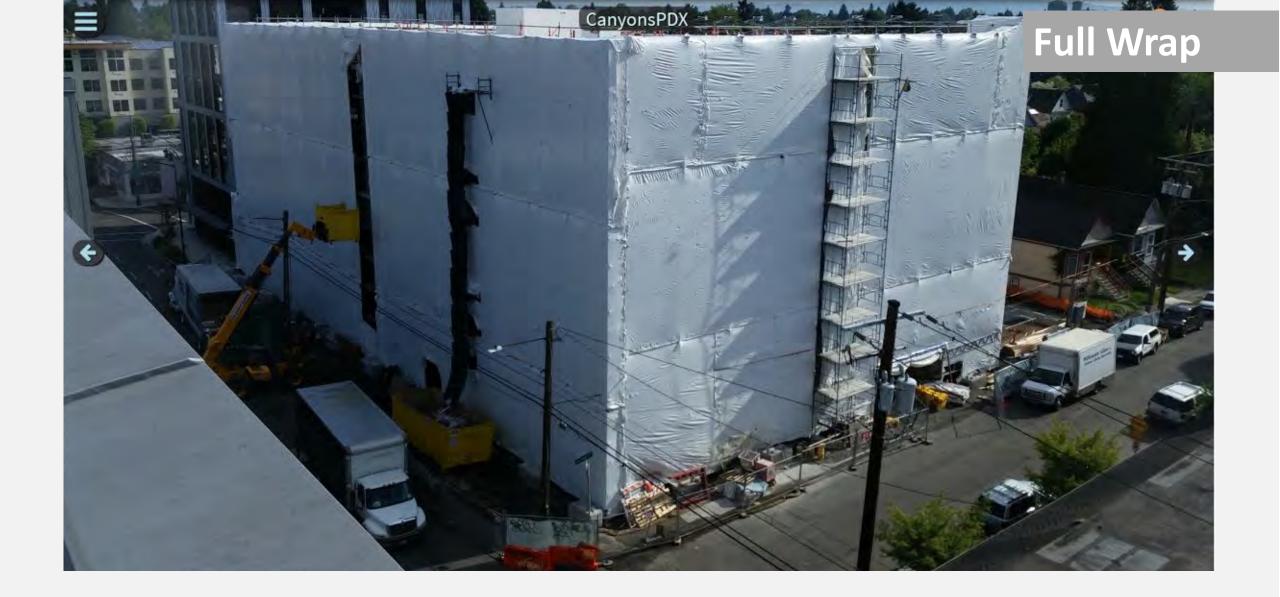


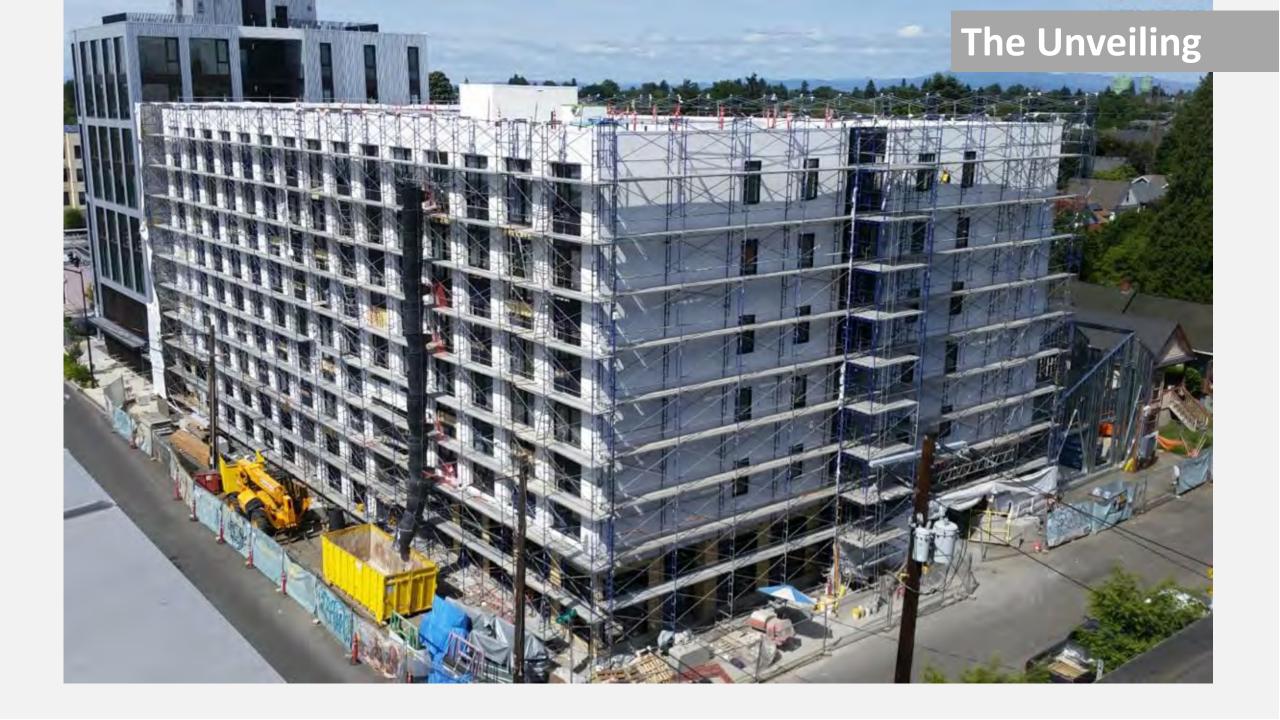


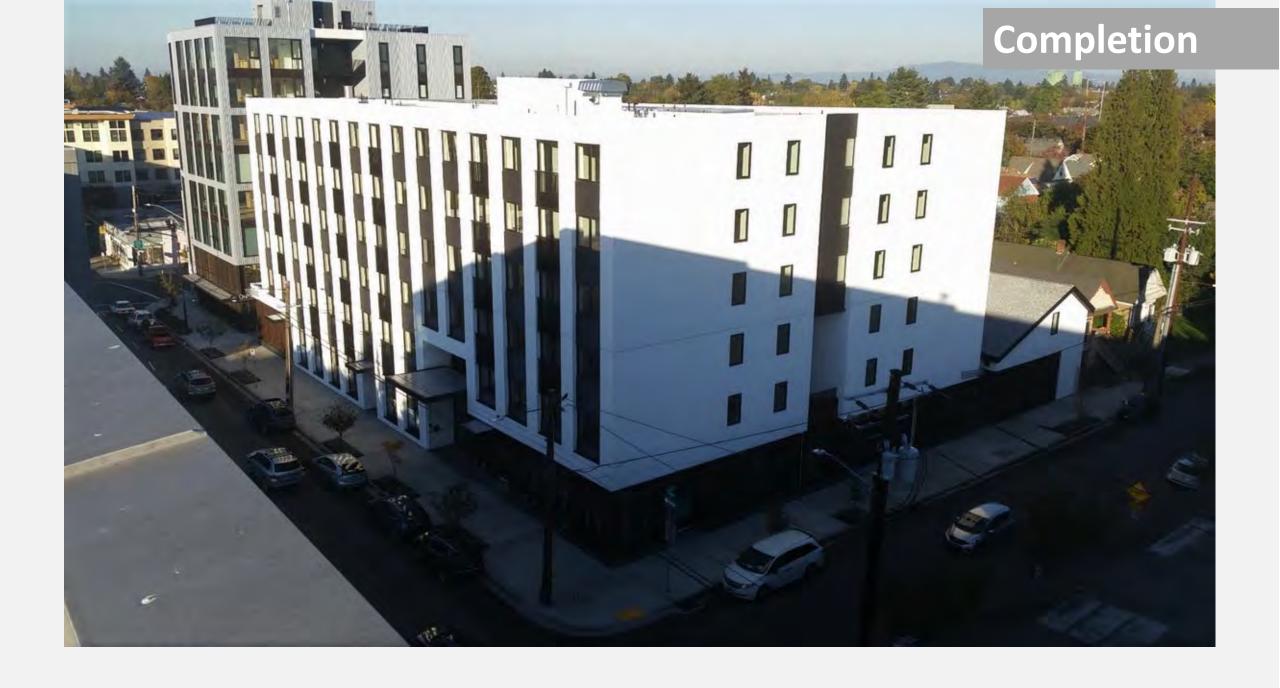








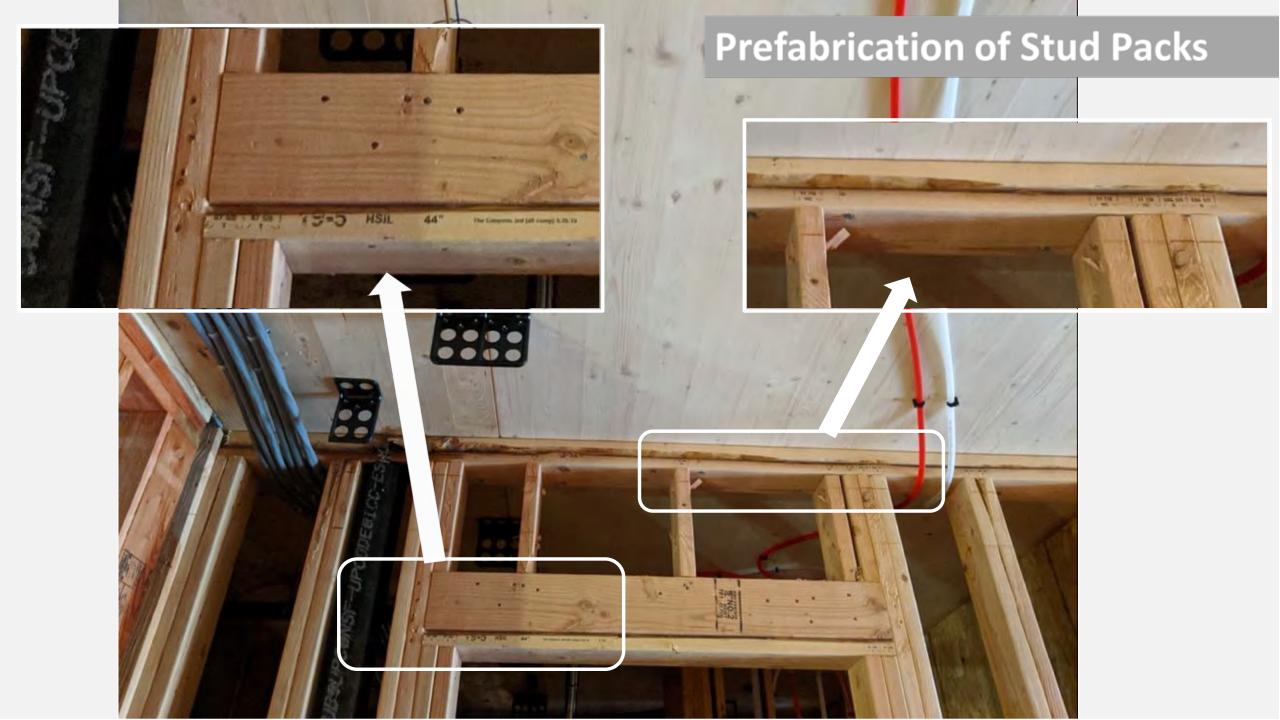












Anchor Bolts and Full Height Hold Downs



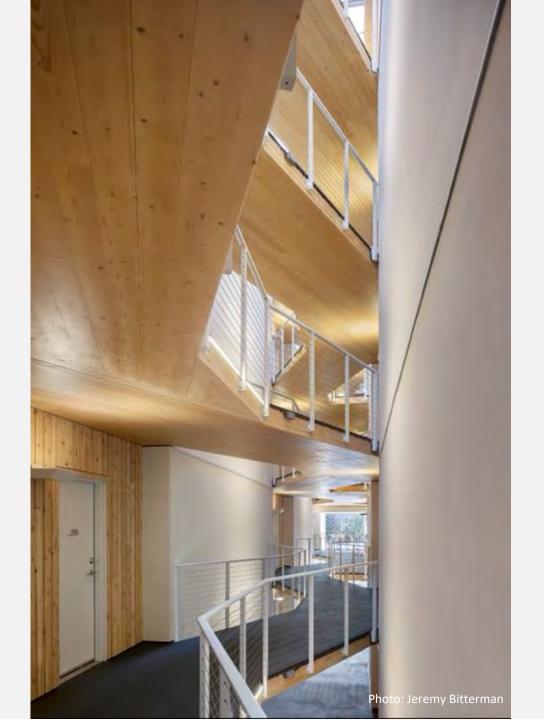


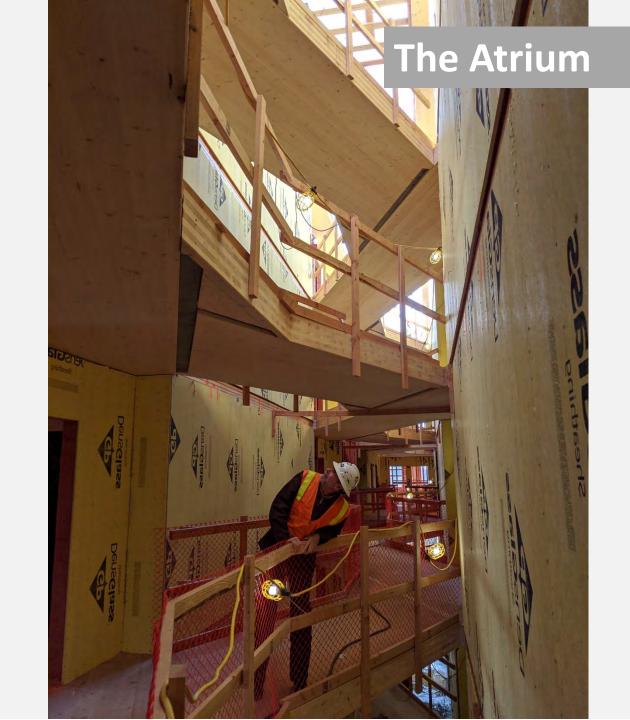












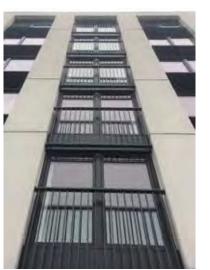














COST

VALUE

Material
Labor
General Conditions
Overhead
Contingency
Escalation

Construction Duration
Loan Rates
Leasability
Leasing Rates
Value at Sale
Market Differentiation



Building Value vs Building Cost.





Base Design – All CLT floor

- 5 ply 139V CLT panels at 10' spans
- 5 ply 175E CLT panels at 20' spans
- Drywall soffits where required to provide horizontal MEP chases (highlighted areas)

Building Value vs Building Cost.





Partial Change to Light Framing

Delete 139V CLT at 10' spans

Savings in Plumbing

I-Joist framing at all 10' spans

Additional soffits (frame/gwb/paint)

3 weeks added general conditions

SUB TOTAL ADD

3 weeks added carrying costs

TOTAL BUILDING COST ADD

save \$320,000 save \$49,600 add \$223,200

add \$179,200

add \$48,800

\$81,600

add \$60,000

\$141,600

Building Value vs Building Cost.



Delete all CLT

Savings in Plumbing

I-Joist framing throughout

Additional soffits (frame/gwb/paint)

5 weeks added general conditions

SUB TOTAL BUILDING COST SAVINGS

5 weeks added carrying cost

TOTAL BUILDING COST SAVINGS

Building Value vs Building Cost.

The Canyons – CLT vs Light Framing

save \$1,194,500 save \$49,600 add \$440,500 add \$344,000 add \$81,000

\$378,600

add \$100,000

\$278,600



TOTAL BUILDING COST SAVINGS

save \$278,600

Value Lost

- Ceiling height reduced 6" or building height decreased by 30"
- Potential to loose a floor. We are at max height limit.
- Loss of exposed wood ceilings.
- Lower lease rates
- Market differentiation

Building Value vs Building Cost.



TOTAL BUILDING COST SAVINGS

save \$278,600

Value Lost

- \$0.12 / sf apartment lease reduction (3 ½%)
- \$7,668 / monthly gross rental income reduction
- \$92,255 / year gross rental income reduction

Building Value vs Building Cost.



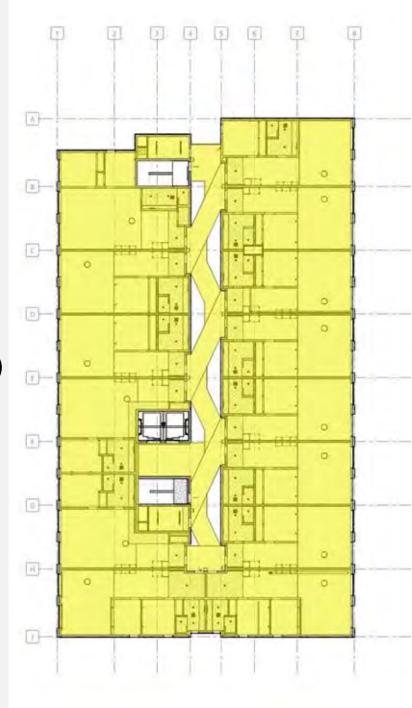
TOTAL BUILDING COST SAVINGS

save \$278,600

Value Lost

- \$0.12 / sf apartment lease reduction (3 1/2%)
- \$7,668 / monthly gross rental income reduction
- \$92,225 / year gross rental income reduction
- \$1,752,843 value loss at sale (5.0% cap, year 0)

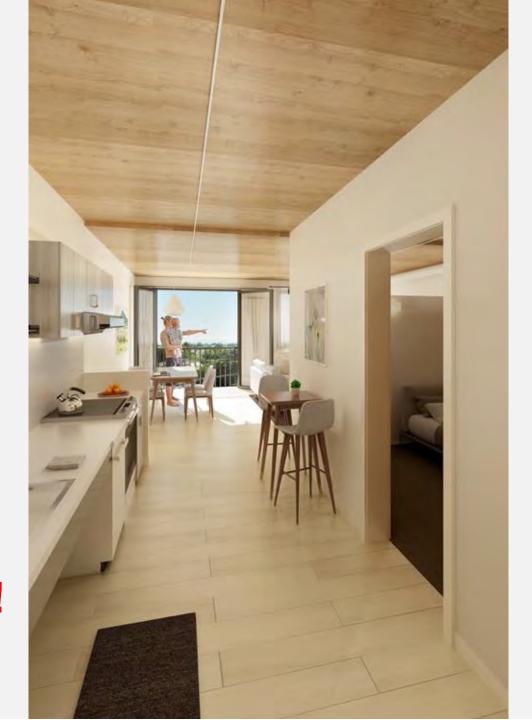
Building Value vs Building Cost.





Building Value vs Building Cost.

The Canyons – CLT WINS!!



A Drag Race: CLT vs PT Concrete



L2 Post-Tension Concrete Slab Day 1



L4 Cross-Laminated Timber Panels & Light Frame Walls
Day 1

The Canyons Portland, OR



thank

you

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Come Build With Us www.kaiserpath.com

Interested in The Canyons www.thecanyonspdx.com

It's Built for Speed . . .
Watch the Concrete vs CLT Drag Race:
www.kaiserpath.com/why-wood